State Court Caseload Statistics, 1999-2000

Supplement to Examining the Work of State Courts, 1999-2000

Compiled by Melissa T. Cantrell, Carol R. Flango, and Karen Gillions Way

Court Statistics Project Staff

Brian J. Ostrom Fred Cheesman
Director Research Associate

Thomas Cohen Carol R. Flango
Research Associate Senior Research Associate

Ann M. Jones Neal B. Kauder
Senior Research Associate Consultant, VisualResearch

Robert C. LaFountain Nicole L. Mott
Research Analyst Research Associate

Karen Gillions Way
Research Analyst
Program Specialist

A joint project of the Conference of State Court Administrators, the State Justice Institute, the Bureau of Justice Statistics, and the National Center for State Courts' Court Statistics Project. Copyright 2000 National Center for State Courts ISBN 0-89656-209-3

Suggested Citation:

Court Statistics Project, *State Court Caseload Statistics*, 1999-2000 (National Center for State Courts 2000)

This report was developed under Grant SJI-91-N-007-O00-1 from the State Justice Institute and the Bureau of Justice Statistics. Points of view are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position or policies of the State Justice Institute or the Bureau of Justice Statistics.

Conference of State Court Administrators' Court Statistics Committee

J. Denis Moran (1983 to present), Chairman, Director of State Courts, Wisconsin

William J. O'Brien (1994 to present), Vice-chairman, State Court Administrator, Iowa

Frank Broccolina (2000-present), State Court Administrator, Maryland

Michael L. Buenger (2000-present), State Court Administrator, Missouri

Patrick A. Chenovick (2000), State Court Administrator, Montana

John A. Clarke (1988 to present), Executive Officer/Clerk, Los Angeles Superior Court

Hugh M. Collins (1982 to present), Judicial Administrator, Louisiana

Howard W. Conyers (1990 to present), Administrative Director of the Courts, Oklahoma

Marc Galanter (1986 to present), Eviue-Bascom Professor of Law, University of Wisconsin

Donald D. Goodnow (2000-present), State Court Administrator, New Hampshire

Daniel J. Hall (1990 to present), Director of Planning and Analysis, Office of the State Court Administrator, Colorado

Judge Aaron Ment (1991 to present), Chief Court Administrator (retired), Connecticut

John T. Olivier (1991 to present), Clerk, Supreme Court of Louisiana

Howard P. Schwartz (1992 to present), Judicial Administrator, Kansas

Joseph C. Steele (1999 to present), State Court Administrator, Nebraska

Patricia Tobias (1999 to present), Administrative Director of the Courts, Idaho

Robert Wessels (1995 to present), Court Manager, County Criminal Courts at Law, Houston, Texas

National Center for State Courts' Board of Directors

Chief Justice Gerald W. VandeWalle, Chairperson, Supreme Court of North Dakota

Chief Judge Annice M. Wagner, Chairperson-Elect, District of Columbia Court of Appeal

David K. Byers, Vice-Chairperson, Administrative Director, Supreme Court of Arizona

Judge Roberto A. Arias, Duval County, Jacksonville, Florida

Byron Attridge, King and Spalding, Atlanta, Georgia

Mercedes M. Bauermeister, Administrative Director, Supreme Court of Puerto Rico

Frank Broccolina, State Court Administrator, Maryland

Chief Judge Kevin S. Burke, Hennepin County District Court, Minnesota

Howard W. Convers, Administrative Director of the Courts, Oklahoma

Justice William Cousins, Illinois Appellate Court

Justice Ann K. Covington, Supreme Court of Missouri

Gordon M. Griller, Court Administrator, Maricopa County Superior Court, Arizona

Judge Elizabeth Keever, 12th Judicial District, Fayetteville, North Carolina

Jack B. Middleton, McLane, Graf, Rauleron, & Middleton, Manchester, New Hampshire

Presiding Judge Gayle A. Nachtigal, Circuit Court of Washington County, Oregon

Dwight Opperman, Key Investment, Inc., Minneapolis, Minnesota

Kenneth R. Palmer, State Court Administrator, Supreme Court of Florida

Louise M. Parent, Executive Vice-President and General Counsel, American Express Company, New York, New York

Judge Michael S. Spearman, King County Superior Court, Seattle, Washington

Carroll D. Stevens, Associate Dean, Yale Law School, New Haven, Connecticut

Judge Sandra Ann Thompson, Los Angeles Municipal Court, Torrance, California

Chief Justice E. Norman Veasey, Supreme Court of Delaware

Ruth Walsh McIntyre, Seattle, Washington

Roger K. Warren, President, National Center for State Courts, Williamsburg, Virginia

Chief Justice Daniel E. Wathen, Supreme Judicial Court of Maine

Robert Wessels, Court Manager, County Criminal Courts at Law, Houston, Texas

Acknowledgments

The members of the Court Statistics Project (CSP) gratefully acknowledge assistance and guidance from throughout the state court community. Our main debt of gratitude is to the state court administrators, the appellate court clerks, and their staffs who have provided the bulk of the information included in *Examining the Work of State Courts*, 1999-2000 and *State Court Caseload Statistics*, 1999-2000. They have been consistently patient and helpful in answering written and telephone inquiries for more data or for explanations of the data provided. We owe a special debt of gratitude to the staff members of the administrative offices of the courts and of the appellate courts who serve as contact persons between their offices and the Court Statistics Project.

The content and design of all products produced by the CSP benefit greatly from the guidance of the 17 members of the Conference of State Court Administrators' Court Statistics Committee. The committee members have given generously of their time, talent, and experience, and their participation has been invaluable to project staff.

The Court Statistics Project is funded through the generous support of the State Justice Institute and the Bureau of Justice Statistics. It should be noted that the points of view stated in *Examining the Work of State Courts, 1999-2000* and *State Court Caseload Statistics, 1999-2000* are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the policies of either agency. However, the authors wish to acknowledge the guidance and support provided by Pamela Bulloch and Sandra Thurston, the project monitors at the State Justice Institute, and Marika Litras, the project monitor at the Bureau of Justice Statistics.

A special thanks to Sherry Keesee for her assistance in updating and formatting *State Court Caseload Statistics*, 1999-2000.

Responsibility for the information and the analysis reported in this document rests fully with the Court Statistics Project staff. The more general responsibility for developing the CSP products and promoting improvements to court statistics is shared with the National Center for State Courts' management and the COSCA Court Statistics Committee.

Preface

The Court Statistics Project makes information available in three distinct formats that we believe best serve the needs of the project's constituents. *State Court Caseload Statistics, 1999-2000* is designed to provide specific information about particular court systems. This volume offers all interested parties high-quality, baseline information on state court structure, jurisdiction, reporting practices, and caseload volume and trends. The information assembled in this product will be especially helpful to people interested in doing their own cross-state comparisons or in examining the implications of caseload volume on the work and resource needs of specific state courts. For those wishing to brush up on the uses of these data, the Introduction provides an overview of applications, ingredients, and interpretation of state court caseload statistics. This information is also available through the Inter-University Consortium or to anyone who requests a copy of the publication from the Court Statistics Project.

A second publication, *Examining the Work of State Courts*, 1999-2000, provides a readable overview, with easy-to-understand graphics and tables, of current state court activity and trends. The goal of this work is to provide a comprehensive yet nontechnical presentation of the demands currently being placed on state courts and the evolution of caseloads over time. Judges, policymakers, and practitioners will find this document useful for a range of planning and research needs, as well as for gaining a greater appreciation for the business of state courts.

Finally, the *State Court Organization* series provides an exhaustive compilation of information on state court structure and operations. The latest volume, the fourth in the series, complements, and extends the information on court jurisdiction and reporting practices provided here. The newest edition covers most of the topics included in the 1993 edition, but also covers new topics as well. Notable additions are tables on court automation, specialized courts, the administrative authority of presiding trial court judges, and the processing of domestic violence cases. A table of contents for *State Court Organization*, *1998* is reprinted at the back of this volume.

Introduction

Using State Court Caseload Statistics

This introduction provides an overview of the uses, ingredients, and interpretation of state court caseload statistics. This examination is offered at a time of significant improvements in the quality of court statistics in general and in the comparability of those statistics across the states in particular. To help realize the potential of caseload statistics, this document considers three main questions: Why are caseload statistics useful? What are their ingredients? How can they address practical problems?

This is not a "technical" document. Although it is assumed that the reader has an interest in what courts are doing, there is no expectation of statistical expertise. Moreover, virtually all courts and states currently possess the information required to use caseload statistics. A count of the number of cases filed and disposed by month, quarter, or year is all that is needed to get started. Part of the message, however, is that with a small additional investment in effort, the potential exists to appreciably enhance a court's capacity to identify and solve emerging problems and to present the case for the court system's achievements and resource needs authoritatively.

Why Are Caseload Statistics Useful?

Argued in abstract, caseload statistics are important because they are analogous to the financial information business firms use to organize their operations. Because a court case is the one common unit of measurement available to all court managers, caseload statistics are the single best way to describe what courts are doing currently and to predict what they will do.

The pragmatic justification for caseload statistics is more compelling. Few would argue that the state courts are currently funded at a generous level. State budget offices routinely cast a cold eye on requests for additional judgeships, court support staff, or court facilities. Because the executive and legislative branches of the government are sophisticated producers and consumers of statistics, comparable expertise is needed by the judicial branch. Skillfully deployed caseload statistics provide powerful evidence for justifying claims to needed resources.

In response to perceived difficulties in using caseload statistics, it must be noted that they are simply counts of court activity. They are not inherently complex or obscure. The day-to-day activities of most court systems can generate the basic information that translates into caseload statistics. No extraordinary effort is required.

Like other statistics, however, caseload statistics are susceptible to twists and turns that can mislead or distort. Those twists and turns become particularly troublesome when comparisons are made across courts in any one state or among states. Yet, valid comparisons are potentially powerful tools for managing a court system, for determining and justifying the need for additional resources, and for planning.

For the rational study of the law the blackletter man may be the man of the present, but the man of the future is the man of statistics and the master of economics.¹

¹ Oliver Wendell Holmes, Jr., "The Path of the Law," *Harvard Law Review* 10 (1897), 457, 469.

Frequent reference is made throughout this report to a model approach for collecting and using caseload information.² The Conference of State Court Administrators (COSCA) and the National Center for State Courts (NCSC) jointly developed that approach over the last 21 years. The key to the approach is comparison: comparison among states and comparison over time. The COSCA/NCSC approach makes comparison possible, although at times it highlights some aspects that remain problematic when building a comprehensive statistical profile of the work of state appellate and trial courts nationally.

What Are the Ingredients of Caseload Statistics?

Five types of information are required for efficient caseload statistics: (1) counts of pending, filed, and disposed cases; (2) the method by which the count is taken (i.e., the unit of count that constitutes a case and the point at which the count is taken); (3) the composition of the counting categories (the specific types of cases that are included); (4) court structure and jurisdiction to decide cases; and (5) statistical adjustments that enhance the comparability and usefulness of case counts.

Counts are taken of the number of cases that are pending at the start of a reporting period, the number of cases filed during the period, the number of cases disposed during the period, and the number of cases left pending at the end of the period. Counts of caseloads are typically organized according to the major types of cases (civil, criminal, juvenile, traffic/other ordinance violations). However, there is still only limited uniformity among the states in the degree of detail or the specific case categories used despite the direction offered by the *State Court Model Statistical Dictionary*.

Methods for taking counts vary. The greatest variation occurs in what, precisely, a court counts as a case. Some courts actually count the number of a particular kind of document, such as an indictment in a criminal case. There is also variation in the point in the litigation process when the count is taken. For example, some appellate courts count cases when the notice of appeal is filed, others when the trial court record is filed, and still others when both the trial record and briefs are filed with the court.

Composition refers to the construction of caseload reporting categories that contain similar types of cases for which counts are taken of pending, filed, or disposed cases. Once a standard is defined for the types of cases that belong in a category, it becomes possible to compare court caseloads. The standard adopted by the Court Statistics Project is defined in the *State Court Model Statistical Dictionary*.

A count can be complete, meaning that it includes all of the types of cases in the definition; incomplete in that it omits some case types that should be included; overinclusive in that it includes some case types that should not be included; or both incomplete and overinclusive. For instance, the model approach treats an accusation of driving while intoxicated (DWI/DUI) as part of a court's criminal caseload. If a state includes such offenses with traffic cases rather than criminal cases, the criminal caseload statistics will be incomplete and the traffic caseload statistics will be overinclusive.

² The current status of that approach is elaborated in the *State Court Model Statistical Dictionary* (1989 edition).

Court structure and jurisdiction to decide cases indicate whether a count includes all of the relevant cases for a given locality or state. Two or more courts in a jurisdiction may share the authority to decide a particular type of case. Thus, in many states, both a court of general jurisdiction and a court of limited jurisdiction may hear misdemeanor cases. Similarly, complaints in torts or contracts below a set maximum dollar amount can often be filed in either court.

In some courts, jurisdiction is restricted to specific proceedings. An example is a preliminary hearing in a lower court to determine whether a defendant should be bound over for trial in the court of general jurisdiction.

Information on court structure and jurisdiction is therefore essential to the use of any state's caseload statistics. Each state has established various levels and types of courts. The lack of uniformity in court structure and jurisdiction even extends to the names given to the courts of various levels. The supreme court in most states is the court of last resort, the appellate court with final jurisdiction over all appeals within the state. In New York, however, the title supreme court denotes the main general jurisdiction trial court. A knowledge of court structure and jurisdiction is necessary before one can determine whether like is being compared to like.

Adjustments help make counts of cases more interpretable. Case filings per 100,000 population provide a standard measure of caseload levels that adjusts for differences in population among the states. The number of case dispositions as a percentage of case filings in a given time period offers a clearance rate, a summary measure of whether a court or state is keeping up with its incoming caseload. The number of case filings or case dispositions per judge is a useful expression of the workload confronting a court.

Such simple adjustments transform counts of cases into comparable measures of court activity. It is also possible to make adjustments to counts of cases to estimate the impact of missing information or to make allowances for differences in methods of count used by state courts. Other calculations reveal important aspects of court activity. For example, the percentage of petitions granted by an appellate court indicates how many cases will be heard on the merits, which require briefing and oral arguments or other steps that create substantial demands on court time and resources.

How Should Caseload Statistics Be Used to Solve Problems?

Caseload statistics can form a response to certain types of problems that courts face. One set of problems relates to the volume of cases that a court must hear and to the composition of that caseload. Drug cases offer an example. Have drug filings risen more rapidly than other types of criminal cases? Are drug cases more likely to be disposed at trial than other felonies? Do they take longer to resolve in the trial court? How common is it for drug cases to be appealed? How does the trend in drug filings in one section of the country compare with trends in other regions?

A related set of problems revolves around the adequacy of court resources. How many cases are typically handled by a judge in the state courts? As caseloads continue to rise, have judicial resources kept pace? Is the provision of judicial support staff in one state adequate when compared to the staff in another state with comparable filings or dispositions per judge?

A third set of problems relates to the pace of litigation. Are more new cases being filed annually than the court is disposing during the year, thus increasing the size of the pending caseload? How long do cases take to be resolved in the trial court? In the appellate court? What proportion of cases are disposed of within the court's or American Bar Association's time standards?

The model approach developed by COSCA and the NCSC answers such questions. Virtually all states, as well as many individual trial courts, publish their caseload statistics in annual reports. Yet the diverse methods that states employ to collect information on caseloads restrict the usefulness of the resulting information. It may seem as if courts in one state use the mark, others the yen, and still others the dollar. This approach looks at how caseload information can be organized nationally to address problems facing state court systems and individual courts.

Comparability

The caseload statistics from each state are collated into a coherent, comprehensive summary of all state court activity and published annually by the Court Statistics Project. The report contains tables, charts, and figures that are often lengthy and crowded with symbols and explanatory matter. This does not negate the underlying simplicity or usefulness of caseload statistics as counts of court activity.

The available statistics reflect the varied responses individual trial courts and states have made to practical problems such as what constitutes a case, whether to count a reopened case as a new filing, and whether a preliminary hearing binding a defendant over to a court of general jurisdiction is a case or merely an event equivalent to a motion.

Comparability is a more substantial issue than completeness. Seven reporting categories are used by the Court Statistics Project. Appellate caseloads are divided into mandatory and discretionary cases. Trial court caseloads are divided into criminal, nondomestic civil, domestic, juvenile, and traffic/other ordinance violation cases. Abbreviated definitions of these categories appear below.

APPELLATE COURT

mandatory case: appeals of right that the court must hear and decide on the merits

discretionary case: petitions requesting court review that, if granted, will result in the case being heard and decided on its merits

TRIAL COURT

nondomestic civil case: requests for an enforcement or protection of a right or the redress or prevention of a wrong (specific types of cases include tort, contract, real property rights, small claims, mental health, estate, and civil appeals)

domestic relations: a major classification of civil cases that includes cases involving family actions such as divorce, custody, paternity, adoption, interstate support, and domestic violence

criminal case: charges of a state law violation

juvenile petition: cases processed through the special procedures that a state established to handle matters relating to individuals defined as juvenile

traffic/other ordinance violation: charges that a traffic ordinance or city, town, or village ordinance was violated

These categories represent the lowest common denominator: what one can reasonably expect most states to provide.

The advent of automated information systems means that states increasingly collect more detailed information, distinguishing tort cases from other civil filings and personal injury cases from other tort filings. Similarly, some states distinguish between various types of felonies and misdemeanors within their criminal caseloads, including the separation of drug cases from others.

Another aspect of comparability is whether the caseload count from a particular court includes all the relevant cases for a given locality or state. In some states, one court may have complete jurisdiction over a particular type of case, while in others the jurisdiction is shared between two or more courts. For example, to get a complete count of discretionary filings at the appellate level, one may have to check the count only in the court of last resort (COLR) (states without an intermediate appellate court [IAC] or states where the IAC has only mandatory jurisdiction), or it may be necessary to examine both the COLR and the IAC (states that allocate discretionary jurisdiction to both the COLR and IAC). Therefore, when making comparisons with state court caseload statistics, one must have an awareness of the variation in court structure and jurisdiction.

The court structure charts summarize, in a one-page diagram, the key features of each state's court organization. The format meets two objectives: (1) it is comprehensive, indicating all court systems in the state and their interrelationship, and (2) it describes the jurisdiction of the court systems using a comparable set of terminology and symbols. The court structure charts employ the common terminology developed by the NCSC Court Statistics Project for reporting court statistics.

The charts identify all of the state courts in operation during the year and describe each court system's geographic and subject matter jurisdiction. The charts also provide basic descriptive information, such as the number of

authorized judicial posts and whether funding is primarily local or state. Routes of appeal are indicated by lines, with an arrow showing which court receives the appeal or petition.

Conclusion

Caseload statistics are less complex and more practical than often imagined. By following relatively simple steps, courts, state court administrative offices, trial court administrative offices, trial court administrators, and others can more effectively use the statistics that they currently produce. A useful point of reference when considering an upgrade to the quality and quantity of information currently being collected is the *State Court Model Statistical Dictionary*.

The flexibility and power of automated record systems mean that the information compiled nationally to describe state court caseloads is becoming more comparable year by year. Caseload data available for the 1990s will be significantly more comparable across the states than what has been published in the past. Differences among states in the criminal and juvenile unit of count will continue to make comparisons tentative for those cases. Still, those differences do not affect comparisons of clearance rates or of trends.

What can be done to realize the potential that caseload statistics offer for planning and policymaking? There are three priorities. First, reliable statistics on the size of the active pending caseload are needed. Unless courts routinely review their records to identify inactive cases, an accurate picture of their backlogs is not possible. Second, information on the number of cases that reach key stages in the adjudication process would be an important addition. How many "trial notes of issue" are filed in civil cases? In what proportion of civil cases is no answer ever filed by the defendant? Third, revisions to court record systems should consider the feasibility of including information on the workload burden being imposed on the court through pretrial conferences, hearings, and trial settings.

Accurate and comprehensive statistics are ultimately important because they form part of the currency when public policy is debated and decided in a "fact-minded culture." Those organizations and interests that master the statistics that describe their work and output are at an advantage in the competition for scarce public resources. The Court Statistics Project offers the state court community a resource for both examining itself and representing its case to the larger commonwealth.

Contents

v	Acknowledgme	ents
vii	Preface	
ix	Introduction	
ix	_	e Court Caseload Statistics
ix		Caseload Statistics Useful?
X		the Ingredients of Caseload Statistics?
xi 		d Caseload Statistics Be Used to Solve Problems?
xii xiv	Comparabi Conclusion	
1	State Court Str	ructure Charts
3	Understand	ling the Court Structure Charts
3		ate Courts
4	Trial C	
5	Symbo	ls and Abbreviations
61	Jurisdiction an	d State Court Reporting Practices
63	Figure A:	Reporting Periods for All State Courts, 1999
65	Figure B:	Methods of Counting Cases in State Appellate Courts, 1999
72	Figure C:	Dollar Amount Jurisdiction for Original Tort, Contract, Real Property Rights and Small Claims Filings in State Trial Courts, 1999
78	Figure D:	Criminal Case Unit of Count Used by State Trial Courts, 1999
84	Figure E:	Juvenile Unit of Count Used in State Trial Courts, 1999
89	Figure F:	State Trial Courts with Incidental Appellate Jurisdiction, 1999
95 97	Figure G: Figure H:	Number of Authorized Judges/Justices in State Courts, 1999 Method of Counting Civil Cases in State Trial Courts, 1999
103	State Court Ca	seload Tables
105	Table 1:	Reported National Caseload for State Appellate Courts, 1999.
103	Table 1.	Mandatory jurisdiction cases and discretionary jurisdiction petitions in courts of last resort and intermediate appellate courts.
106	Table 2:	Reported Total Caseload for All State Appellate Courts, 1999. Total mandatory cases, total discretionary petitions, and total discretionary petitions granted that are filed and disposed. The number of filed-per-judge figures for both the sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions, and the sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions granted. Court type and the point at which cases are counted.
117	Table 3:	Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Mandatory Cases in State Appellate Courts, 1999. Court type. Filed and disposed cases. Disposed as a percent of filed. Number of judges. Filed per judge. Filed per 100,000 total population.
123	Table 4:	Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Discretionary Petitions in State Appellate Courts, 1999. Court type. Filed and disposed cases. Disposed as a percent of filed. Number of judges. Filed per judge. Filed per 100,000 total population.

Tort Caseload in State Trial Courts of General Jurisdiction, 1990-1999.

194

Table 16:

Case filings, 1990-1999.

Appendix 1. Methodology
Court Statistics Project: Goals and Organization
Evolution of the Court Statistics Project
Sources of Data
Data Collection Procedures
Ongoing Data Collection
Supplementary Data Collection
Completeness
Comparability
Footnotes
Variations in Reporting Periods
Final Note
Appendix 2. Sources of 1999 State Court Caseload Statistics
Appendix 3. Prototypes of State Appellate Court and Trial Court Statistical Spreadsheets
Appendix 4. State Populations
Resident Population, 1999 Total State Population for Trend Tables, 1990-1999

State Court Structure Charts

Understanding the Court Structure Charts

The court structure charts summarize in a one-page diagram the key features of each state's court organization. The format meets two objectives: (1) it is comprehensive, indicating all court systems in the state and their interrelationship, and (2) it describes the jurisdiction of the court systems, using a standard set of terminology and symbols. The court structure charts employ the common terminology developed by the National Center for State Courts' Court Statistics Project for reporting caseload statistics.

The first chart is a prototype. It represents a state court organization in which there is one of each of the four court system levels recognized by the Court Statistics Project: courts of last resort, intermediate appellate courts, general jurisdiction trial courts, and limited jurisdiction trial courts. Routes of appeal from one court to another are indicated by lines, with an arrow showing which court receives the appeal or petition.

The charts also provide basic descriptive information, such as the number of authorized justices, judges, and magistrates (or other judicial officers). Each court system's subject matter jurisdiction is indicated using the Court Statistics Project case types. Information is also provided on the use of districts, circuits, or divisions in organizing the courts within the system and the number of courts.

The case types, which define a court system's subject matter jurisdiction, require the most explanation.

Appellate Courts

The rectangle representing each appellate court contains information on the number of authorized justices; the number of geographic divisions, if any; whether court decisions are made en banc, in panels, or both; and the Court Statistics Project case types that are heard by the court. The case types are shown separately for mandatory and discretionary cases. The case types themselves are defined in other Court Statistics Project publications, especially 1984 State Appellate Court Jurisdiction Guide for Statistical Reporting and State Court Model Statistical Dictionary: 1989 Edition.

An appellate court can have both mandatory and discretionary jurisdiction over the same Court Statistics Project case type. This arises, in part, because the Court Statistics Project case types are defined broadly to be applicable to every state's courts. There are, for example, only two appellate Court Statistics Project case types for criminal appeals: capital and noncapital. A court may have mandatory jurisdiction over felony cases, but discretionary jurisdiction over misdemeanors. The list of case types would include "criminal" for both mandatory and discretionary

jurisdiction. The duplication of a case type under both headings can also occur if appeals from one lower court for that case type are mandatory while appeals from another lower court are discretionary. Also, statutory provisions or court rules in some states automatically convert a mandatory appeal into a discretionary petition—for example, when an appeal is not filed within a specified time limit. A more comprehensive description of each appellate court's subject matter jurisdiction can be found in the 1984 State Appellate Court Jurisdiction Guide for Statistical Reporting.

Trial Courts

The rectangle representing each trial court also lists the applicable Court Statistics Project case types. These include civil, criminal, traffic/other violation, and juvenile. If a case type is simply listed, the court system shares jurisdiction over it with other courts. The presence of exclusive jurisdiction is always explicitly stated.

The absence of a case type from a list means that the court does not have that subject matter jurisdiction. The dollar amount jurisdiction is shown when there is an upper or a lower limit to the cases that can be filed in a court. A dollar limit is not listed if a court does not have a minimum or maximum dollar amount jurisdiction for general civil cases. In criminal cases, jurisdiction is distinguished between "felony," which means the court can try a felony case to verdict and sentencing, and "preliminary hearings," which applies to those limited jurisdiction courts that can conduct preliminary hearings that bind a defendant over for trial in a higher court.

Trial courts can have what is termed incidental appellate jurisdiction. The presence of such jurisdiction over the decisions of other courts is noted in the list of case types as either "civil appeals," "criminal appeals," or "administrative agency appeals." A trial court that hears appeals directly from an administrative agency has an "A" in the upper-right corner of the rectangle.

For each trial court, the chart states the authorized number of judges and whether the court can impanel a jury. The rectangle representing the court also indicates the number of districts, divisions, or circuits into which the court system is divided. These subdivisions are stated using the court system's own terminology. The descriptions, therefore, are not standardized across states or court systems.

Some trial courts are totally funded from local sources; others receive some form of state funds. Locally funded court systems are drawn with broken lines. A solid line indicates that some or all of the funding is derived from state funds.

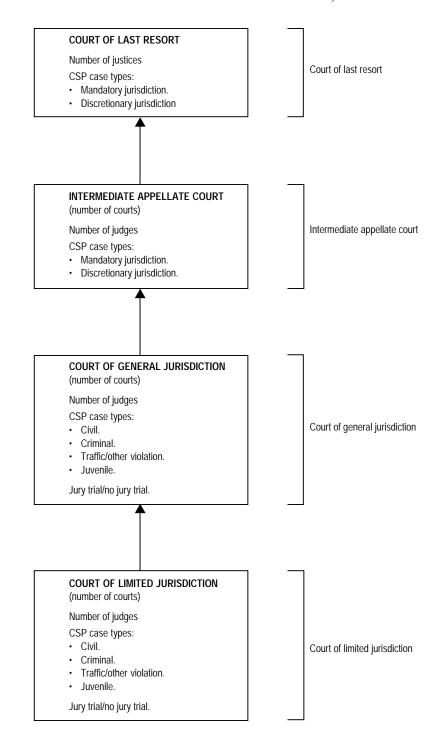
Symbols and Abbreviations

An "A" in the upper-right corner of a rectangle, representing either an appellate court or a trial court, indicates that the court receives appeals directly from the decision of an administrative agency. If "administrative agency appeals" is listed as a case type, the court hears appeals from decisions of another court on an administrative agency's actions. It is possible for a court to have both an "A" designation and to have "administrative agency appeals" listed as a case type. Such a court hears appeals directly from an administrative agency ("A") and has appellate jurisdiction over the decision of a lower court that has already reviewed the decision of the administrative agency.

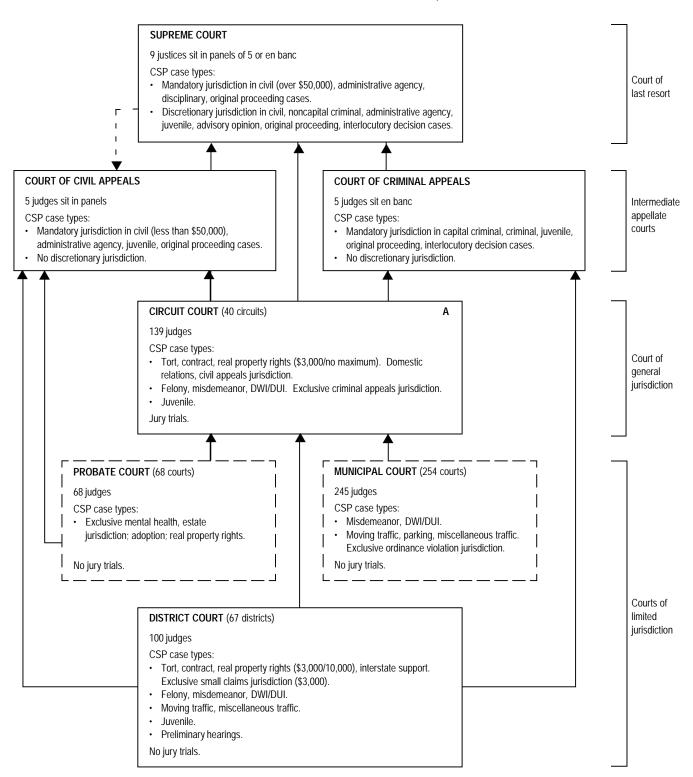
The number of justices or judges is sometimes stated as "FTE." This represents "full-time equivalent" authorized judicial positions. "DWI/DUI" stands for "driving while intoxicated/driving under the influence." The "SC" abbreviation stands for "small claims." The dollar amount jurisdiction for civil cases is indicated in parentheses with a dollar sign. Where the small claims dollar amount jurisdiction is different, it is noted.

The court structure charts are convenient summaries. They do not substitute for the detailed descriptive material contained in the tables of *State Court Organization*, 1998. Moreover, they are based on the Court Statistics Project's terminology and categories. This means that a state may have established courts that are not included in these charts. Some states have courts of special jurisdiction to receive complaints on matters that are more typically directed to administrative boards and agencies. Since these courts adjudicate matters that do not fall within the Court Statistics Project case types, they are not included in the charts. The existence of such courts, however, is recognized in a footnote to the state's court structure chart.

STATE COURT STRUCTURE PROTOTYPE, 1999

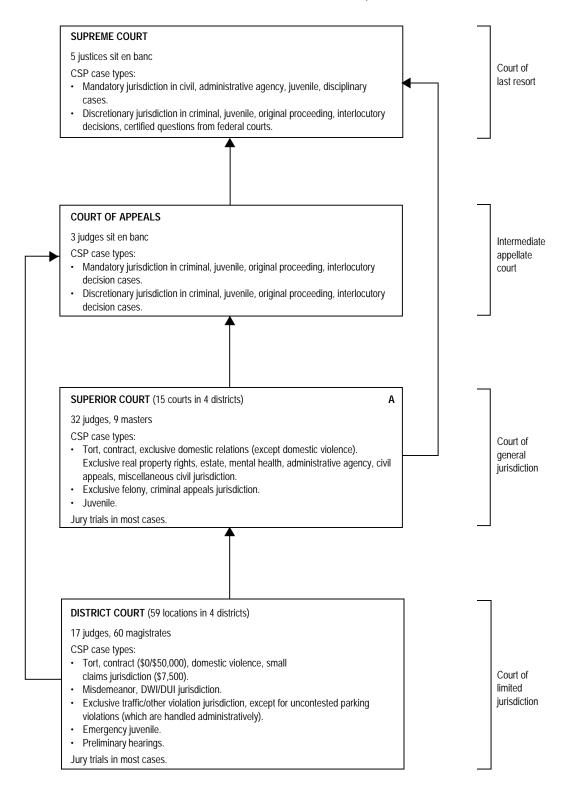


ALABAMA COURT STRUCTURE, 1999

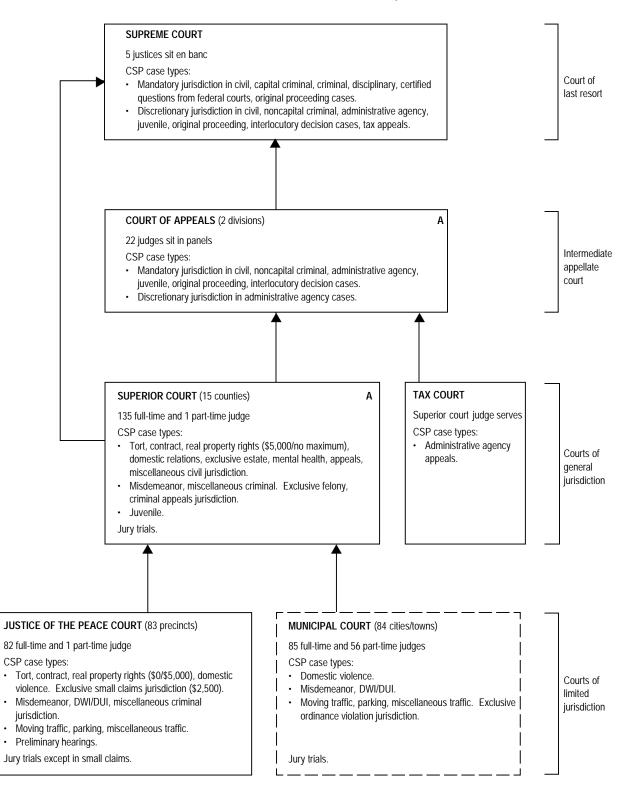


 ^{– –} Indicates assignment of cases.

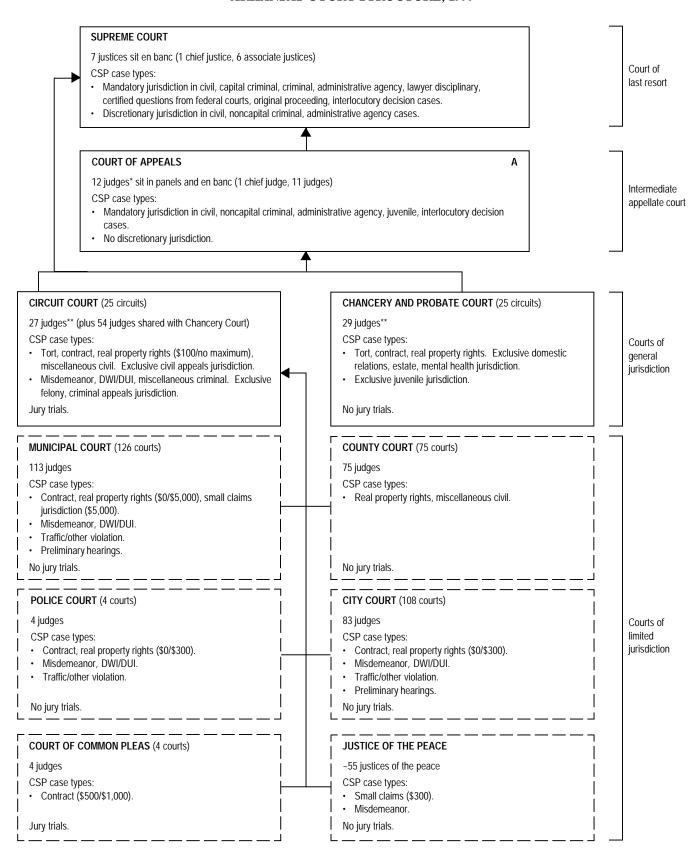
ALASKA COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



ARIZONA COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



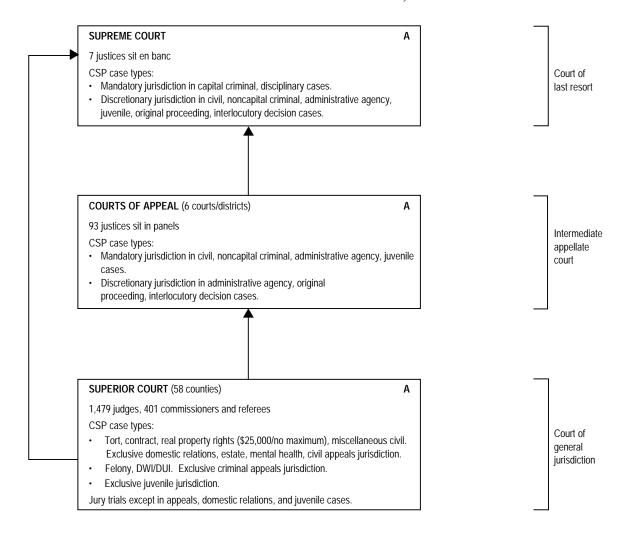
ARKANSAS COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



^{*} Court of Appeals judges increased to 12 effective January 1, 1997.

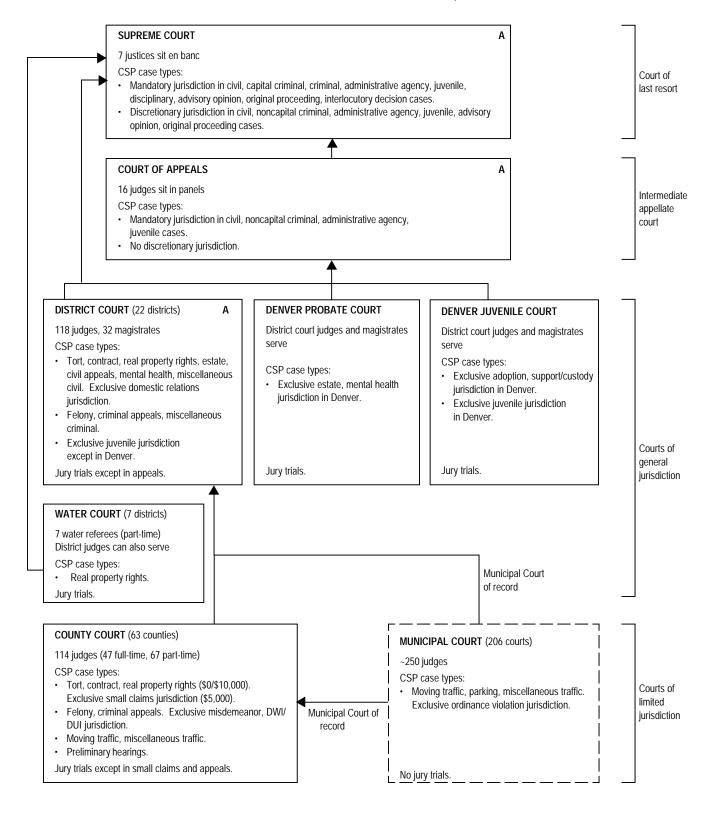
^{**} Fifty-four additional judges serve both circuit and chancery courts.

CALIFORNIA COURT STRUCTURE, 1999

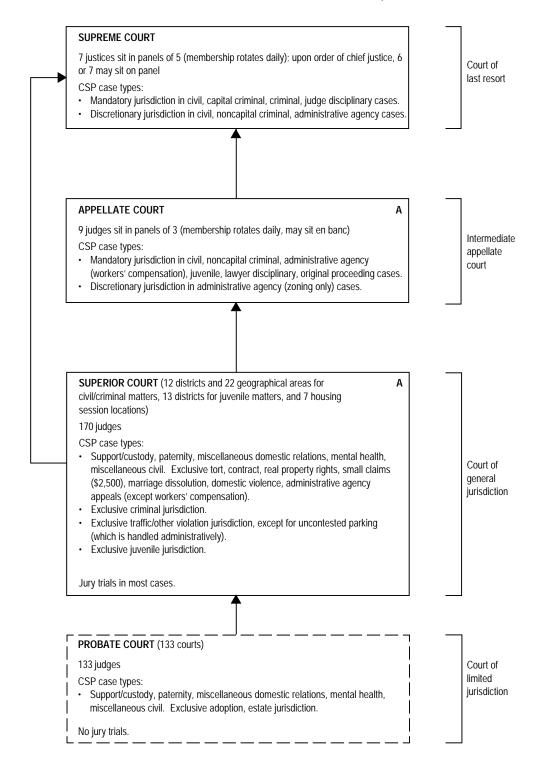


ote: In 1998 Proposition 220 amended the state Constitution by providing for the voluntary unification of the superior (courts of general jurisdiction) and municipal (courts of limited jurisdiction) courts of a county into one county-wide superior court. Originating as Senate Constitutional Amendment 4, the measure was passed by the Legislature in June, 1996, appeared as Proposition 220 on a statewide ballot during a primary election on June 2, 1998, and was approved by 64% of the voters. Proposition 220 became effective June 3, 1998. As of July 1, 2000, unification was in effect in 56 of the state's 58 counties. Data for the remaining two counties have been merged into county-wide statistics and are included in this report.

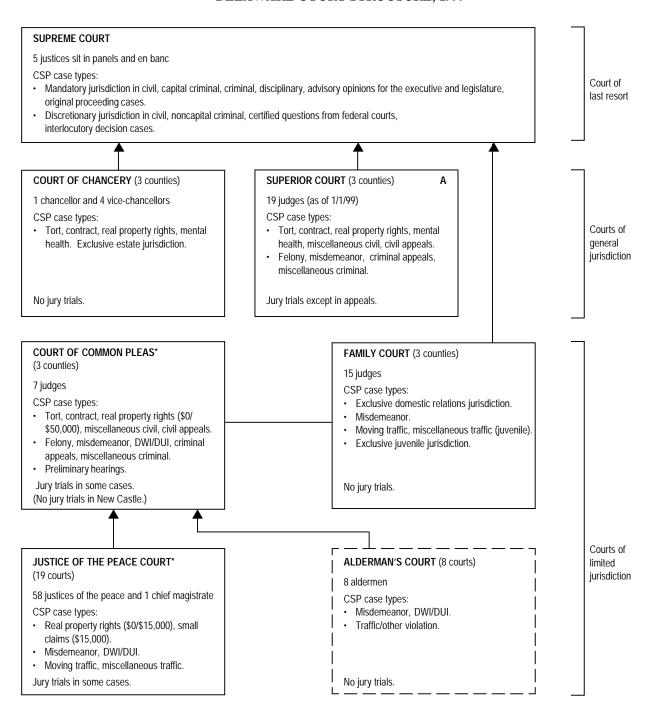
COLORADO COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



CONNECTICUT COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



DELAWARE COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



^{*} The Municipal Court of Wilmington was eliminated effective May 1, 1998, and a new Justice of the Peace Court was created in Wilmington.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA COURT STRUCTURE, 1999

COURT OF APPEALS

Α

9 judges sit in panels and en banc

CSP case types:

- Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, disciplinary, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases.
- Discretionary jurisdiction in small claims, minor criminal, original proceeding cases.

Court of last resort

SUPERIOR COURT

Α

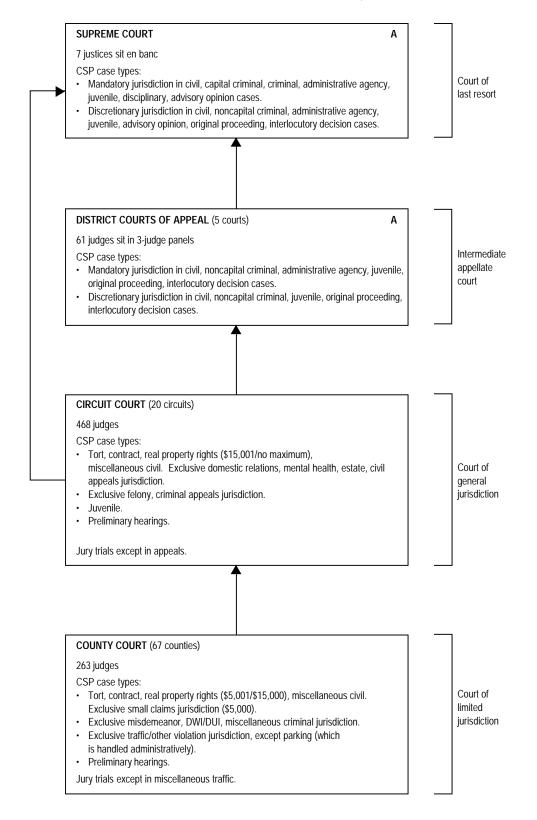
59 judges

CSP case types:

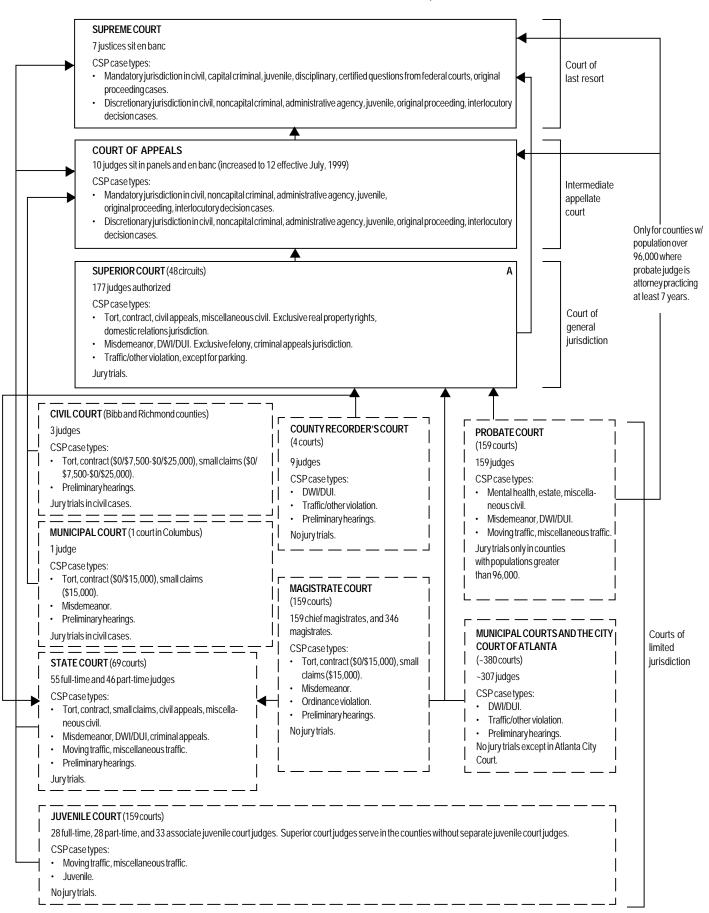
- Exclusive civil jurisdiction (\$5,001/no maximum). Small claims jurisdiction (\$5,000).
- Exclusive criminal jurisdiction.
- Exclusive traffic/other violation jurisdiction, except for most parking cases (which are handled administratively).
- Exclusive juvenile jurisdiction.
- · Preliminary hearings.

Court of general jurisdiction

FLORIDA COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



GEORGIA COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



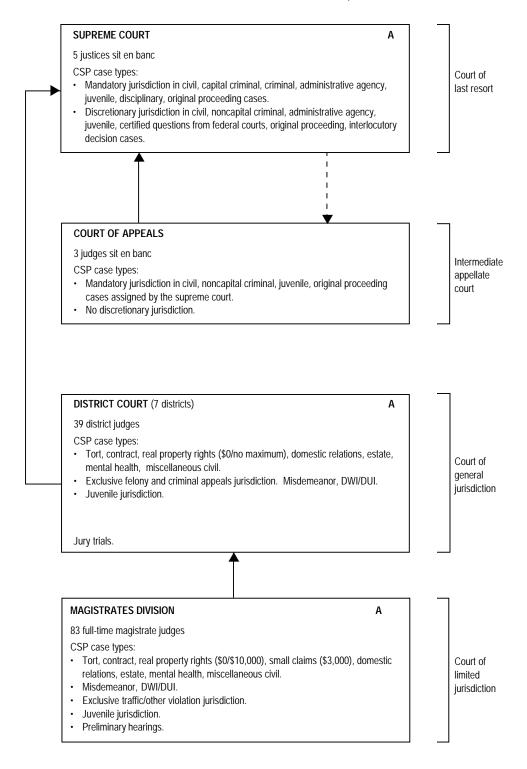
HAWAII COURT STRUCTURE, 1999

SUPREME COURT Α 5 justices sit en banc Court of CSP case types: last resort · Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, disciplinary, certified questions from federal courts, original proceeding cases. · Discretionary jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases. INTERMEDIATE COURT OF APPEALS Intermediate 4 judges sit en banc appellate CSP case types: court · Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases assigned to it by the supreme court. No discretionary jurisdiction. **CIRCUIT COURT AND FAMILY COURT (4 circuits)** 27 circuit judges and 15 family judges (including 2 circuit judges and 13 district family judges). One first circuit judge hears contested land matters and tax appeals. Court of CSP case types: general • Tort, contract, real property rights, miscellaneous civil (\$10,000/no maximum) jurisdiction [concurrent from \$10,000-\$20,000]. Exclusive domestic relations, mental health, estate, administrative agency appeals jurisdiction. · Felony, misdemeanor, DWI/DUI, miscellaneous criminal. · Moving traffic, miscellaneous traffic. · Exclusive juvenile jurisdiction. Jury trials. **DISTRICT COURT** (4 circuits) 22 judges* CSP case types: Court of • Tort, contract, real property rights (\$0/\$20,000) [concurrent from \$10,000-\$20,000 (civil limited nonjury)], miscellaneous civil. Exclusive small claims jurisdiction (\$3,500). jurisdiction · Felony, misdemeanor, DWI/DUI. · Moving traffic, miscellaneous traffic. Exclusive parking, ordinance violation jurisdiction. · Preliminary hearings. No jury trials.

Excludes per diem judges.

 [—] Indicates assignment of cases.

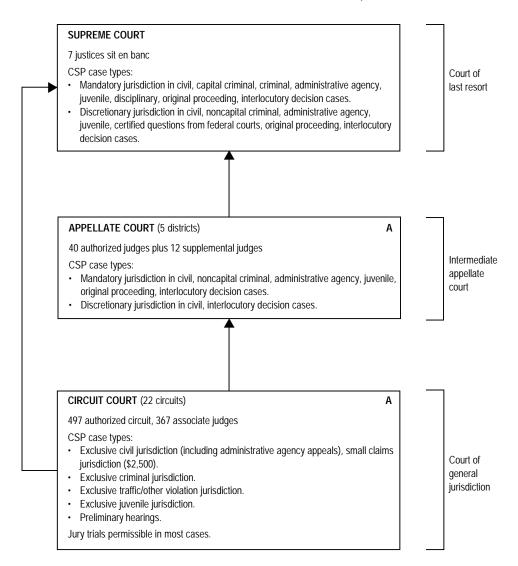
IDAHO COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



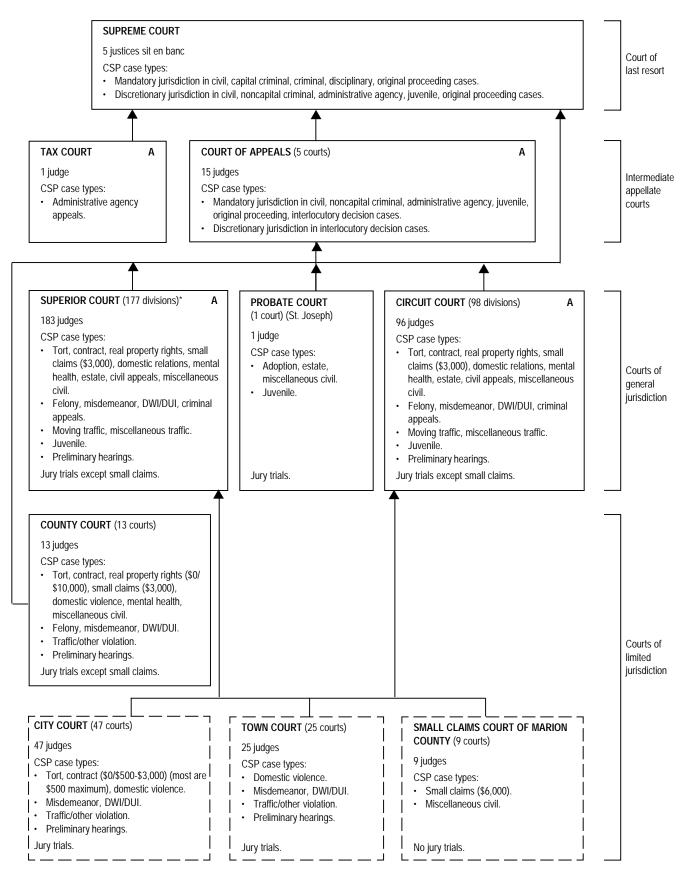
— Indicates assignment of cases.

Note: The Magistrates Division of the District Court functions as a limited jurisdiction court.

ILLINOIS COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



INDIANA COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



^{*} Effective January 1, 1996, all Municipal Courts became Superior Courts.

IOWA COURT STRUCTURE, 1999

SUPREME COURT

8 justices sit in panels and en banc*

CSP case types:

- Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, disciplinary, certified questions from federal courts, original proceeding cases.
- Discretionary jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases.

Court of last resort

COURT OF APPEALS

9 judges sit in panels and en banc**

CSP case types:

- Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases assigned by the supreme court.
- · No discretionary jurisdiction.

Intermediate appellate court

DISTRICT COURT (8 districts in 99 counties)

115 authorized district judges, 54 district associate judges, 7 FTE*** senior judges, 12 associate juvenile judges, 135 part-time magistrates, 1 associate probate judge, and 7 alternate district associate judges (part-time)

CSP case types:

- Exclusive civil jurisdiction (including trial court appeals). Small claims jurisdiction (\$4,000)
- Exclusive criminal jurisdiction (including criminal appeals).
- Exclusive traffic/other violation jurisdiction except for uncontested parking.
- Exclusive juvenile jurisdiction.
- · Preliminary hearings.

Jury trials except in small claims, juvenile, equity cases, city and county ordinance violations, mental health cases.

Court of general jurisdiction

Α

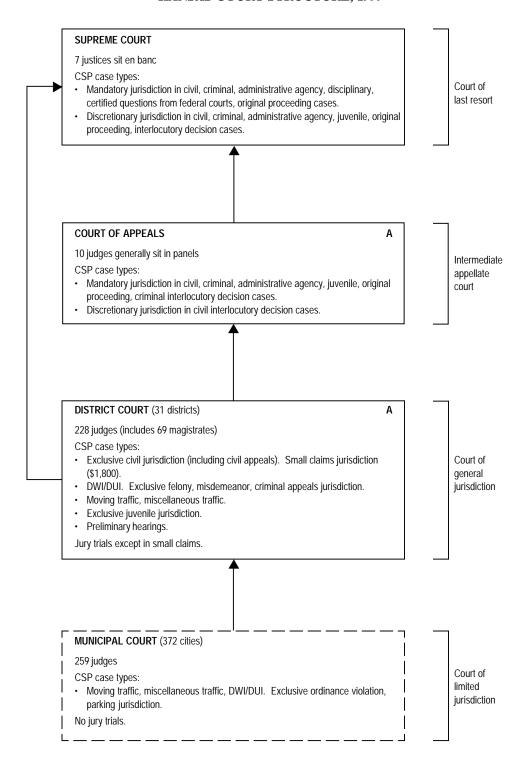
^{*} By attrition, the size of the lowa Supreme Court was reduced to 8 in July, 1999 and will be reduced to 7 in November, 2000. As of January, 2000 the court no longer sits in panels; it derides en banc.

^{**} The Court of Appeals increased from 6 to 9 judges effective July, 1999.

^{***} Includes 28 senior judges who work 1/4 time. (No more than 13 weeks/year)

Indicates assignment of cases.

KANSAS COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



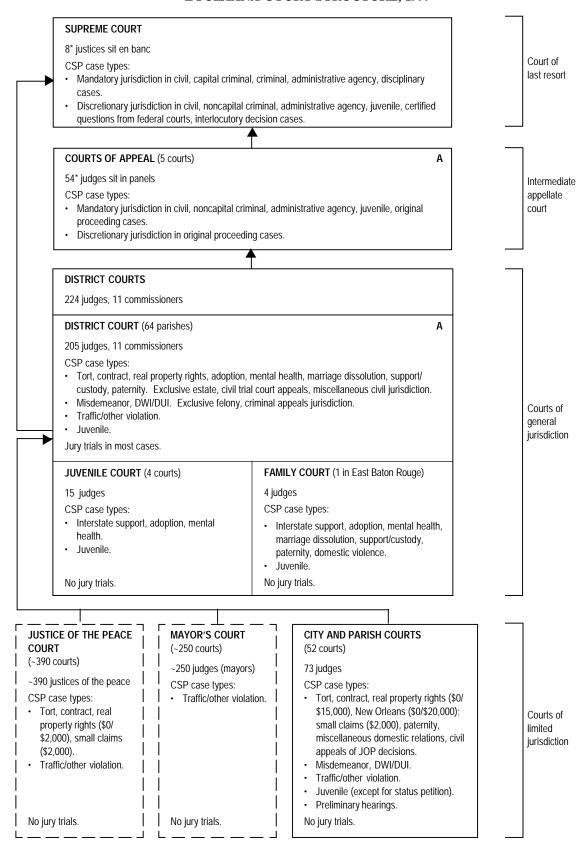
KENTUCKY COURT STRUCTURE, 1999

SUPREME COURT 7 justices sit en banc Court of CSP case types: last resort Mandatory jurisdiction in capital and other criminal (death, life, 20 yr+ sentence), disciplinary, certified questions from federal courts, original proceeding cases. Discretionary jurisdiction in civil, noncapital criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases. **COURT OF APPEALS** 14 judges generally sit in panels, but sit en banc in a policy-making capacity. Intermediate CSP case types: appellate Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, noncapital criminal, original proceeding cases. court Discretionary jurisdiction in civil, noncapital criminal, administrative agency, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases. CIRCUIT COURT (56 judicial circuits) 104 judges* CSP case types: Court of Tort, contract, real property rights (\$4,000/no maximum), interstate support, estate. general Exclusive marriage dissolution, support/custody, adoption, miscellaneous domestic jurisdiction relations, civil appeals, miscellaneous civil jurisdiction. Misdemeanor. Exclusive felony, criminal appeals jurisdiction. Jury trials except in appeals. **DISTRICT COURT** (59 judicial districts) 127** judges (plus 70 trial commissioners) CSP case types: · Tort, contract, real property rights (\$0/\$4,000), interstate support, estate. Exclusive Court of paternity, domestic violence, mental health, small claims jurisdiction (\$1,500). limited Misdemeanor, DWI/DUI jurisdiction. jurisdiction Exclusive traffic/other violation jurisdiction. Exclusive juvenile jurisdiction. Preliminary hearings. Jury trials in most cases.

^{*} Increased to 108 effective 9/1/99.

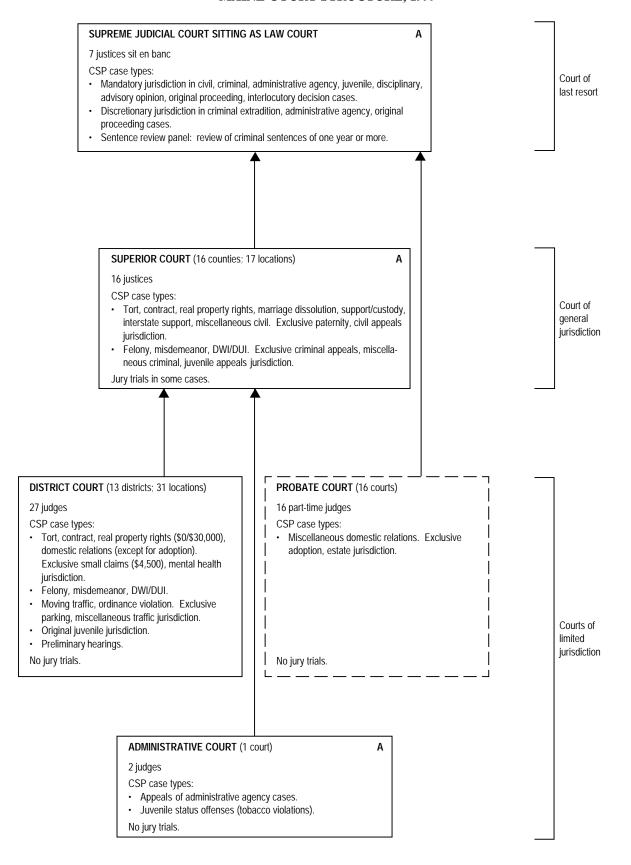
^{**} Increased to 128 effective 9/1/99.

LOUISIANA COURT STRUCTURE, 1999

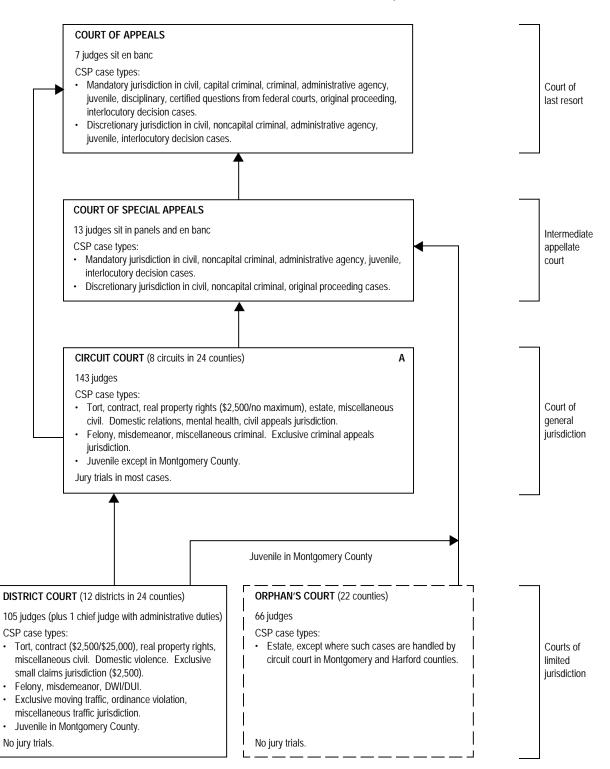


^{*} Supreme court has 7 elected justices and 1 justice assigned from the courts of appeal. The assigned judge would bring the number of courts of appeal judges to 55. (This assignment is by state statute.)

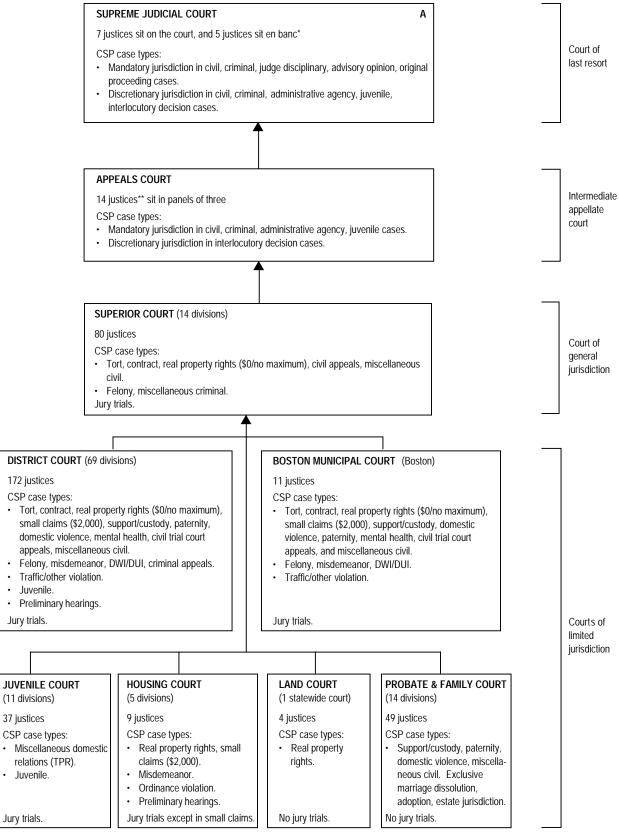
MAINE COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



MARYLAND COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



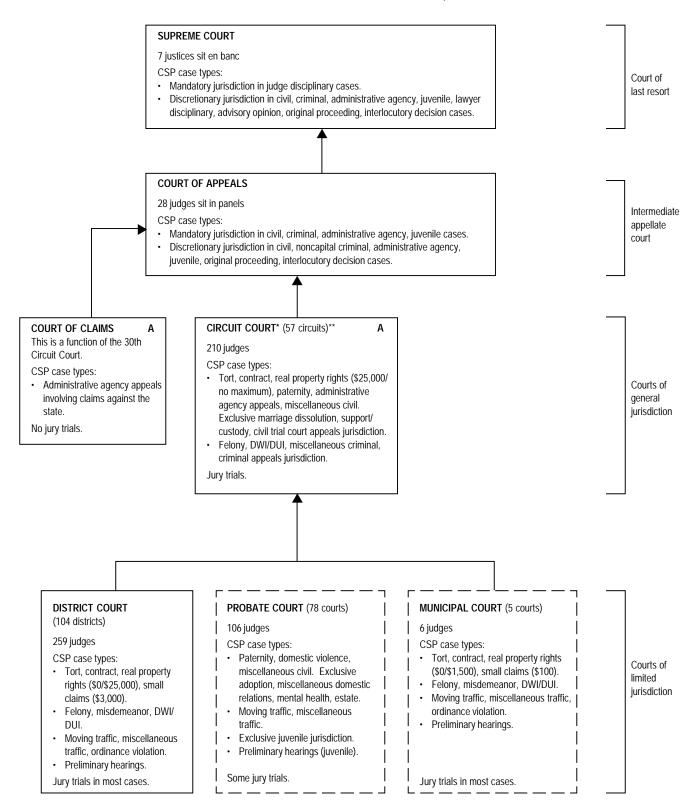
MASSACHUSETTS COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



^{*} The justices also sit individually in the "single justice" side of the court, on a rotating basis.

^{**} Increases to 25 for 2000.

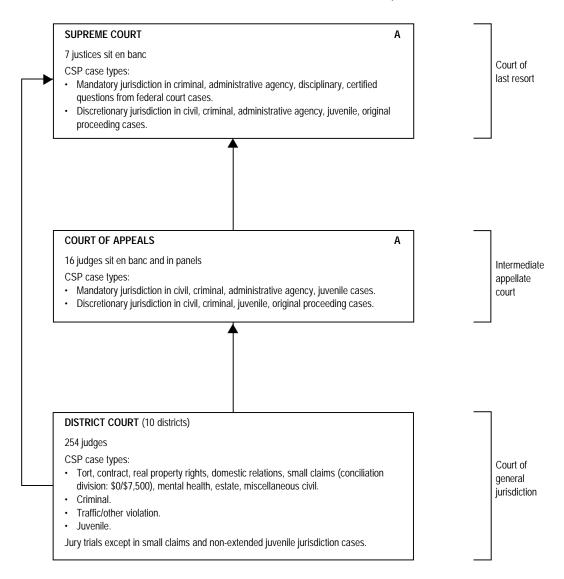
MICHIGAN COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



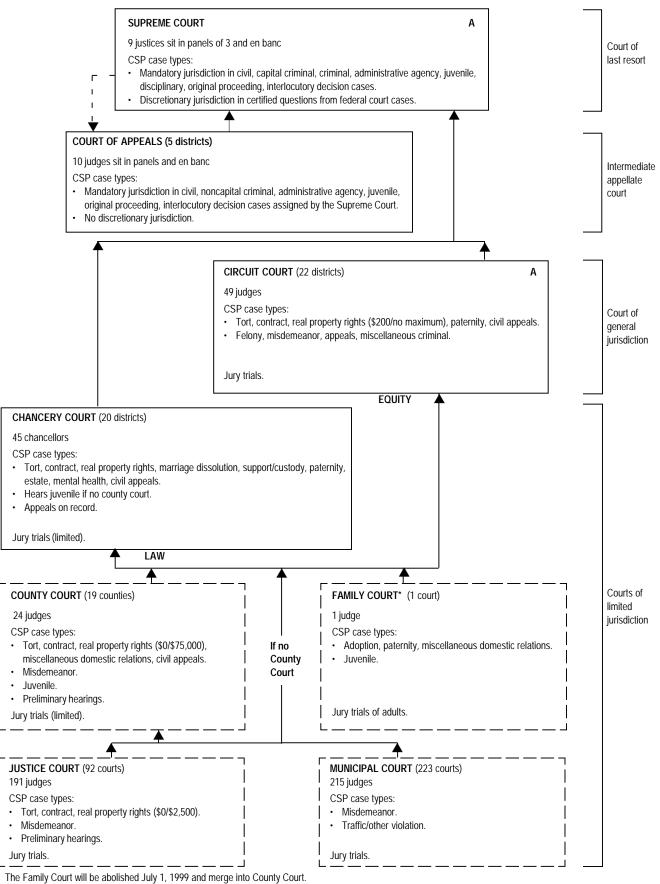
^{*} The Recorder's Court of Detroit merged with the Circuit Court effective October 1, 1997.

^{**} A Family Division of Circuit Court became operational on January 1, 1998.

MINNESOTA COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



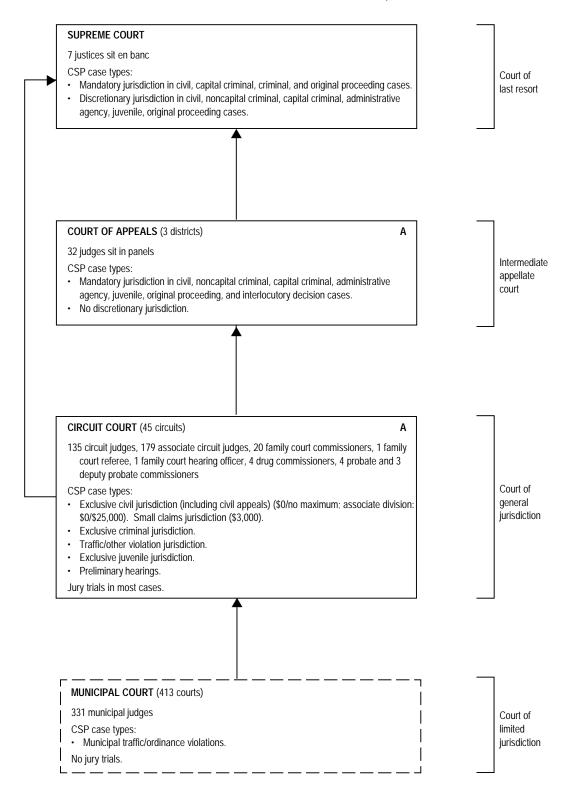
MISSISSIPPI COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



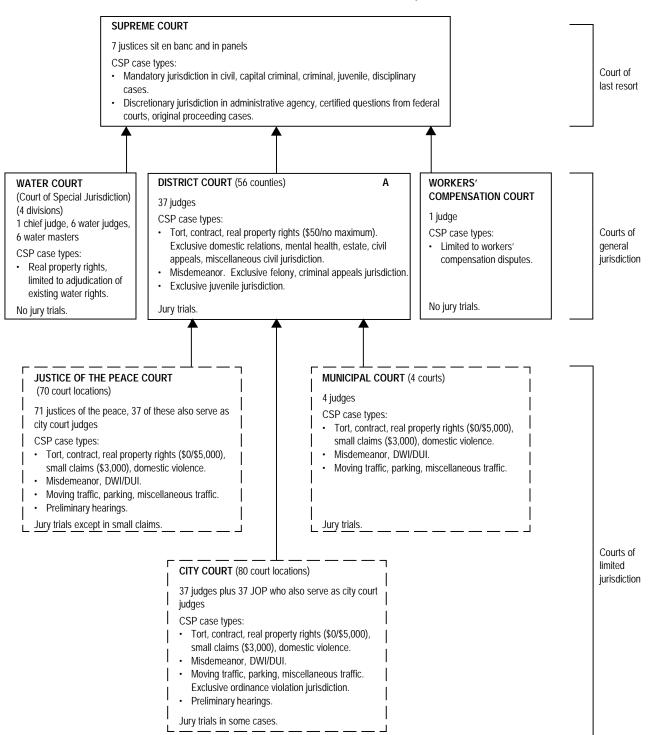
Indicates assignment of cases.

^{32 •} State Court Caseload Statistics, 1999-2000

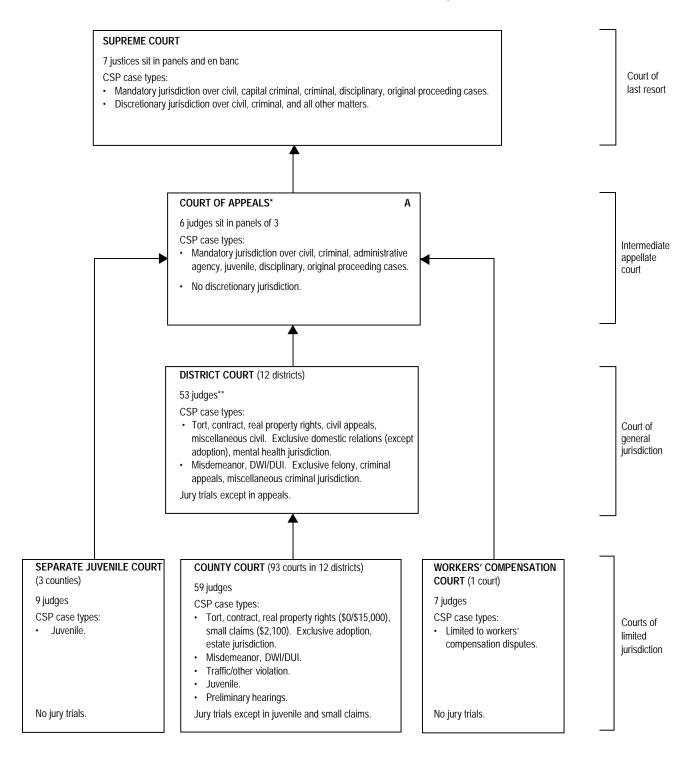
MISSOURI COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



MONTANA COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



NEBRASKA COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



^{*} The Nebraska Court of Appeals was established September 6, 1991.

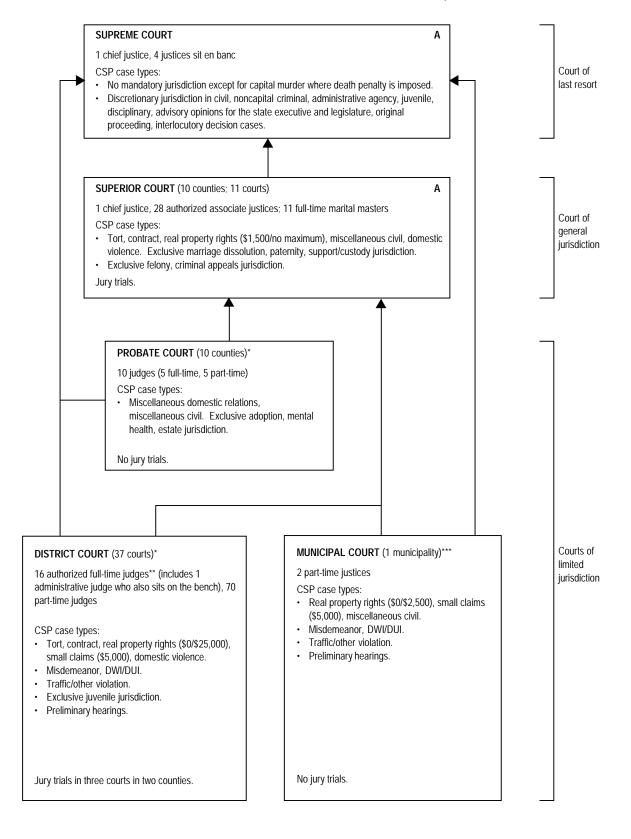
^{**}Increases to 54 effective July 1, 2000.

NEVADA COURT STRUCTURE, 1999

SUPREME COURT 7 justices sit in panels and en banc Court of CSP case types: last resort Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, capital criminal, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, disciplinary, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases. No discretionary jurisdiction. **DISTRICT COURT** (9 districts) Α 51 judges CSP case types: Court of • Tort, contract, real property rights (\$7,500/no maximum). Exclusive domestic general relations, mental health, estate, civil appeals, miscellaneous civil jurisdiction. Felony, misdemeanor,* DWI/DUI. Exclusive criminal appeals, miscellaneous jurisdiction criminal jurisdiction. Exclusive juvenile jurisdiction. Jury trials in most cases. MUNICIPAL COURT (18 incorporated cities/towns) JUSTICE COURT (56 towns) 69 justices of the peace (11 of these also serve as 18 judges (plus 11 justices of the peace who also serve as Municipal Court Judges) Municipal Court judges) CSP case types: CSP case types: Courts of • Tort, contract, real property rights (\$0/\$7,500), small • Tort, contract, real property rights (\$0/\$2,500). limited claims (\$5,000). Misdemeanor.* jurisdiction Misdemeanor,* DWI/DUI. Exclusive ordinance violation jurisdiction. · Moving traffic, parking, miscellaneous traffic. Preliminary hearings. Jury trials except in small claims and parking cases. No jury trials.

^{*} District Court hears gross misdemeanor cases; Justice & Municipal Courts hear misdemeanors with fines under \$1,000 and/or sentence of less than six months.

NEW HAMPSHIRE COURT STRUCTURE, 1999

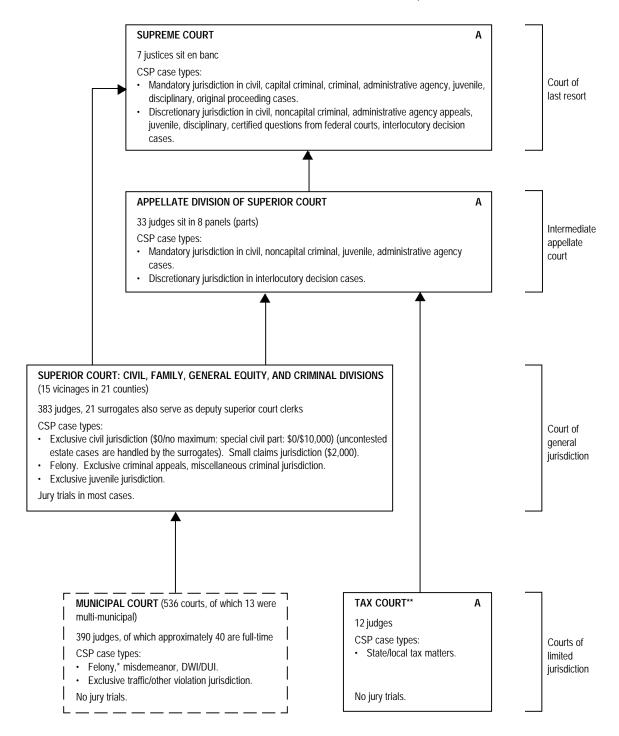


^{*} A Family Division Pilot Program was created by the Legislature in 1995 and operates in six district courts and two probate courts.

^{**} Increases to 18 for calendar year 2000.

^{***} The municipal court will be merged with the District Court in May, 2000.

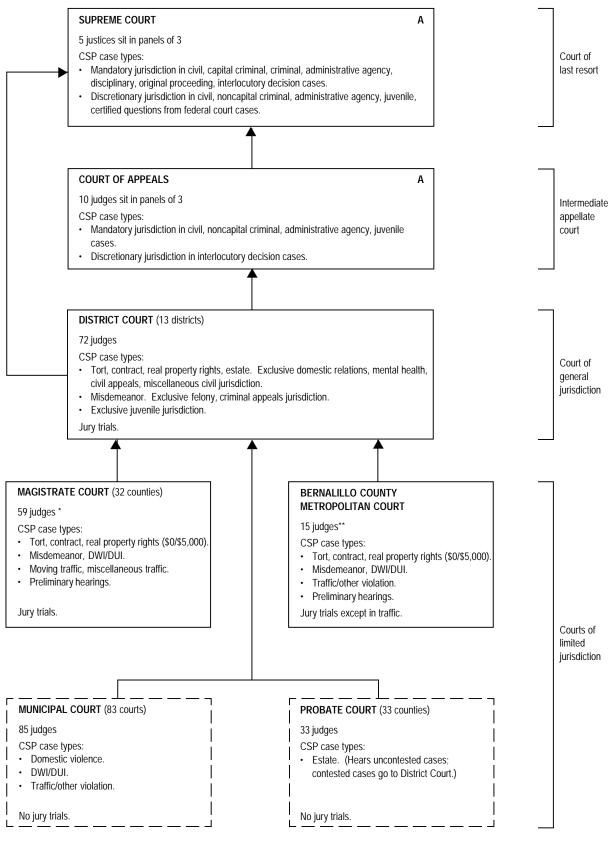
NEW JERSEY COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



^{*} Felony cases are handled on first appearance in the Municipal Courts and then are transferred through the county Prosecutor's office to the Superior Court

^{**} Tax court is considered a limited jurisdiction court because of its specialized subject matter. Nevertheless, it receives appeals from administrative bodies and its cases are appealed to the intermediate appellate court. Tax court judges have the same general qualifications and terms of service as superior court judges and can be cross assigned.

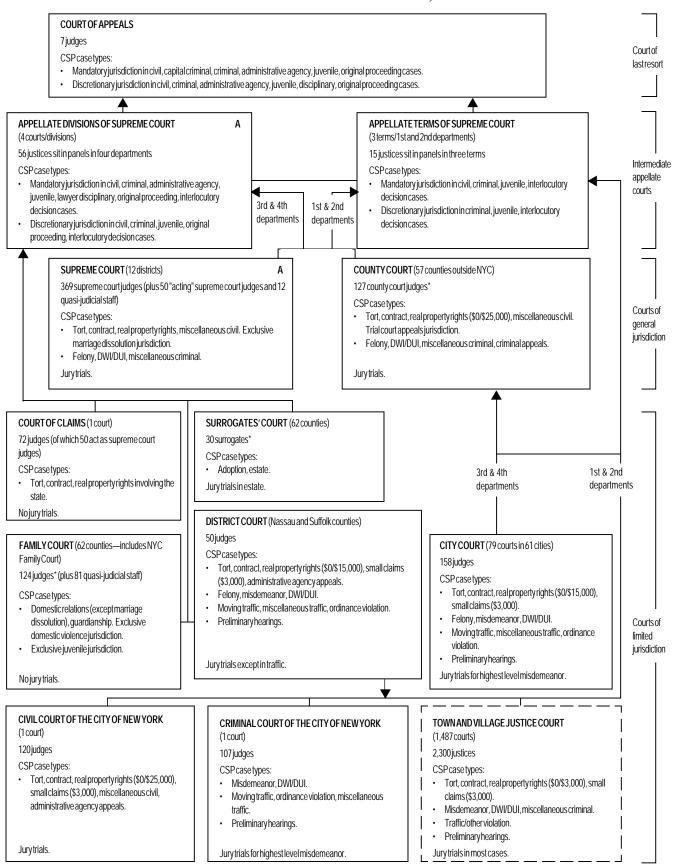
NEW MEXICO COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



^{*} Increases to 61 judges as of 7/1/99.

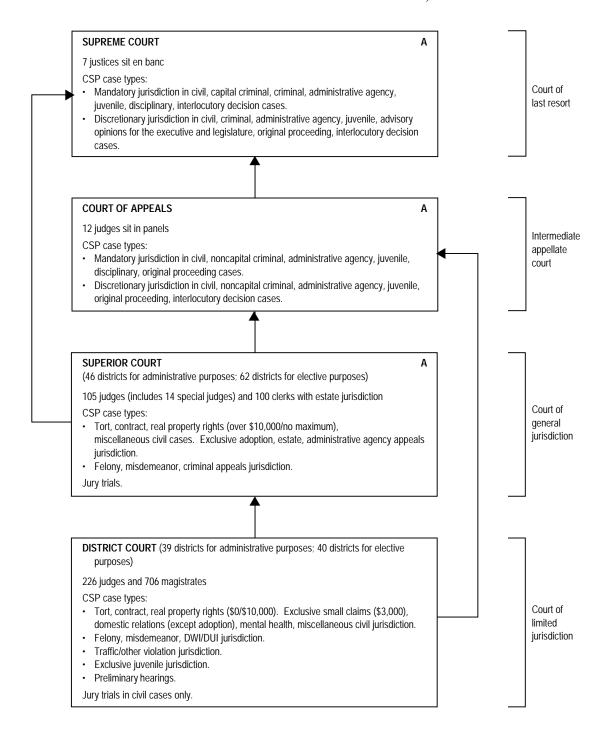
^{**} Increases to 16 judges as of 7/1/99.

NEW YORK COURT STRUCTURE, 1999*



^{*}Unless otherwise noted, numbers reflect statutory authorization. Many judges sit in more than one court so the number of judgeships indicated in this chart does not reflect the actual number of judges in the system. Fifty County Court judges also serve Surrogates' Court and six County Court judges also serve Family Court..

NORTH CAROLINA COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



NORTH DAKOTA COURT STRUCTURE, 1999

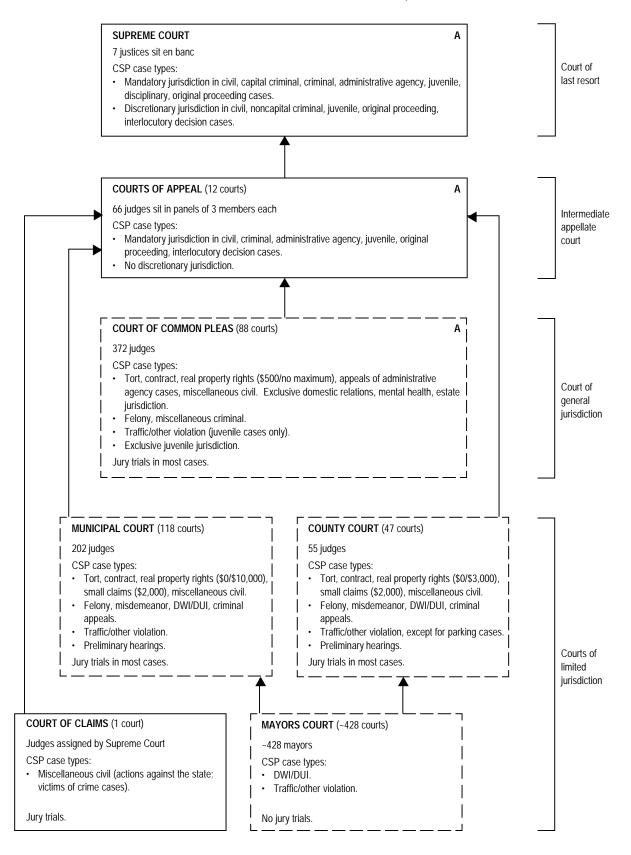
SUPREME COURT* 5 justices sit en banc Court of CSP case types: last resort · Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, capital criminal, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, disciplinary, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases. · No discretionary jurisdiction. DISTRICT COURT (7 judicial districts in 53 counties)** 43 judges*** CSP case types: • Exclusive tort, contract, real property rights, small claims (\$5,000), estate, domestic Court of relations, appeals of administrative agency cases, mental health, miscellaneous civil general jurisdiction. jurisdiction • Exclusive felony, misdemeanor, miscellaneous criminal jurisdiction. • Moving traffic, ordinance violation, parking, miscellaneous traffic. · Exclusive juvenile jurisdiction. Jury trials in many cases. MUNICIPAL COURT (80 municipalities) 78 judges CSP case types: Court of DWI/DUI. limited · Moving traffic, ordinance violation, parking, miscellaneous traffic. jurisdiction No jury trials.

^{*} A temporary court of appeals was established July 1, 1987, to exercise appellate and original jurisdiction as delegated by the supreme court. This court does not sit, has no assigned judges, and has heard no appeals. It is currently unfunded.

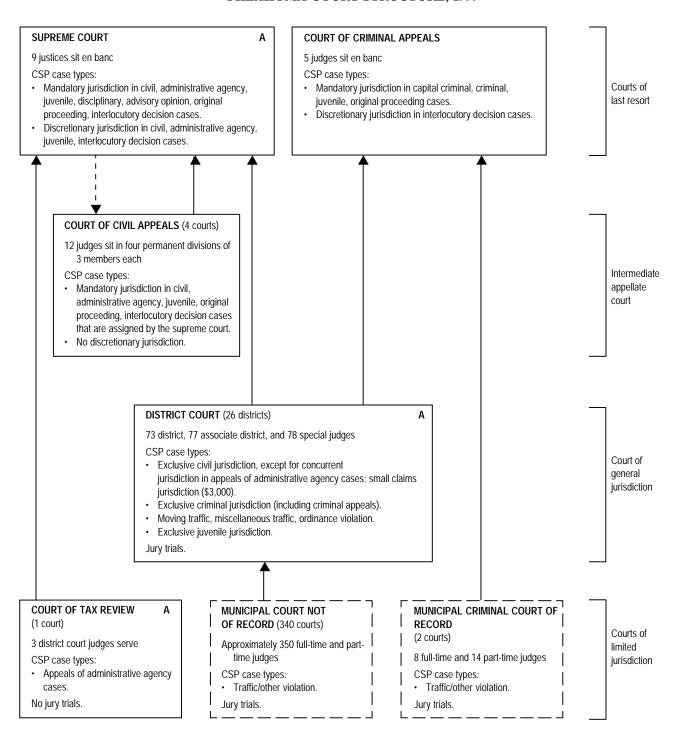
^{**} County Courts were abolished January 1, 1995, with the workload and positions absorbed into the District Court structure.

^{***} Number of authorized judges must be reduced to 42 by the year 2001.

OHIO COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



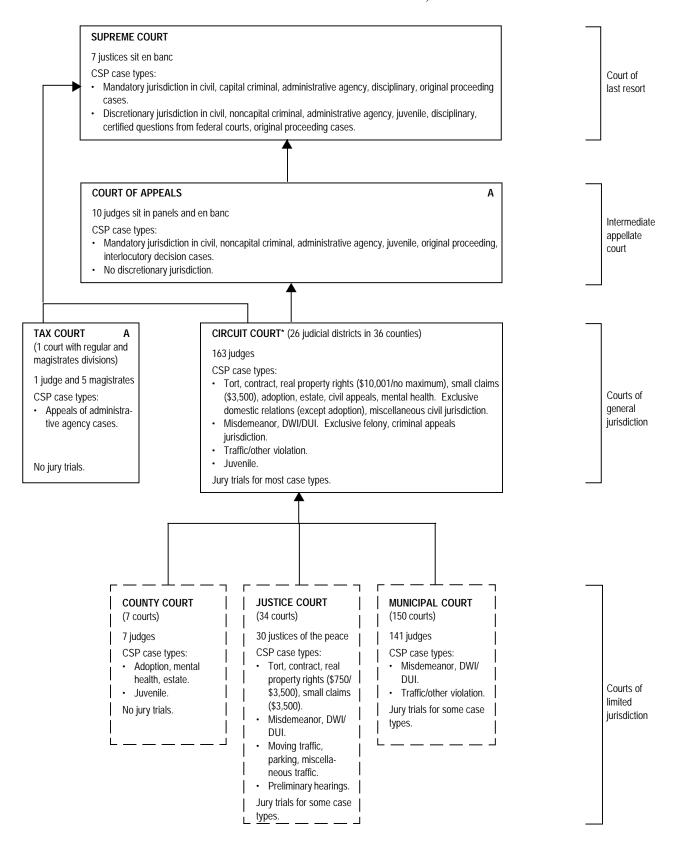
OKLAHOMA COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



Note: Oklahoma has a workers' compensation court, which hears complaints that are handled exclusively by administrative agencies in other states.

Indicates assignment of cases.

OREGON COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



^{*} Effective January 15, 1998, all District Courts were eliminated and District judges became Circuit judges.

PENNSYLVANIA COURT STRUCTURE, 1999

SUPREME COURT 7 justices sit en banc Court of CSP case types: last resort Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, capital criminal, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, disciplinary, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases. Discretionary jurisdiction in civil, noncapital criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, original proceeding, interlocutory decision **COMMONWEALTH COURT** Α SUPERIOR COURT 9 authorized judges sit in panels and en banc 15 authorized judges sit in panels and en banc CSP case types: CSP case types: · Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, noncapital criminal, · Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, noncapital criminal, Intermediate administrative agency, original proceeding, juvenile, original proceeding, interlocutory decision appellate courts interlocutory decision cases involving the commonwealth. Discretionary jurisdiction in civil, noncapital criminal, Discretionary jurisdiction in civil, administrative juvenile, original proceeding, interlocutory decision agency, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases involving the commonwealth. COURT OF COMMON PLEAS (60 districts in 67 counties) Α 385 judges CSP case types: Court of · Tort, contract, real property rights, miscellaneous civil. Domestic relations, estate, general mental health, civil appeals jurisdiction. jurisdiction Misdemeanor, DWI/DUI. Exclusive felony, criminal appeals, miscellaneous criminal jurisdiction. · Exclusive juvenile jurisdiction. Jury trials in most cases PHILADELPHIA MUNICIPAL COURT **DISTRICT JUSTICE COURT (551 courts)** (1st district) 549 district justices 25 judges CSP case types: CSP case types: · Real property rights (\$0/\$10,000), domestic violence, · Tort, contract, real property rights (\$0/\$8,000). miscellaneous civil. Exclusive small claims · Felony, misdemeanor, DWI/DUI. jurisdiction (\$10,000). Traffic/other violation. Felony, misdemeanor, DWI/DUI. · Preliminary hearings. Ordinance violation. Preliminary hearings. No jury trials. No jury trials. Courts of limited jurisdiction PHILADELPHIA TRAFFIC COURT PITTSBURGH CITY MAGISTRATES (1st district) (5th district) 7 judges 6 magistrates CSP case types: CSP case types: Real property rights. · Moving traffic, parking, miscellaneous traffic. Misdemeanor, DWI/DUI. Traffic/other violation. Preliminary hearings. No jury trials. No jury trials.

PUERTO RICO COURT STRUCTURE, 1999

SUPREME COURT 7 justices sit en banc CSP case types: Court of Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, criminal, juvenile, administrative agency, disciplinary, last resort original proceeding cases. Review of the rulings by the Registrar of property. Discretionary jurisdiction in civil, certified questions from federal courts, advisory opinion, interlocutory decision cases. **CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS*** 33 judges sit in 3-judge panels Intermediate CSP case types: appellate Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, criminal, and juvenile cases. court Discretionary jurisdiction in original proceeding, advisory opinion, and interlocutory decision cases. COURT OF FIRST INSTANCE** 315 judges SUPERIOR DIVISION*** A DISTRICT SUBSECTION*** MUNICIPAL DIVISION 180 judges 30 judges 105 judges CSP case types: CSP case types: CSP case types: Tort, contract, real Tort, contract, real property · Tort, contract, real property rights (\$0/no rights (\$3,001/\$50,000), property rights (\$0/ maximum), domestic domestic relations cases, \$3,000), mental health, Court of administrative agency relations, estate, domestic violence, general administrative agency appeals, miscellaneous miscellaneous civil. jurisdiction appeals, miscellaneous civil. · Misdemeanor. civil. · Misdemeanor, DWI/DUI. · Ordinance violation, Exclusive felony · Traffic/other violation. miscellaneous traffic. jurisdiction. · Preliminary hearings. Juvenile jurisdiction.

No jury trials.

Jury trials in criminal cases.

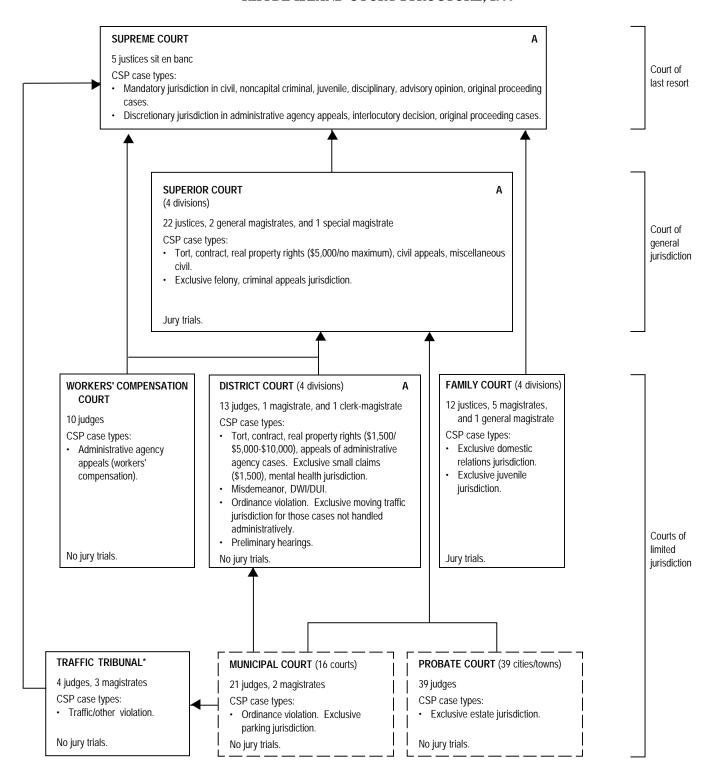
No jury trials.

^{*}Created July 28, 1994; operational January 1, 1995.

^{**}Created in 1994; operational in 1995.

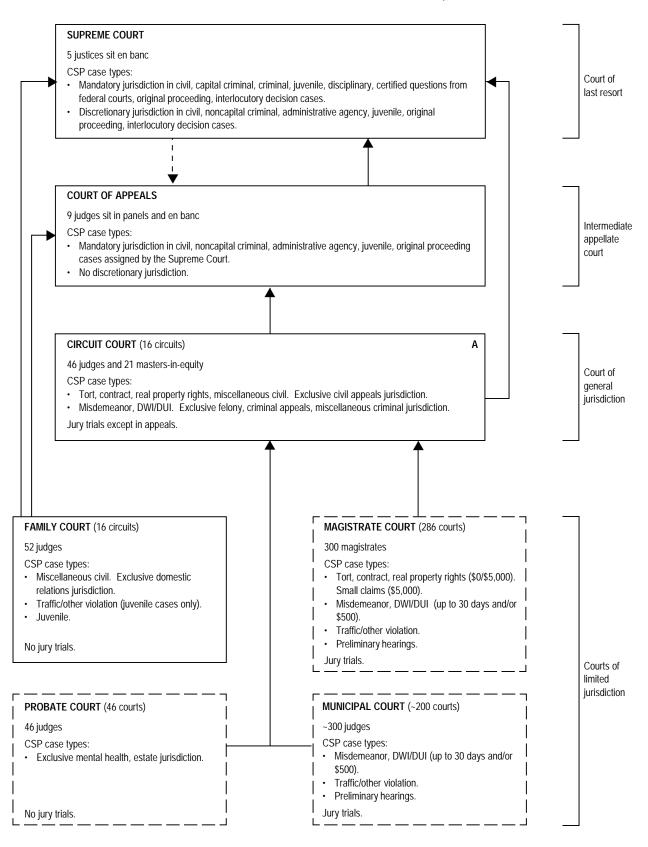
^{***}The Judicial Reform Act of 1994 establishes the eventual abolition of the District Subsection. The Superior Division has concurrent jurisdiction with the District Subsection during the process of its abolition.

RHODE ISLAND COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



^{*} This court was formerly known as the Rhode Island Administrative Adjudication Court.

SOUTH CAROLINA COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



 [–] Indicates assignment of cases.

SOUTH DAKOTA COURT STRUCTURE, 1999

SUPREME COURT

5 justices sit en banc

CSP case types:

- Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, capital criminal, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, disciplinary, original proceeding cases.
- Discretionary jurisdiction in advisory opinions for the state executive, interlocutory decision, original proceeding cases.

Court of last resort

CIRCUIT COURT (8 circuits)

Α

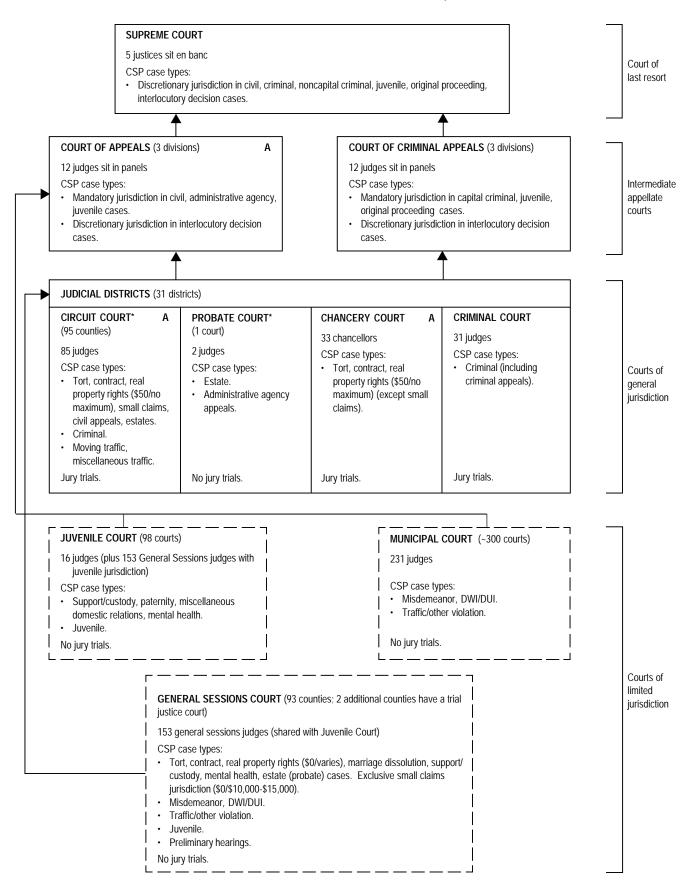
37 judges, 8 full-time and 7 part-time magistrate judges, 2 part-time lay magistrates, 93 full-time clerk/deputy clerk magistrates, and 54 part-time clerk/deputy clerk magistrates CSP case types:

- Exclusive civil jurisdiction (including civil appeals). Small claims jurisdiction (\$4,000).
- Exclusive criminal jurisdiction (including criminal appeals).
- Exclusive traffic/other violation jurisdiction (except for uncontested parking, which is handled administratively).
- · Exclusive juvenile jurisdiction.
- · Preliminary hearings.

Jury trials except in small claims.

Court of general jurisdiction

TENNESSEE COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



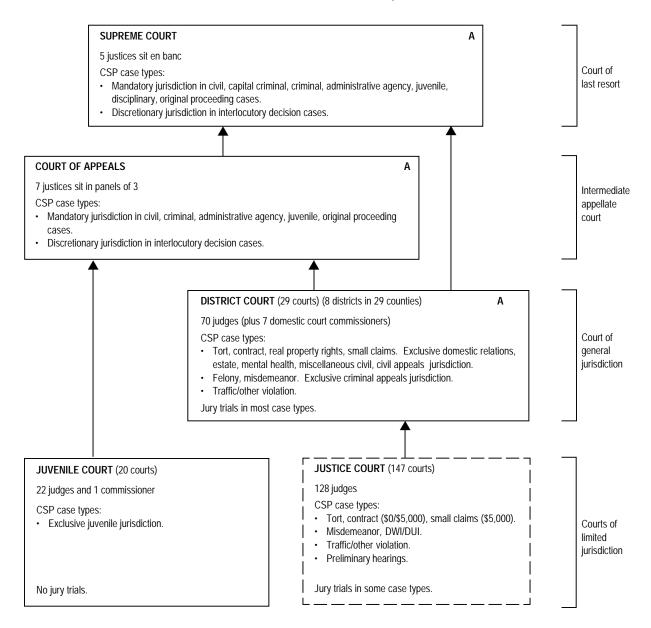
^{*} Effective September 1, 1998 Davidson County Probate Court became a Circuit Court with Probate jurisdiction.

TEXAS COURT STRUCTURE, 1999

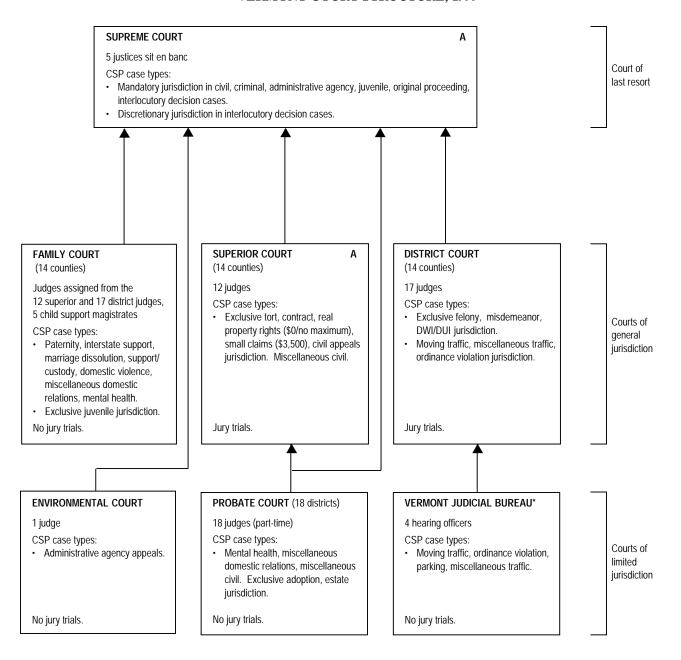
SUPREME COURT **COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS** 9 justices sit en banc 9 judges sit en banc CSP case types: CSP case types: Courts of last resort · Mandatory jurisdiction in civil cases. Mandatory jurisdiction in capital criminal, criminal, · Discretionary jurisdiction in civil, administrative original proceeding cases. Discretionary jurisdiction in noncapital criminal, agency, juvenile, certified questions from federal original proceeding cases and certified questions courts, original proceeding cases. from federal court. **COURTS OF APPEALS (14 courts)** 80 justices sit in panels Intermediate CSP case types: appellate Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, noncapital criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, original court proceeding, interlocutory decision cases. No discretionary jurisdiction. DISTRICT COURTS (396 courts) 396 judges (increases to 405 on 9/1/99) **DISTRICT COURT (386 courts)** CRIMINAL DISTRICT COURT (10 courts) 386 judges 10 judges CSP case types: Court of CSP case types: • Tort, contract, real property rights (\$200/no general · Felony, misdemeanor, DWI/DUI, miscellamaximum), domestic relations, estate, jurisdiction miscellaneous civil. Exclusive administrative neous criminal cases. agency appeals jurisdiction. Felony, misdemeanor, DWI/DUI, miscellaneous criminal. Juvenile. Jury trials. Jury trials. COUNTY-LEVEL COURTS (457 courts) 457 judges CONSTITUTIONAL COUNTY COURT PROBATE COURT **COUNTY COURT AT LAW (187 courts)** (254 courts) (16 courts) 187 judges 254 judges 16 judges CSP case types: CSP case types: CSP case types: · Tort, contract, real property rights (\$200/ Tort, contract, real property rights (\$200/ · Estate. varies), estate, mental health, civil trial \$5,000), domestic relations, estate, mental · Mental health. court appeals, miscellaneous civil. health, civil trial court appeals, miscella-Misdemeanor, DWI/DUI, criminal appeals. neous civil. Moving traffic, miscellaneous traffic. Misdemeanor, DWI/DUI, criminal appeals. Juvenile. · Moving traffic, miscellaneous traffic. Courts of · Juvenile. limited Jury trials. Jury trials. Jury trials. jurisdiction MUNICIPAL COURT* (854 courts) JUSTICE OF THE PEACE COURT* (838 courts) 1,226 judges 838 judges CSP case types: CSP case types: Tort, contract, real property rights (\$0/\$5,000), small · Misdemeanor. claims (\$5,000), mental health. Moving traffic, parking, miscellaneous traffic. Exclusive ordinance violation jurisdiction. Misdemeanor. Moving traffic, parking, miscellaneous traffic. Preliminary hearings. Preliminary hearings. Jury trials. Jury trials.

^{*} Some municipal and justice of the peace courts may appeal to the district court.

UTAH COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



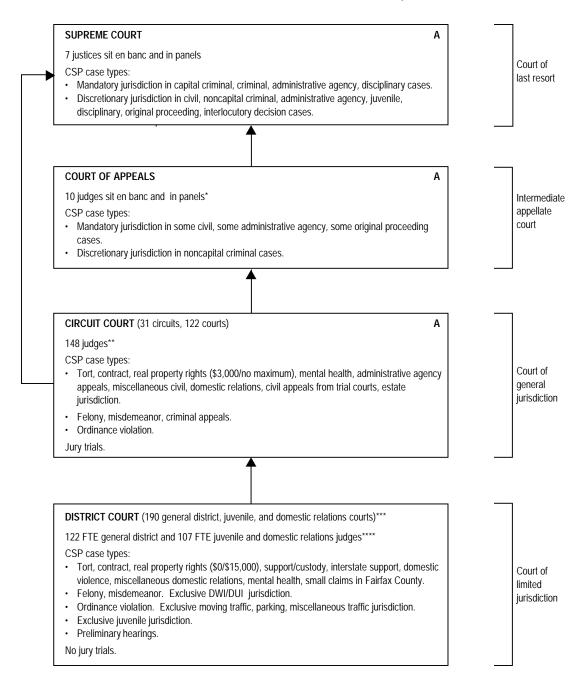
VERMONT COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



Note: An additional 28 assistant judges participate in findings of fact in Superior and Family Court cases. Some assistant judges, after special training, may hear small claims cases and traffic complaints, conduct criminal arraignments, and decide child support, parentage, and uncontested divorce proceedings. These assistant judges (who need not be attorneys) are elected to four-year terms by voters in Vermont's 14 counties.

^{*} Renamed VERMONT JUDICIAL BUREAU as of 7/1/98, this court was formerly known as the Vermont Traffic and Municipal Ordinance Bureau.

VIRGINIA COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



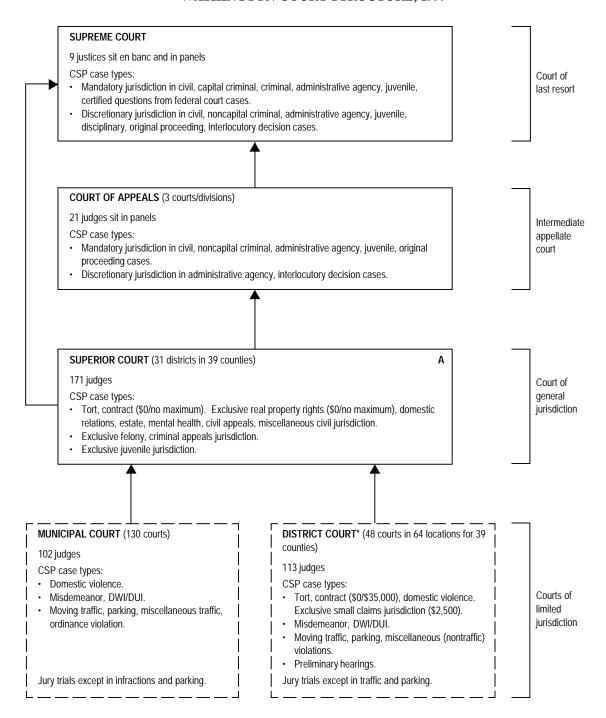
^{*} Increases to 11 effective July 1, 2000.

^{**} Increases to 150 effective July 1, 2000.

^{***} The district court is referred to as the juvenile and domestic relations court when hearing juvenile and domestic relations cases and as the general district court for the balance of the cases.

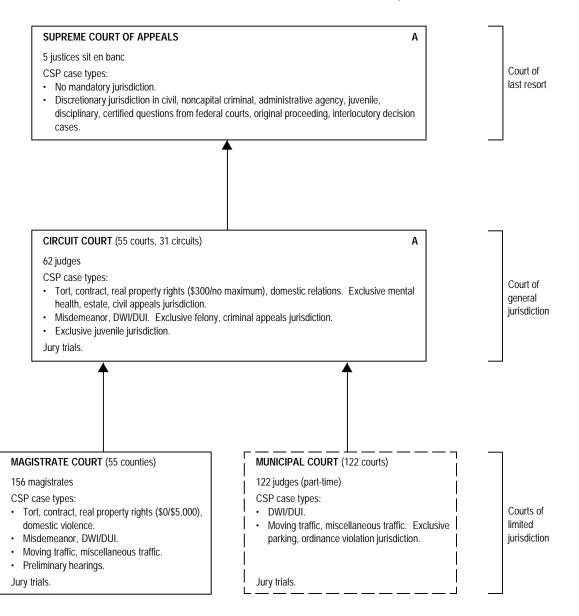
^{****} Increases to 108 juvenile and domestic relations judges effective July 1, 2000.

WASHINGTON COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



^{*} District court provides services to municipalities that do not have a municipal court.

WEST VIRGINIA COURT STRUCTURE, 1999



WISCONSIN COURT STRUCTURE, 1999

SUPREME COURT 7 justices sit en banc Court of CSP case types: last resort · No mandatory jurisdiction. · Discretionary jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, disciplinary, certified questions from federal courts, original proceeding, juvenile cases. **COURT OF APPEALS** (4 districts) Intermediate 16 judges (two 4-judge districts, one 3-judge district, one 5-judge district) appellate CSP case types: court Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile cases. · Discretionary jurisdiction in interlocutory decision cases. **CIRCUIT COURT** (69 circuits) Α 240 judges (effective 8/1/99) CSP case types: • Exclusive civil jurisdiction (including civil appeals). Small claims jurisdiction (\$5,000). Court of • DWI/DUI. Exclusive felony, misdemeanor jurisdiction. general • Contested moving traffic, parking, miscellaneous traffic. Ordinance violations if no municipal jurisdiction court. · Exclusive juvenile jurisdiction. Jury trials in most cases. MUNICIPAL COURT (218 courts) 220 judges Court of CSP case types: limited · DWI/DUI (first offense). jurisdiction · Traffic/other violation. No jury trials.

WYOMING COURT STRUCTURE, 1999

SUPREME COURT Α 5 justices sit en banc Court of CSP case types: last resort Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, capital criminal, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, disciplinary, certified questions from federal courts, original proceeding cases. Discretionary jurisdiction in extraordinary writs (writs of review). **DISTRICT COURT (9 districts)** Α 17 judges CSP case types: Court of • Tort, contract, real property rights (\$1,000-\$7,000/no maximum [depends on whether appeal is general from county court or justice of the peace court]). Exclusive domestic relations (except for jurisdiction domestic violence), mental health, estate, civil appeals, miscellaneous civil jurisdiction. Exclusive felony, criminal appeals jurisdiction. · Exclusive juvenile jurisdiction. Jury trials. JUSTICE OF THE PEACE COURT* **MUNICIPAL COURT** (79 courts) (8 courts in 9 counties) 2 judges (full-time), 73 judges (part-time) 8 justices of the peace (part-time) CSP case types: CSP case types: DWI/DUI. Tort, contract, real property rights Moving traffic, parking, miscellaneous traffic. (\$0/\$3,000), small claims (\$3,000). Exclusive ordinance violation jurisdiction. Misdemeanor, DWI/DUI. Moving traffic, parking, miscellaneous traffic/ other violation. Preliminary hearings. Courts of Jury trials except in small claims. Jury trials. limited jurisdiction COUNTY COURT* (20 courts in 14 counties) 20 judges CSP case types: • Tort, contract, real property rights (\$0/\$7,000), small claims (\$3,000), domestic violence. · Misdemeanor, DWI/DUI. · Moving traffic, parking, miscellaneous traffic violation. Preliminary hearings. Jury trials except in small claims.

^{*} Effective 1/1/99, two of the Justice of the Peace Courts will become County Courts.

Jurisdiction and State Court Reporting Practices

FIGURE A: Reporting Periods for All State Courts, 1999

		Reporting periods		
	January 1, 1999 to	July 1, 1998 to	September 1, 1998 to	October 1, 1998 to
State	December 31, 1999	June 30, 1999	August 31, 1999	September 30, 1999
Alabama				Χ
Alaska		Χ		
Arizona		X		
Arkansas		X		
California		Χ		
Colorado		Χ		
Connecticut	X Probate Court	Χ		
Delaware		Χ		
District of Columbia	Х			
Florida	X			
Georgia	X		X	
	All trial courts		Supreme Court	
	Court of Appeals		(Aug. 1, 1997-	
			July 31, 1998)	
Hawaii		Х		
Idaho	Χ			
Illinois	X			
Indiana	X			
lowa	X			
Kansas		X		
Kentucky		X		
Louisiana	X	V		
Maine		X		
Maryland Massachusetts		X X	X	
iviassacriusetts		^	Supreme Judicial Court	
Michigan	X			
Minnesota	X			
Mississippi		Х		
Missouri		Χ		
Montana	X			
Nebraska	X	Χ		
	Supreme Court	Workers'		
	Court of Appeals	Compensation Court		
	District Court			
	County Court			
	Separate Juvenile			

FIGURE A: Reporting Periods for All State Courts, 1999 (continued)

		Reporting periods		
	January 1, 1999	July 1, 1998	September 1, 1998	October 1, 1998
State	to December 31, 1999	to June 30, 1999	to August 31, 1999	to September 30, 199
Jiaic	December 31, 1777	Julie 30, 1777	August 51, 1777	September 30, 177
Nevada	Χ		Χ	
	District Court		Supreme Court	
New Hampshire	X			
New Jersey		Χ		
New Mexico		X		
New York	X			
North Carolina		Χ		
North Dakota	X			
Ohio	X			
Oklahoma		Χ		
Oregon	X			
Pennsylvania	X			
Puerto Rico	X	Χ		
	All appellate courts	Trial court		
Rhode Island	Χ			
South Carolina		Χ		
South Dakota		Χ		
Tennessee	X	Χ		
	Juvenile Court			
	Probate Court			
Texas			Χ	
Utah	X	Χ		
	All appellate courts	All trial courts		
Vermont		Χ		
Virginia	X			
Washington	Х			
West Virginia	X			
Wisconsin	X			
Wyoming	X			

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, an "X" means that all of the trial and appellate courts in that state report data for the time period indicated by the column.

Source: State administrative offices of the courts.

FIGURE B: Methods of Counting Cases in State Appellate Courts, 1999

			Case co	unted at:		Case	filed with:	reins		urt count ened cases new filings?
State/Court name:	Court type	Notice of appeal	Filing of The trial record	Record plus briefs	Other point	Trial court	Appellate court	No	Rarely	Yes, or frequently as new case
ALABAMA:										
Supreme Court	COLR	Χ	Ο	Ο	Ο	Χ	Ο	Χ	Ο	0
Court of Civil Appeals	IAC	X	0	0	0	X	0	X	0	0
Court of Criminal Appeals	IAC	Х	0	0	0	Х	0	Х	0	0
ALASKA:										
Supreme Court	COLR	Х	0	0	0	Х	0			PARATELY
Court of Appeals	IAC	Х	Ο	0	Ο	Χ	0	IDE	NTIFIED SE	PARATELY
ARIZONA:										
Supreme Court	COLR	X-CR	0	0	Χ*	0	Ο	IDEN	NTIFIED SE	PARATELY
Court of Appeals	IAC	X-CR*	X*	X*	X	O (except industrial cases & civil petition for special action)	X (only indus- trial cases & civil petition for special action)		NTIFIED SE	PARATELY
ARKANSAS:										
Supreme Court	COLR	0	Χ	Ο	Ο	Χ	Ο	0	Χ	0
Court of Appeals	IAC	Ο	Χ	0	Ο	Χ	Ο	0	X	0
CALIFORNIA: Supreme Court	COLR	Х*	Х	0	0	X (death penalty	COLR (if petition for review		0	0
Courts of Appeal	IAC	Х	Х	O	0	only)	of IAC) O	Х	0	0
COLORADO:										
Supreme Court	COLR	Χ	0	0	O	0	Χ	IDENT	IFIED SEF	ARATELY
Court of Appeals	IAC	Χ	Ο	0	Ο	0	Χ	IDENT	IFIED SEF	ARATELY
CONNECTICUT:										
Supreme Court	COLR	Х	0	0	0	X	0	X (if motion to open)	0	0
Appellate Court	IAC	Х	O	0	O	X	0	X (if motion to open or if remand by COLR)	0	0
DELAWARE: Supreme Court	COLR	Х	0	0	0	0	Х	Х	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: Court of Appeals	COLR	Х	0	0	0	Х	0	IDENT	IFIED SEP	ARATELY

FIGURE B: Methods of Counting Cases in State Appellate Courts, 1999 (continued)

			Case cou	unted at:		Case f	filed with:	reins		urt count ened cases new filings?
State/Court name:	Court type	Notice of appeal	Filing of The trial record	Record plus briefs	Other point	Trial court	Appellate court	No_	Rarely	Yes, or frequently as new case
FLORIDA: Supreme Court District Courts of Appeal	COLR IAC	X X	0 0	0 0	O O	X X	IAC (ADM. AGY. and Workers' Comp.)	X X	0 0	0 0
GEORGIA: Supreme Court	COLR	0	Х	0	Х	O (no	X otice of appeal)	0	0	X (if new appeal)
Court of Appeals	IAC	0	Χ	0	0	Χ	Χ	Χ	0	О
HAWAII: Supreme Court	COLR	0	Х	0	О	X	X (original proceedings)	0	0	Х
Intermediate Court of Appeals	IAC	0	O	0	X (when assigned by COLR)	O	O O	0	0	X
IDAHO: Supreme Court	COLR	Х	0	0	X (appeal from trial court)	X (COLR if appeal from IAC)	Х	0	Х	0
Court of Appeals	IAC	0	Ο	0	X (when assigned by COLR)	0	0	0	X	0
ILLINOIS: Supreme Court Appellate Court	COLR IAC	X X	0 0	0 0	0 0	O X	X O	X X	0 0	0 0
INDIANA: Supreme Court	COLR	0	0	0	X (any first filing, notice, record, brief, or motion)	X (only death penalty and/or sentence over 10 years)	X COLR (if petition for transfer from IAC)	0	0	X
Court of Appeals	IAC	0	0	0	X (any first filing)	X (praecipe)		0	0	X
Tax Court	IAC	0	0	0	Х	0	0	0	0	Х

FIGURE B: Methods of Counting Cases in State Appellate Courts, 1999 (continued)

			Case cou	unted at:		Case f	iled with:	reins		urt count ened cases new filings?
State/Court name:	Court type	Notice of appeal	Filing of The trial record	Record plus briefs	Other point	Trial court	Appellate court	No	Rarely	Yes, or frequently as new case
IOWA: Supreme Court	COLR	Х	0	0	0	X (if appeal from trial court)		Х	0	0
Court of Appeals	IAC	Ο	O	0	TRANSFER (if appeal from trial court)	X	0	X	Ο	0
KANSAS:										
Supreme Court	COLR	0	0	0 0	X* X*	X X	0	0	0	X
Court of Appeals	IAC	0	0		Χ"	Х	0	0	0	X
KENTUCKY: Supreme Court	COLR	Х	0	0	0	X (COLR if review is sought from IAC)	X	Х	0	0
Court of Appeals	IAC	Χ	Ο	0	0	X	0	Χ	Ο	O
LOUISIANA: Supreme Court Court of Appeals	COLR IAC	0 0	X X	0 0	0 0	0 0	X X	X X	0 0	0 0
MAINE: Supreme Judicial Court Sitting as Law Court	COLR	Х	0	0	0	Х	0	X (if remand	O ed)	X (if new appeal)
MARYLAND: Court of Appeals	COLR	0	Х	0	0	X (if direct appeal)	X (IAC if appeal from IAC)	0	0	Х
Court of Special Appeals	IAC	Ο	Χ	0	0	Χ	0	Ο	0	Χ
MASSACHUSETTS: Supreme Judicial Court Appeals Court	COLR IAC	0 0	X X	0	0 0	X X	0 0	X O	O X (if original dismissed premature	as

			Case cou	unted at:		Case filed with:		Does the court count reinstated/reopened cases in its count of new filings?		
State/Court name:	Court type	Notice of appeal	Filing of The trial record	Record plus briefs	Other point	Trial court	Appellate court	No_	Rarely	Yes, or frequently as new case
MICHIGAN: Supreme Court	COLR	Х	Ο	0	0	0	X	X (if remanded w/jurisdic- tion retained)		X (if new appeal)
Court of Appeals	IAC	Χ	0	0	0	0	Χ	0	0	Χ
MINNESOTA: Supreme Court Court of Appeals	COLR IAC	X X	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	X X	X X	0	0 0
MISSISSIPPI: Supreme Court Court of Appeals	COLR IAC	X O	0	O O (v	O X when assigned by COLR)	X O	0			PARATELY
MISSOURI: Supreme Court Court of Appeals	COLR IAC	X X	0 0	0 0	0 0	X X	0 0	X X	0 0	0
MONTANA: Supreme Court	COLR	X (notice plus any other filing: fee, record, motion)		0	0	Х	0	Х	0	0
NEBRASKA: Supreme Court Court of Appeals	COLR IAC	X X	0	0	0 0	X X	0	X X	0	0
NEVADA: Supreme Court	COLR	Х	0	0	0	0	Х	IDENTI	FIED SEF	PARATELY
NEW HAMPSHIRE: Supreme Court	COLR	Х	О	0	0	Х	Х	X (if remanded jurisdiction retained)		0
NEW JERSEY: Supreme Court Appellate Division	COLR	Х	0	0	0	0	Х	IDENTI	FIED SEF	PARATELY
of Superior Court	IAC	Χ	0	0	0	0	Χ	IDENTI	FIED SEF	PARATELY

			Case cou	ınted at:		Case	filed with:	reinsta	Does the court count reinstated/reopened cases in its count of new filings?		
State/Court name:	Court type	Notice of appeal	Filing of The trial record	Record plus briefs	Other point	Trial court	Appellate court	_No	Rarely	Yes, or frequently as new case	
NEW MEXICO: Supreme Court	COLR	0	0	0	X (within 30 days	Х	0	Χ	0	0	
Court of Appeals	IAC	0	0	0	of notice) X (within 30 days of notice)	Х	0	IDENTIF	TED SEF	PARATELY	
NEW YORK: Court of Appeals	COLR	Х	0	0	0	Х	0	0	0	Х	
Appellate Divisions of Supreme Court	IAC	0	X	0	0	X	0	X (if remitted for specific issues)		X (if remand- ed for new trial)	
Appellate Terms of Supreme Court	IAC	0	Χ	0	О	Х	O	Х	0	0	
NORTH CAROLINA: Supreme Court	COLR	0	Х	0	0	X (if direct appeal)	X (COLR if appeal from IAC)	X (if petition to rehear)	Х	0	
Court of Appeals	IAC	0	X	0	0	X	0	X (if reconsidering dismissal)	X	0	
NORTH DAKOTA: Supreme Court	COLR	Х	0	О	0	Х	0	0	0	Х	
OHIO:											
Supreme Court	COLR	X	0	0	0	0	IAC	X	0	0	
Court of Appeals	IAC	Х	0	0	0	Χ*	0	Х	0	0	
OKLAHOMA: Supreme Court Court of Criminal Appeals	COLR COLR	X* O (notice plus	O X	0 0	0 0	X X	0 0	X* X*	0 0	X* X*	
Court of Civil Appeals	IAC	transcript) O	0	0	TRANSFER	0	COLR	Χ*	О	Χ*	
OREGON: Supreme Court Court of Appeals	COLR IAC	X	0	0	0	0	X X			PARATELY PARATELY	

			Case cou	unted at:		Case filed with:		Does the court count reinstated/reopened cases in its count of new filings?		
State/Court name:	Court type	Notice of appeal	Filing of The trial record	Record plus briefs	Other point	Trial court	Appellate court	No	Rarely	Yes, or frequently as new case
PENNSYLVANIA:										
Supreme Court	COLR	X (direct appeal only)	0	0	X (discre- tionary certiorari granted)	Х	Х	X (if re- instated to enforce order)	X (if new appeal)	O O
Superior Court	IAC	Χ	0	0	О	Χ	0	X	0	О
Commonwealth Court	IAC	Х	0	0	0	X	Х	O (ADM. AGY.)	0	X
PUERTO RICO:										
Supreme Court	COLR	Χ	Ο	0	О	Х	Χ			EPARATELY
Circuit Court of Appeals	IAC	Χ	0	0	0	Х	Х	YES, IDE	ENTIFIED S	EPARATELY
RHODE ISLAND:	2015		.,				.,			.,
Supreme Court	COLR	0	Х	0	0	0	Х	0	0	Х
SOUTH CAROLINA:										
Supreme Court	COLR	0	Х	0	0	Х	Х	Х	0	0
Court of Appeals	IAC	0	О	0	TRANSFER	0	0	Х	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA: Supreme Court	COLR	Х	0	0	0	Х	0	Х	0	0
TENNESSEE:										
Supreme Court	COLR	X	0	0	0	0	X		TIFIED SEF	
Court of Appeals	IAC	Х	0	0	0	0	X (Court of Appeals)	IDEN ⁻	TIFIED SEF	PARATELY
Court of Criminal Appeals	IAC	Х	0	0	0	0	X (Court of Criminal Appeals)	IDEN ⁻	ΠFIED SEF	PARATELY
TEXAS:										
Supreme Court	COLR	Χ	0	0	0	0	Χ		TIFIED SEF	
Court of Criminal Appeals	COLR	Ο	0	0	X (any first filing)	Х	X (Court of Crim. App		TIFIED SEF	PARATELY
Court of Appeals	IAC	Χ	Ο	0	O	Χ	О		TIFIED SEF	PARATELY
LITALL										
UTAH: Supreme Court	COLR	Х	О	0	0	0	Х	0	0	0
							(ADM. AGY.)			
Court of Appeals	IAC	X	0	0	Ο	Χ	Χ	0	X	0

									Does the court count reinstated/reopened cases			
			Case cou	unted at:		Case	filed with:			new filings?		
			Filing of		<u> </u>			-				
State/Court name:	Court type	Notice of appeal	The trial record	Record plus briefs	Other point	Trial court	Appellate court	No No	Rarely	Yes, or frequently as new case		
VERMONT: Supreme Court	COLR	Х	Ο	Ο	0	X	Ο	X (if dis- missed & reinstated)	0	X (if after final decision or if statistical period has ended)		
VIRGINIA:												
Supreme Court	COLR	Χ	0	0	0	0	Χ	Χ	Ο	Ο		
Court of Appeals	IAC	Х	0	0	0	Х	0	Х	0	0		
WASHINGTON:												
Supreme Court	COLR	Χ	0	0	О	Χ	0	Χ	0	Ο		
Court of Appeals	IAC	Χ	О	О	0	Χ	Ο	Χ	0	0		
WEST VIRGINIA: Supreme Court of Appeals	COLR	Х	0	O	0	Х	Ο	X (counted as new filings as of 8/86)	0	0		
WISCONSIN: Supreme Court	COLR	0	0	0	X (when accepted by court)	0	Х	O	0	X		
Court of Appeals	IAC	Χ	О	0	0	Χ	О	0	0	Χ		
WYOMING: Supreme Court	COLR	0	Х	0	0	0	Х	Х	0	0		

ADM. AGY. = Administrative agency cases only.

CR = Criminal cases only.

CV = Civil cases only.

DP = Death penalty cases only.

COLR = Court of last resort.

IAC = Intermediate appellate court.

X = Yes

0 = No

FOOTNOTES*

Arizona-Supreme Court: Civil cases are counted when the fee is paid within 30 days after trial record is filed.

Arizona-Court of Appeals: Civil cases are counted when the fee is paid within 30 days after trial record is filed. Juvenile/ industrial/habeas corpus cases are counted at receipt of notice or at receipt of the trial record.

California-Supreme Court: Cases are counted at the notice of appeal for discretionary review cases from the IAC.

Kansas: Cases are counted at the docketing, which occurs 21 days after a notice of appeal is filed in the trial court.

Ohio-Court of Appeals: The clerk of the trial court is also the clerk of the Court of Appeals.

Oklahoma: The notice of appeal refers to the petition in error. The courts do not count reinstated cases as new filings, but do count any subsequent appeal of an earlier decided case as a new filing.

Source: State administrative offices of the courts.

FIGURE C: Dollar Amount Jurisdiction for Original Tort, Contract, Real Property Rights, and Small Claims Filings in State Trial Courts, 1999

		Unlimited dollar amount torts, contracts, real property	Limited dollar amount torts, contracts, real property	Small claims					
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Minimum/maximum	Minimum/maximum	Maximum dollar amount	Jury trials	Summary procedures	Lawyers permitted		
ALABAMA:									
Circuit Court	G	\$3,000/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-		
District Court	L	-	\$3,000/\$10,000	\$3,000	No	Yes	Optional		
ALASKA:									
Superior Court	G	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-		
District Court	L	-	0/\$50,000	\$7,500	No	Yes	Yes		
ARIZONA:									
Superior Court	G	\$5,000/No maximum	-	-	-	_	-		
Justice of the Peace Co	urt L	· -	0/\$5,000	\$2,500	No	Yes	No		
ARKANSAS:									
Circuit Court	G	\$100/No maximum	-	-	_	_	_		
Court of Common Pleas		-	\$500/\$1,000	-	-	-	-		
			(contract only)						
Municipal Court	L	-	0/\$5,000	\$5,000	No	Yes	No		
			(contract and						
O'the Oresid Dell's a Oresid			real property)						
City Court, Police Court	L	-	0/\$300	-	-	-	-		
			(contract and real property)						
Justice of the Peace	L	-	real property)	\$300	No	Yes	No		
CALIFORNIA:									
Superior Court	G	\$25,000/No maximum	0/\$25,000	\$5,000	No	Yes	No		
			mited jurisdiction division)						
COLORADO:									
District Court	G	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-		
Water Court	G	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-		
County Court	L	-	0/\$10,000	\$5,000	No	Yes	No		
CONNECTICUT:									
Superior Court	G	0/No maximum	-	\$2,500	No	Yes	Yes		
DELAWARE:									
Court of Chancery	G	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-		
Superior Court	G	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-		
Court of Common Pleas		-	0/\$50,000	-	-	-	-		
Justice of the Peace Co	urt L	-	0/\$15,000	\$15,000	No	Yes	Yes		
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA:									
Superior Court	G	\$5,001/No maximum	-	\$5,000	Yes	Yes	Yes		
		(No minimum for real property)							
		property)							
FLORIDA:		¢15 001/N							
Circuit Court	G	\$15,001/No maximum	- ¢E 001/¢1E 000	- ¢E 000	- Voc	- Voc	- Vaa		
County Court	L	-	\$5,001/\$15,000	\$5,000	Yes	Yes	Yes		

FIGURE C: Dollar Amount Jurisdiction for Original Tort, Contract, Real Property Rights, and Small Claims Filings in State Trial Courts, 1999 (continued)

		Unlimited dollar amount torts, contracts, real property	Limited dollar amount torts, contracts, real property		Small o	laims	
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Minimum/maximum	Minimum/maximum	Maximum dollar amount	Jury trials	Summary procedures	Lawyers permitted
GEORGIA:							
Superior Court	G	0/No maximum	-	No max	Yes	No	Yes
State Court	L	0/No maximum (No real property)	-	No max	Yes	No	Yes
Civil Court (Bibb & Richmond counties only)	L	-	0/\$7,500 - 0/\$25,000 (Bibb) - (Richmond)	\$25,000	Yes	Yes	Yes
Magistrate Court	L	-	0/\$5,000 (No real property)	\$5,000	No	Yes	Yes
Municipal Court (Columbus)	L	-	0/\$15,000	\$15,000	Yes	Yes	Yes
HAWAII:							
Circuit Court District Court	G L	\$10,000/No maximum -	0/\$20,000 (No maximum in summary possession or ejectment)	\$3,500 (Except in residential security de- posit cases)	- No	- Yes	- Yes
IDAHO:							
District Court Magistrates Division	G L	0/No maximum -	- 0/\$10,000	- \$3,000	- No	- Yes	- No
ILLINOIS:							
Circuit Court	G	0/No maximum	-	\$2,500	Yes	Yes	Yes
INDIANA:							
Superior Court and							
Circuit Court	G	0/No maximum	-	\$3,000	No	Yes	Yes
County Court	L	-	0/\$10,000	\$3,000	No	Yes	Yes
Small Claims Court of Marion County	1		_	\$6,000	No	Yes	Yes
City Court	L	-	0/\$500- \$3,000 (No real property)	\$0,000 -	-	-	-
IOWA: District Court	G	0/No maximum	-	\$4,000	No	Yes	Yes
KANSAS:							
District Court	G	0/No maximum	-	\$1,800	No	Yes	No
KENTUCKY:							
Circuit Court	G	\$4,000/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
District Court	L	-	0/\$4,000	\$1,500	No	Yes	Yes
LOUISIANA:							
District Court	G	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
City Court, Parish Court		-	0/\$15,000	\$2,000	No	Yes	Yes
(New Orleans City Court) L	-	0/\$20,000	\$2,000	No	Yes	Yes
Justice of the Peace Co	urt L	-	0/\$2,000	\$2,000	No	Yes	Yes

FIGURE C: Dollar Amount Jurisdiction for Original Tort, Contract, Real Property Rights, and Small Claims Filings in State Trial Courts, 1999 (continued)

		Unlimited dollar amount torts, contracts, real property	Limited dollar amount torts, contracts, real property		Small o	elaims	
				Maximum	Sindire	Summary	Lawyers
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Minimum/maximum	Minimum/maximum	dollar amount	Jury trials	procedures	permitted
MAINE:							
Superior Court	G	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
District Court	L	-	0/\$30,000	\$4,500	No	Yes	Yes
MARYLAND:							
Circuit Court	G	\$2,500/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
District Court	L	0/No maximum (only real property)	\$2,500/\$25,000 (only tort, contract)	\$2,500	No	Yes	Yes
MASSACHUSETTS:							
Superior Court	G	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
Housing Court	L	0/No maximum	-	\$2,000	No	No	Yes
District Court Boston Municipal	L	0/No maximum	-	\$2,000	Yes	Yes	Yes
Court	L	0/No maximum	-	\$2,000	Yes	Yes	Yes
MICHIGAN:							
Circuit Court	G	\$25,000/No maximum	-	-	-	-	_
District Court	Ĺ	-	0/\$25,000	\$3,000	No	Yes	No
Municipal Court	Ĺ	-	0/\$1,500	\$100	No	Yes	No
MINNESOTA:							
District Court	G	0/No maximum	-	\$7,500	No	Yes	Yes
MISSISSIPPI:							
Circuit Court	G	\$200/No maximum					
County Court	L		0/\$75,000	-	-	-	-
Justice Court	L		0/\$2,500	-	-	-	-
MISSOURI:							
Circuit Court	G	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
(Associate Division)	L	-	0/\$25,000	\$3,000	No	Yes	Yes
MONTANA:							
District Court	G	\$50/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
Justice of the Peace Co	urt L	-	0/\$5,000	\$3,000	No	Yes	No
Municipal Court	L	-	0/\$5,000	\$3,000	No	Yes	No
City Court	L	-	0/\$5,000	\$3,000	No	Yes	No
NEBRASKA:							
District Court	G	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
County Court	L	-	0/\$15,000	\$2,100	No	Yes	No
NEVADA:							
District Court	G	\$7,500/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
Justice Court	L	-	0/\$7,500	\$5,000	No	Yes	Yes
Municipal Court	L	-	0/\$2,500	-	-	-	-
NEW HAMPSHIRE:							
Superior Court	G	\$1,500/No maximum	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-
District Court	L	-	0/\$25,000	\$5,000	No	Yes	Yes
Municipal Court	L	-	0/\$2,500 (only landlord-tenant, and small claims)	\$5,000	No	Yes	Yes

FIGURE C: Dollar Amount Jurisdiction for Original Tort, Contract, Real Property Rights, and Small Claims Filings in State Trial Courts, 1999 (continued)

		Unlimited dollar amount torts, contracts, real property	Limited dollar amount torts, contracts, real property		Small c	laims	
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Minimum/maximum	Minimum/maximum	Maximum dollar amount	Jury trials	Summary procedures	Lawyers permitted
NEW JERSEY:							
Superior Court (Law Divisi							
and Chancery Division	n) G	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
(Law Division, Special Civil Part)	L		0/\$10,000	\$2,000	No	Yes	Yes
Special Civil Part)	L	-	0/\$10,000	\$2,000	INU	162	162
NEW MEXICO:							
District Court	G	0/No maximum	- 0/¢F 000	-	-	-	-
Magistrate Court	L	-	0/\$5,000	-	-	-	-
Metropolitan Court of Bernalillo County	L	_	0/\$5,000	_	_	_	_
			0/\$5,000				
NEW YORK:	0	0/81					
Supreme Court County Court	G G	0/No maximum	- 0/\$25,000	-	-	-	-
Civil Court of the City	G	-	0/\$25,000	-	-	-	-
of New York	L	_	0/\$25,000	\$3,000	_	Yes	Yes
City Court	Ĺ	<u>-</u>	0/\$15,000	\$3,000	_	Yes	Yes
District Court	Ĺ	<u>-</u>	0/\$15,000	\$3,000	_	Yes	Yes
Court of Claims	Ĺ	0/No maximum	-	-	_	-	-
Town Court and Village	_						
Justice Court	L	-	0/\$3,000	\$3,000	-	Yes	Yes
NORTH CAROLINA:							
Superior Court	G	\$10,000/No maximum	-	-	_	-	_
District Court	L	-	0/\$10,000	\$3,000	No	Yes	Yes
NORTH DAKOTA:							
District Court	G	0/No maximum	-	\$5,000	No	Yes	Varies
OHIO:	_	¢E00/No movimum					
Court of Common Pleas County Court	G	\$500/No maximum	0/\$3,000	\$2.000	No	Yes	Yes
Municipal Court	L L	-	0/\$3,000	\$2,000 \$2,000	No	Yes	Yes
iviuriicipai Court	L	-	0/\$10,000	\$2,000	INO	163	163
OKLAHOMA:							
District Court	G	0/No maximum	-	\$3,000	Yes	Yes	Yes
OREGON:							
Circuit Court	G	\$10,001/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
Justice Court	L	-	\$750/\$3,500	\$3,500	No	Yes	No
PENNSYLVANIA:							
Court of Common Pleas	G	0/No maximum	-	_	-	-	-
District Justice Court	Ĺ	- -	0/\$8,000	-	-	-	-
Philadelphia Municipal							
Court	L	-	0/\$10,000 (real property jurisdiction only)	\$10,000	No	Yes	Yes
Pittsburgh City			,,,				
Magistrates Court	L	0/No maximum (real property jurisdiction only)	-	-	-	-	-

FIGURE C: Dollar Amount Jurisdiction for Original Tort, Contract, Real Property Rights, and Small Claims Filings in State Trial Courts, 1999 (continued)

		Unlimited dollar amount torts, contracts, real property	Limited dollar amount torts, contracts, real property		Small c	laims	
		——————————————————————————————————————		Maximum	Siliali C		Lountoro
State/Court name: Ju	risdiction	Minimum/maximum	Minimum/maximum	Maximum dollar amount	Jury trials	Summary procedures	Lawyers permitted
PUERTO RICO:							
Court of First Instance	G	-	-	-	-	-	-
Superior Division		\$0/No maximum	- #2.001/#E0.000	-	-	-	-
District Subsection Municipal Division		-	\$3,001/\$50,000 0/\$3,000	-	-	-	-
RHODE ISLAND:							
Superior Court	G	\$5,000/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
District Court	District Court L -		\$1,500/\$5,000- \$10,000	\$1,500	No	Yes	Yes
SOUTH CAROLINA:							
Circuit Court	G	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
Magistrate Court	L	- (1	0/\$5,000* No max. in landlord-tenant)	\$5,000*	Yes	Yes	Yes
SOUTH DAKOTA:	_						
Circuit Court	G	0/No maximum	-	\$8,000	No	Yes	Yes
TENNESSEE:							
Circuit Court, Chancery Court	G	\$50/No maximum	_	_	_	_	_
General Sessions Court	L	0/No maximum	0/\$10,000 (All civil	\$10,000-	No	Yes	Yes
		(Forcible entry,	actions in counties	15,000			
		detainer, and in	with population under				
		actions to recover personal property)	700,000); 0/\$15,000 (All civil actions in				
		personarproperty)	counties with popula-				
			tion over 700,000)				
TEXAS:							
District Court	G	\$200/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
County Court at Law, Consti tutional County Court	- L	_	\$200/varies	_	_	_	_
Justice of the Peace Court		-	0/\$5,000	\$5,000	Yes	Yes	Yes
UTAH:							
District Court	G	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
Justice Court	L	-	0/\$5,000	\$5,000	No	Yes	Yes
VERMONT:	C	0/No maximum					
Superior Court District Court	G G	0/NO 111aXII11u111 -	-	\$3,500	Yes	Yes	Yes
VIRGINIA:							
Circuit Court	G	\$3,000/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
District Court	L	-	0/\$15,000	-	-	-	-
WASHINGTON:		0.00					
Superior Court District Court	G L	0/No maximum -	- 0/\$35,000	- \$2,500	- No	Yes	No
WEST VIRGINIA:							
Circuit Court	G	\$300/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
Magistrate Court	L	_	0/\$5,000	_	_	_	_

FIGURE C: Dollar Amount Jurisdiction for Original Tort, Contract, Real Property Rights, and Small Claims Filings in State Trial Courts, 1999 (continued)

		Unlimited dollar amount torts, contracts, real property	Limited dollar amount torts, contracts, real property		Small c	laims	
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Minimum/maximum	Minimum/maximum	Maximum dollar amount	Jury trials	Summary procedures	Lawyers permitted
WISCONSIN: Circuit Court	G	0/No maximum	-	\$5,000	Yes	Yes	Yes
WYOMING:							
District Court	G	\$1,000-\$7,000/No maximum	m -	-	-	-	-
County Court	L	-	0/\$7,000	\$3,000	No	Yes	Yes
Justice of the Peace Co	urt L	-	0/\$3,000	\$3,000	No	Yes	Yes

JURISDICTION CODES:

G = General jurisdiction court. L = Limited jurisdiction court.

- = Information not available.

FOOTNOTES*

South Carolina-Magistrate Court: Tort, contract, real property and small claims jurisdiction increases to \$7,500 effective July 1, 2000.

Source: State administrative offices of the courts.

FIGURE D: Criminal Case Unit of Count Used by State Trial Courts, 1999

			Number	of defendants		Contents of char	ging documen	t
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Point of counting a criminal case	One	One or more	Single charge	Single incident (set # of charges per case)	Single incident (unlimited # of charges)	One or more incidents
ALABAMA:								
Circuit Court	G	Information/Indictment	X				X	
District Court	L	Complaint	X				Χ	
Municipal Court	L	Complaint	Х		Х			
ALASKA:								
Superior Court	G	Indictment	Χ	r	nultiple charg	es	Χ	
District Court	L	Complaint	Χ		multiple coun	ts	Χ	
ARIZONA:								
Superior Court	G	Information/indictment	Χ					Χ
Justice of the Peace Cour		Complaint			Va	ries with jurisdic	tion*	
Municipal Court	L	Complaint				ries with jurisdic		
ARKANSAS:								
Circuit Court	G	Information/indictment	Χ					Χ
Municipal Court	Ĺ	Complaint	X		Х			,,
City Court, Police Court	Ĺ	Complaint	X		X			
CALIFORNIA:								
Superior Court	G	Information/indictment	Х				Х	
COLORADO:								
District Court	G	Complaint	Χ					Х
County Court	L	Complaint/summons	X					X
CONNECTICUT:							(varies among	<u> </u>
Superior Court	G	Information	Χ				local police	•
Caponor Court	J		,				departments)	
DELAWARE:								
Superior Court	G	Information/indictment	Χ				Χ	
Family Court	L	Petition	Χ				Х	
Justice of the Peace Cour	t L	Complaint	Χ		Χ			
Court of Common Pleas	L	Complaint	Χ				Χ	
Alderman's Court	L	Complaint	Χ		Χ			
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA:								
Superior Court	G	Complaint/information/ indictment	Х				Χ	
FLORIDA:								
Circuit Court	G	Information/indictment	Χ			(pr	osecutor decid	les)
County Court	L	Complaint	Χ			**	Χ	

FIGURE D: Criminal Case Unit of Count Used by State Trial Courts, 1999 (continued)

			Numbe	r of defendants		Contents of char	ging docume	nt
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Point of counting a criminal case	One	One or more	Single charge	Single incident (set # of charges per case)	Single incident (unlimited # of charges)	One or more incidents
GEORGIA:								
Superior Court	G	Indictment/accusation		Χ			X	
State Court	L	Accusation/citation		Χ			Х	
Magistrate Court	L	Accusation/citation	Χ				Χ	
Probate Court	L	Accusation/citation	Χ				Χ	
Municipal Court	L	No data reported						
Civil Court	L	No data reported						
County Recorder's Court Municipal Courts and the	L	No data reported						
City Court of Atlanta	L	No data reported						
HAWAII:								
Circuit Court	G	Complaint/indictment	Х				Х	(most seriou:
District Court	L	First appearance/	X		Х		^	charge)
District Court	_	information	Α		Λ			charge
IDAHO:								
District Court	G	Information		Χ				Χ
Magistrates Division	Ĺ	Complaint		X				X
ILLINOIS:								
Circuit Court	G	Complaint/information/ indictment		X			X	
INDIANA:								
Superior Court and Circuit Court	G	Information/indictment	Χ				Χ	(may not be consistent)
County Court	L	Information/complaint	Χ				Χ	(may not be consistent)
City Court and Town Cour	t L	Information/complaint	Х				Х	(may not be consistent)
IOWA:								
District Court	G	Information/indictment	Χ				Х	
KANSAS:								
District Court	G	First appearance	Х				Х	
KENTUCKY:								
Circuit Court	G	Information/indictment	Χ				Χ	
District Court	L	Complaint/citation	Х				Χ	
LOUISIANA:								
District Court	G	Information/indictment	Varies			Varies		
City and Parish Court	L	Information/complaint	Χ		Χ			
MAINE:								
Superior Court	G	Information/indictment	Χ	(Sometimes more than one)			Varies court	t
District Court	L	Information/complaint	Χ		Χ			

FIGURE D: Criminal Case Unit of Count Used by State Trial Courts, 1999 (continued)

			Number	of defendants		Contents of cha	rging docume	nt
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Point of counting a criminal case	One	One or more	Single charge	Single incident (set # of charges per case)	Single incident (unlimited # of charges)	One or more incidents
MARYLAND:								
Circuit Court District Court	G L	Information/indictment Citation/information	X X				X X	
MASSACHUSETTS:								
Superior Court	G	Information/indictment	Χ					Χ
Housing Court	L	Complaint	X					X
District Court Boston Municipal Ct.	L L	Complaint Complaint	X X					X X
MICHIGAN:								
Circuit Court	G	Information	Χ		Varies	s, depending on	prosecutor	
District Court	L	Complaint	Χ			s, depending on		
Municipal Court	L	Complaint	Х		Varies	s, depending on	prosecutor	
MINNESOTA: District Court	G	First appearance	Х				Х	
		i iistappearance					^	
MISSISSIPPI:	0	La distance at	V					V
Circuit Court County Court	G L	Indictment Affidavit/accusation	X X					X X
Justice Court	L	Affidavit/accusation	X					X
MISSOURI:								
Circuit Court	G	Information/indictment		Χ			Χ	
(Associate Division)	L	Complaint/Information		Х			Х	
MONTANA:								
District Court	G	Information/indictment	V	X			X	
Justice of Peace Court Municipal Court	L L	Complaint Complaint	X X				X X	
City Court	L,	Complaint	X				X	
NEBRASKA:								
District Court	G	Information/indictment	Х				X	(not consistently observed statewide)
County Court	L	Information/complaint	Х				Χ	Statewide
NEVADA:								
District Court	G	Information/indictment	Varies			s, depending on		
Justice Court	L	Complaint	Varies			s, depending on		
Municipal Court	L	Complaint	Varies		Varies	s, depending on	prosecutor	
NEW HAMPSHIRE:	_							
Superior Court District Court	G	Information/indictment	X		X			
District Court Municipal Court	L L	Complaint Complaint	X X		X X			
NEW JERSEY:								
Superior Court (Law Division	on) G	Accusation/indictment	Χ				Х	Χ
Municipal Court	L	Complaint	Χ				Х	Χ

FIGURE D: Criminal Case Unit of Count Used by State Trial Courts, 1999 (continued)

		_	Number	of defendants		Contents of cha	ging docum	ent
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Point of counting a criminal case	One	One or more	Single charge	Single incident (set # of charges per case)	Single incident (unlimited of charges	
NEW MEXICO:								
District Court	G	Indictment/information	Χ				Χ	
Magistrate Court	L	Complaint	Χ				Χ	
Bernalillo County								
Metropolitan Court	L	Complaint	Х				Х	
NEW YORK:								
Supreme Court	G	Defendant/indictment		X		s depending on p		
County Court	G	Defendant/indictment		Χ	Varies	s depending on p	rosecutor	
Criminal Court of the								
City of New York	L	Defendant/docket		X		s depending on p		
District Court and City Cou	ırt L	Defendant/docket		Х	Varies	s depending on p	rosecutor	
Town Court and Village		21/2						
Justice Court	L	N/A			Varies	s depending on p	rosecutor	
NORTH CAROLINA:								
Superior Court	G T	ransfer (from District Court) X		Varies	s depending on p	rosecutor	
		Indictment (when case						
		originates in Superior Court)						
District Court		Varrant/summons (includes			Varies	s depending on p	rosecutor	
	C	citations, Magistrates order,						
		misdemeanor statement						
		of charges)						
NORTH DAKOTA:								
District Court	G	Information/indictment	Χ				Χ	(may vary)
Municipal Court	L	Complaint	Χ				Χ	
OHIO:								
Court of Common Pleas	G	Arraignment	Χ				Χ	
County Court	L	Warrant/summons	Χ				Χ	
Municipal Court	L	Warrant/summons	Χ				Χ	
Mayor's Court	L	No data reported						
OKLAHOMA:								
District Court	G	Information/indictment		Χ				Χ
OREGON:								
Circuit Court	G	Complaint/indictment	Х				Х	
Justice Court	L	Complaint	^	X	(numh	per of charges no		statewide)
Municipal Court	L	Complaint		X	X	.s. or originges in	501151510111	o.u.owiuo)
	-	pionit						
PENNSYLVANIA:								
Court of Common Pleas	G	Information/docket	.,				.,	
District I II C		transcript	X				X	
District Justice Court	L	Complaint	X				X	
Philadelphia Municipal Court		Complaint	X			X		
Pittsburgh City Magistrates C	Ct. L	Complaint	Х				Х	
PUERTO RICO:								
Court of First Instance	G	Indictment	Χ		Χ			

FIGURE D: Criminal Case Unit of Count Used by State Trial Courts, 1999 (continued)

			Number	of defendants		Contents of cha	rging documen	t
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Point of counting a criminal case	One	One or more	Single charge	Single incident (set # of charges per case)		One or more incidents
RHODE ISLAND:								
Superior Court District Court	G L	Information/indictment Complaint	X X					X X
SOUTH CAROLINA:								
Circuit Court	G	Warrant/summons	Χ		Χ			
Magistrate Court	L	Warrant/summons	Χ		Χ			
Municipal Court	L	Warrant/summons	Χ		Χ			
SOUTH DAKOTA:								
Circuit Court	G	Complaint	Χ				Χ	
TENNESSEE:								
Circuit Court and Criminal C	ourt G	Information/indictment	Χ		Χ			
General Sessions Court	L	No data reported	^		,			
Municipal Court	L	No data reported						
TEXAS:								
District Court and								
Criminal District Court	G	Information/indictment	Χ				Χ	
County-level Courts	Ĺ	Complaint/information	X				X	
Municipal Court	L	Complaint	Χ		Χ			
Justice of the Peace Cour	t L	Complaint	Χ		Χ			
UTAH:								
District Court	G	Information		Χ				Χ
Justice Court	L	Citation	Χ				Χ	
VERMONT:								
District Court	G	Arraignment	Х					Χ
VIRGINIA:								
Circuit Court	G	Information/indictment	Χ		Χ			
District Court	L	Warrant/summons	Χ		Χ			
WASHINGTON:								
Superior Court	G	(Original) Information	Χ					Χ
District Court	Ĺ	Complaint/citation	Χ			Х (Typically no mo	
Municipal Court	L	Complaint/citation	Χ			Χ	than 3 charges	
WEST VIRGINIA:								
Circuit Court	G	Information/indictment	Χ					Χ
Magistrate Court	L	Complaint			Χ			Χ
Municipal Court	L	Complaint	Χ		Χ			
WISCONSIN:								
	G	Initial appearance	Χ					Χ
Circuit Court								

FIGURE D: Criminal Case Unit of Count Used by State Trial Courts, 1999 (continued)

			Number	of defendants		Contents of char	ging documen	t
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Point of counting a criminal case	One	One or more	Single charge	Single incident (set # of charges per case)	Single incident (unlimited # of charges)	One or more incidents
WYOMING:								
District Court	G	Information/indictment		Χ				Χ
County Court	L	Citation/information		Χ				Χ
Justice of the Peace Cour	t L	Citation/information		Χ				Χ
Municipal Court	L	Citation/information	Χ		Χ			

JURISDICTION CODES:

FOOTNOTES*

G = General jurisdiction court. L = Limited jurisdiction court. Arizona-Varies in limited jurisdiction courts. Prosecutor can file long form. Long form can involve one or more defendants and/or charges. Misdemeanors can also be included on citations.

Wisconsin-Municipal Court-The court has exclusively civil jurisdiction, but its caseload includes first offense DWI/DUI cases. The *State Court Model Statistical Dictionary* treats all DWI/DUI cases as a subcategory of criminal cases.

Source: State administrative offices of the courts.

FIGURE E: Juvenile Unit of Count Used in State Trial Courts, 1999

		Filings ar	e counted	Disposition	on counted	
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	At intake or referral	At filing of petition or complaint	At adjudication of petition	At disposition of juvenile	Age at which juvenile jurisdiction transfers to adult courts
ALABAMA:						
Circuit Court	G		Χ	X		18
District Court	L		X	X		18
ALASKA: Superior Court	G		Х	Х		18
ARIZONA: Superior Court	G		Х	Х		18
ARKANSAS: Chancery Court	G		Х		Х	18*
CALIFORNIA: Superior Court	G		Х	X		18
COLORADO: District Court (includes Denver Juvenile	G Court)		X		Х	18
CONNECTICUT: Superior Court	G	Х			Х	16
DELAWARE: Family Court	L (special)		Х	Х		18
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: Superior Court	G	Х			Х	18*
FLORIDA: Circuit Court	G		Х	Х		18
GEORGIA: Juvenile Court	L (special)		Х		Х	17*
HAWAII: Circuit Court	G (Family Court Division)	Х		Х		16
IDAHO: District Court Magistrates Division	G L		X X	X X		18 18
ILLINOIS: Circuit Court	G		Х		Х	17 (15 for first-degree murder, aggravated criminal sexual assault, armed robbery, robbery with a firearm, and unlawful use of weapons on school grounds)

FIGURE E: Juvenile Unit of Count Used in State Trial Courts, 1999 (continued)

		Filings are counted		Disposition counted		
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	At intake or referral	At filing of petition or complaint	At adjudication of petition	At disposition of juvenile	Age at which juvenile jurisdiction transfers to adult courts
INDIANA: Superior Court and Circuit Cour Probate Court	t G L		X X	X X		18 18
IOWA: District Court	G		Х	Disposition data are not collected		18
KANSAS: District Court	G		Х		Х	18 14 (for traffic violation) 16 (for fish and game) 10 (if waived to adult status)
KENTUCKY: District Court	L		Х	Х		18
LOUISIANA: District Court Family Court and Juvenile Cour	G rt G		X X	X X		17 17 (15 for first- and second-degree murder, manslaughter, and aggravated rape)
City Court	L		X	X		16 (for armed robbery, aggravated burglary, and aggravated kidnapping)
MAINE: District Court	L		Х		Х	18
MARYLAND: Circuit Court District Court	G L		X X		X X	18 18
MASSACHUSETTS: District Court Juvenile Court	L L		X X	X X		17 17
MICHIGAN: Probate Court	L		Х		Х	17
MINNESOTA: District Court	G		X	Х		18

FIGURE E: Juvenile Unit of Count Used in State Trial Courts, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Filings are counted		Disposition counted		
		At intake or referral	At filing of petition or complaint	At adjudication of petition	At disposition of juvenile	Age at which juvenile jurisdiction transfers to adult courts
MISSISSIPPI: County Court Family Court	L L		X X	X X		18 18
MISSOURI: Circuit Court	G		Х	Х		17
MONTANA: District Court	G		Х		Х	18
NEBRASKA: Separate Juvenile Court County Court	L L		X X		X X	18 18
NEVADA: District Court	G		Varies by district		Varies by district	18*
NEW HAMPSHIRE: District Court	L		X		Х	18 16 (for traffic violation) 15 (for some felony charges)
NEW JERSEY:* Superior Court	G	Х		Х		18 complaint
NEW MEXICO: District Court	G		X	Х		18
NEW YORK: Family Court	L		X		Х	16 (except for specified felonies, 13, 14, 15)
NORTH CAROLINA: District Court	L		X (first filing only)	X		16 (13-, 14- and 15-year- olds may be transfer- red (after the court finds probable cause) only as follows: if the offense is first degree murder, the court must transfer juris- diction; for other felony-level offenses, the court may exercise discretion to transfer jurisdiction.)
NORTH DAKOTA: District Court	G		Х		Х	18
OHIO: Court of Common Pleas	G	X (warrant)			Х	18

FIGURE E: Juvenile Unit of Count Used in State Trial Courts, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:		Filings are	Filings are counted		Disposition counted	
	Jurisdiction	At intake or referral	At filing of petition or complaint	At adjudication of petition	At disposition of juvenile	Age at which juvenile jurisdiction transfers to adult courts
OKLAHOMA: District Court	G		X (case number)	Х		18
OREGON: Circuit Court County Court	G L		X X	Dispositions are not counted		18* 18
PENNSYLVANIA: Court of Common Pleas	G	X (delinquency)	X (dependency)	Х		18
PUERTO RICO: Court of First Instance	G		Х		Х	18 (but court keeps authority until processed minor turns 21)
RHODE ISLAND: Family Court	L		Х	Х		18
SOUTH CAROLINA: Family Court	L		Х	Х		17
SOUTH DAKOTA: Circuit Court	G	Х		х		18
TENNESSEE: General Sessions Court Juvenile Court	L L	Х	(Data are	e reported with Juven	ile Court data) X	18
TEXAS: District Court County Court at Law,	G		Х		Х	17
Constitutional County Court, Probate Court	L		Х		X	17
UTAH: Juvenile Court	L		Х		Х	18
VERMONT: Family Court	G		Х		Х	16*
VIRGINIA: District Court	L		Х		Х	18
WASHINGTON: Superior Court	G		Х	Х		18
WEST VIRGINIA: Circuit Court	G		Х		Х	18
WISCONSIN: Circuit Court	G		Х	Х		17
WYOMING: District Court	G		Х	Х		19

JURISDICTION CODES:

G = General jurisdiction court.

L = Limited jurisdiction court.

FOOTNOTES*

Arkansas-At 14, if certain offenses are committed or other factors are involved (e.g., if offense is a felony if committed by an adult and juvenile has been adjudicated delinquent three times within the last two years for acts that would have been felonies if committed by an adult.

District of Columbia-Depending on the severity of the offense a juvenile between the ages of 16-18 can be charged as an adult.

Georgia-Age 18 for deprived juveniles. If 13 and certain offenses are committed (7), Superior Court has jurisdiction unless transferred to Juvenile Court.

New Jersey-All signed juvenile delinquency complaints are filed with the court and are docketed upon receipt (and therefore counted). Once complaints have been docketed they are screened by Court Intake Services and decisions are made as to how complaints will be processed (e.g., diversion, court hearings, etc.).

Nevada-Unless certified at a younger age because of felony charged.

Oregon-At age 15, if certain felony offenses are alleged. Up to age 21 for certain status offenses.

Vermont-At 10, if certain offenses are committed or other factors are involved.

Source: State administrative offices of the courts.

FIGURE F: State Trial Courts with Incidental Appellate Jurisdiction, 1999

State/Court name:		Administrative Agency Appeals	Trial Court Appeals			Carrana
	Jurisdiction		Civil	Criminal	Type of Appeal	Source of Trial Court Appeal
ALABAMA: Circuit Court	G	Х	Х	Χ	de novo	District, Probate, Municipal Courts
ALASKA: Superior Court	G	X	0	0	de novo	
		X	X	X	on the record	District Court
ARIZONA: Superior Court	G	Х	Х	Х	de novo (if no record)	Justice of the Peace, Municipal Court
ARKANSAS: Circuit Court	G	0	Х	Х	de novo	Court of Common Pleas, County, Municipal, City, and Police Courts, and Justice of the Peace
CALIFORNIA: Superior Court	G	Х	Х	X	de novo on the record	Limited Jurisdiction Division
COLORADO: District Court	G	Х	Х	0	on the record	County and Municipal
County Court	L	0	Χ	Χ	de novo not of record	Court of Record Municipal Court
CONNECTICUT: Superior Court	G	Х	Х	0	de novo or on the record	Probate Court
DELAWARE: Superior Court	G	0	X (arbitration)	0		Superior Court
		0 0 0	O X O	X X X	on the record	Family Court Court of Common Pleas
Court of Common Pleas	L	0	Х	X	de novo de novo	Municipal Court of Wilmington Justice of the Peace, Alderman's Courts
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: Superior Court	G	X	0	0	on the record	Office of Employee Appeals, Administra- tive Traffic Agency
FLORIDA: Circuit Court	G	0	Х	0	de novo on the record	County Court
		0	0	X	on the record	County Court

FIGURE F: State Trial Courts with Incidental Appellate Jurisdiction, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name: GEORGIA: Superior Court	<u>Jurisdiction</u>		Trial Court Appeals			_
		Administrative Agency Appeals	Civil	Criminal	Type of Appeal	Source of Trial Court Appeal
		Х	Х	О	de novo or on the record	Probate Court, Magistrate Court
		0	O	X	de novo, on the record, or certiorari	Probate Court, Municipal Court, Magistrate Court, County Recorder's Court
State Court	L	0 0	X O	O X	certiorari on the record	Magistrate Court County Recorder's Court
IAWAII: Circuit Court	G	Х	0	0	de novo	
IDAHO: District Court	G	X (small claims only)	Х	Х	de novo	Magistrates Division
		O O	X	Ο	on the record	Magistrates Division
LINOIS: Circuit Court	G	Х	0	0	on the record	
NDIANA: Superior Court and Circuit Court	G	х	Х	Х	de novo	City and Town Courts
IOWA: District Court	G	X	0	0	de novo	
		О	X	X	on the record	Magistrates Division
(ANSAS: District Court	G	х	Х	X	criminal on the record civil on the record	Criminal (from Municipal Court) Civil (from limited jurisdiction judge)
ENTUCKY: Circuit Court	G	X	Х	Х	on the record	District Court
OUISIANA: District Court	G	х	Х	Х	on the record de novo	City and Parish Justice of the Peace, Mayor's Courts
MAINE: Superior Court	G	Х	Х	Х	on the record	District Court, Administrative Court
MARYLAND: Circuit Court	G	Х	Х	х	de novo, on the record	District Court

FIGURE F: State Trial Courts with Incidental Appellate Jurisdiction, 1999 (continued)

			Trial Co	urt Appeals		
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Administrative Agency Appeals	Civil	Criminal	Type of Appeal	Source of Trial Court Appeal
MASSACHUSETTS: Superior Court	G	Х	Χ	0	de novo, on the record	All limited jurisdiction courts
MICHIGAN: Circuit Court	G	Х	Х	Х	de novo	Municipal Court
					on the record	District, Municipal, and Probate Courts
MINNESOTA: District Court	G	0	Х		de novo	Conciliation Division
MISSISSIPPI:						
Circuit Court	G	Χ	Χ	X	on the record	County Court
		O	О	X	de novo	Municipal Courts
		0	X	Χ	de novo	Justice Courts
Chancery Court	L	X	Х	Х	on the record	Commission
MISSOURI: Circuit Court	G	X	0	0	on the record	
		Х	Х	0	de novo	Municipal Court, Associate Divisions
MONTANA:						
District Court	G	Χ	Х	0	de novo and on the record	Justice of Peace, Municipal, City Courts, and State Boards
		0	0	Х	de novo	and State Boards
NEBRASKA:						
District Court	G	Χ	0	0	de novo on the record	
		О	Х	Х	on the record	County Court
NEVADA:						
District Court	G	Χ	X	X	on the record	Justice Court
		0	0	X	de novo	Municipal Court
		O	Ο	Х	on the record	If Municipal Court is designated court of record
NEW HAMPSHIRE:						
Superior Court	G	Χ	0	X	de novo	District, Municipal, Probate Courts
NEW JERSEY:						
Superior Court	G	0	0	Х	de novo on the record	Municipal Court
NEW MEXICO: District Court	G	Х	Х	X	de novo	Magistrate, Probate, Municipal, Bernalillo County Metropolitan Courts
						(continued on next page

FIGURE F: State Trial Courts with Incidental Appellate Jurisdiction, 1999 (continued)

		A about the total	Trial Co	urt Appeals		6
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Administrative Agency Appeals	Civil	Criminal	Type of Appeal	Source of Trial Court Appeal
NEW YORK: County Court	G	0	Х	Х	on the record	City, Town and Village Justice Courts
NORTH CAROLINA:						
Superior Court	G	X X	O O	X O	de novo de novo on the record	District Court
District Court	L	X O	O X	O X	on the record de novo	Magistrates
NORTH DAKOTA: District Court	G	Х	0	0	Varies	Municipal Court
OHIO:	•			0	d	
Court of Common Pleas	G	X	0	0	de novo and on the record	
County Court	L	0	0	X	de novo	Mayor's Court
Municipal Court Court of Claims	L L	O X	O O	X O	de novo de novo	Mayor's Court
OKLAHOMA:						
District Court	G	X	0	X	de novo on the record	Municipal Court Not of Record
Court of Tax Review	L	Χ	0	0	de novo on the record	
OREGON:						
Circuit Court	G	Χ	Х	Χ	on the record	County Court, Municipal Court, Justice Court
Tax Court	G	Χ	0	0	on the record	Sustice Court
PENNSYLVANIA: Court of Common Pleas	G	Х	Х	0	on the record	Philadelphia Municipal Court, District Justice, Philadelphia Traffic,
Magistrates Court	L	0	О	Х	de novo	Pittsburgh City
PUERTO RICO: Court of First Instance	G	Х	0	0	on the record	
RHODE ISLAND:						
Superior Court	G	X O	O X	O X	on the record de novo	District, Municipal,
District Court	L	Χ	О	О	on the record	Probate Courts
SOUTH CAROLINA: Circuit Court	G	X	Х	Х	de novo on	Magistrate, Probate,

FIGURE F: State Trial Courts with Incidental Appellate Jurisdiction, 1999 (continued)

			Trial C	ourt Appeals		
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Administrative Agency Appeals	Civil	Criminal	Type of Appeal	Source of Trial Court Appeal
SOUTH DAKOTA: Circuit Court	G	X	0	0	de novo and on the record	
		0	Х	Χ	de novo	Magistrates Division
TENNESSEE: Circuit, Criminal and Chancery Courts	G	х	х	Х	de novo	General Sessions, Municipal, and Juvenile Courts
TEXAS: District Court	G	Х	Х	0	de novo	Municipal Court not of record, Justice of the Peace Courts
County-level Courts	L	0	X	Х	de novo on the record	Municipal Court not of record, Justice of the Peace Courts Municipal Courts of record
UTAH: District Court	G	Х	Х	Х	de novo	Justice Courts
VERMONT: Superior Court	G	Х	Х	0	de novo or on the record	Probate Court; small claims appealed within Superior Court system
VIRGINIA: Circuit Court	G	X O	O X	O X	on the record de novo	District Court
WASHINGTON: Superior Court	G	Х	Х	Х	de novo and de novo on the record	District, Municipal Courts
WEST VIRGINIA: Circuit Court	G	X O	O X	O X	on the record de novo	Municipal Court Magistrate Court (if no
			X	Х	on the record	jury trial) Magistrate Court (jury trials and preliminary hearings)
WISCONSIN: Circuit Court	G	Х	Х	X (first offense DWI/DUI only)	de novo	Municipal Court
WYOMING: District Court	G	Х	Х	Х	de novo on the record	Justice of the Peace, Municipal, County Courts
						(continued on next page)

JURISDICTION CODES:

G = General jurisdiction court.

L = Limited jurisdiction court.

- = Information not available.

X = Yes

O = No

Definitions of types of appeal:

certiorari: An appellate court case category in which a petition is

presented to an appellate court asking the court to review the judgment of a trial court or administrative agency, or the decision of an intermediate appellate

court.

first instance: If dissatisfied with the de novo verdict of the judge,

defendant can go before the jury.

de novo: An appeal from one trial court to another trial court that results in a totally new set of proceedings and a new trial court judgment.

de novo on the record: An appeal from one trial court to another trial court that is based on the record and results in a new trial court judgment.

on the record: An appeal from one trial court to another trial court in which procedural challenges to the original trial proceedings are claimed, and an evaluation of those challenges are made—there is not a new trial court judgment on the case.

Source: State administrative offices of the courts.

FIGURE G: Number of Authorized Judges/Justices in State Courts, 1999

State:	Court(s) of last resort		Intermediate appellate court(s)		General jurisdiction court(s)		Limited jurisdiction court(s)
			appendic count(3)				julisuiciloi reduit(3)
ALABAMA	9	10		139		413	
ALASKA	5	3		41	(includes 9 masters)	77	(includes 60 magistrates)
ARIZONA	5	22		136	(includes 1 part-time)	224	(includes 82 justices of the peace, 57 part-time judges)
ARKANSAS	7	12		110		334	(includes 55 justices of the peace)
CALIFORNIA	7	93		1,880	(includes 401 commissioners and referees)	-	
COLORADO	7	16		157	(includes 32 magistrates) and 7 part-time water referees)	364	(includes 67 part-time judges)
CONNECTICUT	7	9		170	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	133	
DELAWARE	5	-		24	(includes 1 chancellor and 4 vice-chancellors)	89	(includes 58 justices of the peace, 1 chief magistrate, 8 aldermen)
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	9	-		59		_	
FLORIDA	7	61		468		263	
GEORGIA	7	10*		177		1,174	(includes 74 part-time judges, 159 chief magistrates, 346 magistrates, and 33 associate juvenile court judges)
HAWAII	5	4		42	(includes 15 family court judges)	22	(excludes per diem judges)
IDAHO	5	3		39*	, , ,	83*	(magistrate judges)
ILLINOIS	7	52	(includes 12 supplemental judges)	864	(includes 367 associate judges)	-	
INDIANA	5	16	(includes 1 tax court judge)	280		94	
IOWA	8	9		331	(includes 135 part-time magistrates, 12 associate juvenile judges, 1 associa probate judge, and 7 part- time alternate district associate judges)	te	
KANSAS	7	10		228	(includes 69 district magistrates)	259	
KENTUCKY	7	14		104	,	197	(includes 70 trial commissioners)
LOUISIANA	8 (include one assigned from coulof appear	d urts		235	(includes 11 commissioners)	713	(includes 390 justices of the peace, 250 mayors)
MAINE	7	´ –		16		45	(includes 16 part-time judges)
MARYLAND	7	13		143		171	
MASSACHUSETTS	7	14		80		282	
MICHIGAN	7	28		210		371	
MINNESOTA	7	16		254		_	
MISSISSIPPI	9	10		49		476	(includes 191 justices of the peace and 45 chancellors)
MISSOURI	7	32		347	(includes 31 commissioners)	331	·
MONTANA	7	-		51	(includes 6 water masters)	112	(includes 37 justices of the peace that also serve on the city court)
NEBRASKA	7	6		53		75	
NEVADA	7	-		51		87	(includes 69 justices of the peace)

FIGURE G: Number of Authorized Judges/Justices in State Courts, 1999 (continued)

State:	Court(s) of last resort	Intermediate appellate court(s)		General jurisdiction court(s)		Limited jurisdiction court(s)
	-			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
NEWHAMPSHIRE	5	-	40	(includes 11 full-time marital masters)	98	(includes 77 part-time judges)
NEW JERSEY	7	33	404	(includes 21 surrogates)	402	(includes 350 part-time judges)
NEW MEXICO	5	10	72		192	
NEW YORK	7	71	558		3,042	(includes 30 surrogates, 2,300 justices of the peace and 81 quasi-judicial staff)
NORTH CAROLINA	7	12	205	(includes 100 clerks who hear uncontested probate)	932	(includes 706 magistrates)
NORTH DAKOTA	5*	_	43	····,	78	
OHIO	7	66	372		685	(includes 428 mayors)
OKLAHOMA	14	12	228	(includes 78 special judges)	372	(includes part-time judges)
OREGON	7	10	169	(includes 5 magistrates)	178	(includes 30 justices of the peace)
PENNSYLVANIA	7	24	385		587	(includes 549 district justices and 6 magistrates)
PUERTO RICO	7	33	315		_	
RHODE ISLAND	5	_	25	(includes 3 magistrates)	112	(includes 13 magistrates)
SOUTH CAROLINA	5	9	67	(includes 21 masters-in- equity)	698	(includes 300 magistrates)
SOUTH DAKOTA	5	-	201	(includes 2 part-time lay magistrates, 15 magistrate judges, 93 full- time clerk magistrates, and 54 part-time clerk mag- istrates)	_ d	
TENNESSEE	5	24	151	(includes 33 chancellors)	400	
TEXAS	18	80	396		2,521	(includes 838 justices of the peace)
UTAH	5	7	77	(includes 7 domestic court commissioners)	151	(includes 128 justices of the peace and one commissioner)
VERMONT	5	-	34	(includes 5 child support magistrates)	23	(includes 18 part-time judges and 4 hearing officers)
VIRGINIA	7	10	148		229	(includes 107 FTE juvenile and domestic relations judges)
WASHINGTON	9	21	171		215	
WEST VIRGINIA	5	_	62		278	(includes 156 magistrates and 122 part-time judges)
WISCONSIN	7	16	240		220	
WYOMING	5	-	17		103	(includes 8 part-time justices of the peace and 73 part-time judges)
 Total	358	955	11,118		7,905	

 ⁼ The state does not have a court at the indicated level.

Note: This table identifies, in parentheses, all individuals who hear cases but are not titled judges/justices. Some states mayhave given the title "judge" to officials who are called magistrates, justices of the peace, etc., in other states.

FOOTNOTES*

Georgia - Court of Appeals judges increased to 12 effective July 1999.

Idaho-The Magistrates Division of the District Court functions as a limited jurisdiction court.

North Dakota-A temporary court of appeals was established July 1, 1987 to exercise appellate and original jurisdiction as delegated by the supreme court. This court does not sit, has no assigned judges, has heard no appeals, and is currently unfunded.

Source: State administrative offices of the courts.

FIGURE H: Method of Counting Civil Cases in State Trial Courts, 1999

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Are reopened cases counted as new filings, or identified separately as reopened cases?	Qualifications or Conditions	Are enforcement/ collection proceed- ings counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?	Are temporary injunctions counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?
ALABAMA:					
Circuit Court	G	Newfilings		No	No
District Court	L	New filings		No	No
ALASKA:					
Superior Court	G	Reopened		No	No
District Court	L	Reopened		No	No
ARIZONA:					
Superior Court	G	New filings		No	No
Justice of the Peace Court	L	Newfilings		No	No
ARKANSAS:					
Circuit Court	G	Reopened		No	No
Chancery and Probate Court	G	Reopened		No	No
CALIFORNIA:					
Superior Court	G	Reopened	Retried cases	No	No
COLORADO:					
District Court	G	Reopened	Post activities	No	No
Water Court	G	Reopened	Post activities	No	No
County Court	L	Reopened	Post activities	No	No
Municipal Court	L	NA		NA	NA
CONNECTICUT:					
Superior Court	G	Not counted as either new filing or reopened case; only pending caseload is adjusted		No	No If heard separately (rarely occurs)
DELAWARE:					
Court of Chancery	G	Reopened		No	No
Superior Court	G	New filings	If remanded	No	Yes/No
		reopened	Case rehearing		
Justice of the Peace Court	L	New filings	16 1 6 1 1 1	No	Yes/No
Family Court	L	New filings	If part of original	No	No
		are heard	proceeding		
		separately Reopened if			
		rehearing			
		of total case			
Court of Common Pleas	L	New filings	If remanded	No	No
0041101001111011111000	_	reopened	rehearing		
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA:					
Superior Court	G	Reopened		Yes/No	Yes/No
FLORIDA:					
County Court	L	Reopened		Yes/No	Yes/No
Circuit Court	G	Reopened		Yes/No	Yes/No

FIGURE H: Method of Counting Civil Cases in State Trial Courts, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Are reopened cases counted as new filings, or identified separately as reopened cases?	Qualifications or Conditions	Are enforcement/ collection proceed- ings counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?	Are temporary injunc- tions counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?
GEORGIA:					
Superior Court	G	Newfilings		Yes	No
Civil Court	L	NC NC		NC NC	NC
State Court	L	New filings		Yes	No
Probate Court	L	New filings		NC	NC
Magistrate Court	L	New filings		Yes	No
Municipal Court	L	NC		NC	NC NC
LIAM/AII.					
HAWAII: Circuit Court	G	Nowfilms		Yes/Yes	Yes/Yes
Circuit Court	G	New filings		Yes/Yes Special proceedings	Yes/Yes Circuit Court: Special proceedings
Family Court	G	New filings			Yes/No
District Court	Ĺ	New filings		No	Yes/No
		, and the second			(included as new case filing)
IDAHO:					
District Court	G	Reopened		Yes/No	No
Magistrates Division	L	Reopened		Yes/No	No
ILLINOIS:					
Circuit Court	G	Reopened		No	No
INDIANA:					
Superior Court	G	Reopened	Redocketed	No	No
Circuit Court	G	Reopened	Redocketed	No	No
County Court	Ĺ	Reopened	Redocketed	No	No
City Court	L	Ν̈́Α	NA	NA	N/Applicable
Small Claims Court of					
Marion County	L	NA	NA	NA	NA
OWA:					
District Court	G	New filings		Yes/Yes	No
KANSAS:					
District Court	G	Reopened		No	Yes/No
KENTUCKY:					
Circuit Court	G	Reopened		No	Yes/Yes
District Court	L	Reopened		No	Yes/Yes
LOUISIANA:					
District Court	G	New filings		Yes/No	Yes/No
Juvenile Court	G	New filings		Yes/No	No
Family Court	G	New filings		No	No
City & Parish Courts	L	New filings		Yes/Yes	No
MAINE:					
Superior Court	G	New filings		No	Yes/No
	L	NC NC		No	No
District Court	l l				

FIGURE H: Method of Counting Civil Cases in State Trial Courts, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Are reopened cases counted as new filings, or identified separately as reopened cases?	Qualifications or Conditions	Are enforcement/ collection proceed- ings counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?	Are temporary injunctions counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?
MARYLAND:					
Circuit Court	G	Reopened, but included with new filings		No	NA
District Court	L	NA		NA	Yes/No
MASSACHUSETTS:					
Superior Court	G	NC		NA	Yes/No
District Court	L	NC		Yes/Yes	NA
Boston Municipal Court	L	NC		Yes/Yes	NA
Housing Court	L	NC		Yes/Yes	NA
Land Court	L	NC		N/Applicable	NA
MICHIGAN:					
Court of Claims	G	Reopened		No	No
Circuit Court	G	Reopened		No	No
District Court	Ĺ	New filings		NA	NA
Municipal Court	Ĺ	Newfilings		NA	NA
MINNESOTA:					
District Court	G	Identified separately	No	No	
MISSISSIPPI:					
Circuit Court	G	Reopened		Yes	Yes/No
Chancery Court	Ĺ	Reopened		Yes	Yes/No
County Court	Ĺ	Varies from court to cour	t	Varies	Yes/No
Family Court	Ī	Varies from court to cour		Varies	Varies
Justice Court	Ĺ	Varies from court to cour		Varies	Varies
MISSOURI:					
Circuit Court	G	New filings		Yes/No	Yes/No
MONTANA:					
District Court	G	New filings		Yes/Yes	Yes/No
Justice of the Peace Court	Ĺ	NA		NA	NA
Municipal Court	L	NA		NA	NA
City Court	L	NA		NA	NA
IEBRASKA:					
District Court	G	Reopened		No	No
County Court	L	Reopened		No	No
IEVADA:					
District Court	G	·	May not be reopened out refers back to original case	Varies/Varies	Varies
IEW HAMPSHIRE:					
Superior Court	G	Reopened		No	No
District Court	L	NC		No	No
Municipal Court	L	NC		No	No

FIGURE H: Method of Counting Civil Cases in State Trial Courts, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Are reopened cases counted as new filings, or identified separately as reopened cases?	Qualifications or Conditions	Are enforcement/ collection proceed- ings counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?	Are temporary injunctions counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?
NEW JERSEY:					
Superior Court: Family Civil, General Equity,	G	Reopened		Yes/Yes	Yes/No (except for domestic violence)
and Criminal Divisions	G	Reopened		No	No
NEW MEXICO:					
District Court	G	Reopened		Yes/Yes	No
Magistrate Court	L	Reopened		No	No
Metropolitan Court of		•			
Bernalillo County	L	Reopened		No	No
NEW YORK:					
Supreme Court	G	Reopened		Yes/No	Yes/No
County Court	Ĺ	NC		No	No
Court of Claims	L	NC		No	No
Family Court	Ĺ	Reopened		Yes/No	No
District Court	Ĺ	NC		No	No
City Court	L	NC		No	No
Civil Court of the	L	NC		NO	NU
	1	NC		No	No
City of New York	L	NC		No	No
Town & Village					
Justice Court	L	NC		No	No
NORTH CAROLINA:					
Superior Court	G	NC		No	No
District Court	L	NC		Yes/No	No
NORTH DAKOTA:					
District Court	G	New filings		Yes/Yes	Yes/Yes
				(only counted if a hearing	
				was held)	
OHIO:					
Court of Common Pleas	G	Reopened		Yes/No	Yes/No
				(are counted separately in	
Municipal Count		Deemanad		domestic relations cases)	
Municipal Court	L	Reopened		Yes	Yes
County Court Court of Claims	L L	Reopened NA		Yes NA	Yes NA
OKLAHOMA:					
District Court	G	Reopened		No	No
OREGON:					
Circuit Court	G	Reopened, not counted		Yes/No	Yes/No
Justice Court	Ĺ	NA		NA	NA
Municipal Court	L	NA		NA	NA
PENNSYLVANIA:					
Court of Common Pleas	G	Reopened		No	No
District Justice Court	Ĺ	New filings		NA	NA
PUERTO RICO:					
Court of First Instance	G	New filings		Yes/No	No

FIGURE H: Method of Counting Civil Cases in State Trial Courts, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Are reopened cases counted as new filings, or identified separately as reopened cases?	Qualifications or Conditions	Are enforcement/ collection proceed- ings counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?	Are temporary injunctions counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?
RHODE ISLAND:					
Superior Court	G	Reopened		No	Yes/No
District Court	Ĺ	Reopened		No	Yes/Yes
Family Court	L	Reopened		No	Yes/Yes
Probate Court	Ĺ	NA		NA	NA
SOUTH CAROLINA:					
Circuit Court	G	New filings		No	No (Permanent
Family Court	L	New filings		No	No injunctions
Magistrate Court	L	New filings		No	No are counted
Probate Court	L	New filings		No	No as a new filing)
SOUTH DAKOTA:	_				
Circuit Court	G	NC		No	Yes/No
ENNESSEE:					
Circuit Court	G	Reopened	(varies based on local pra	ctice)	(varies based on local practice)
Chancery Court	G	Reopened	(varies based on local pra	ctice)	(varies based on local practice)
General Sessions Court	L	Reopened	(varies based on local pra	ctice)	(varies based on local practice)
ΓEXAS:					
District Court	G	Reopened		No	No
Constitutional County Court	L	Reopened		No	No
County Court at Law	L	Reopened		No	No
Justice Court	L	New filings		No	No
JTAH:					
District Court	G	NC		No	Yes/No
Justice Court	L	NC		No	Yes/No
/ERMONT:	_				
Superior Court	G	Reopened		No	Yes/No
District Court	G	Reopened		No	Yes/No
Family Court	G	Reopened		No	Yes/No
Probate Court	L	Reopened		No	N/Applicable
/IRGINIA:		Doorood	Doinotated asset		
Circuit Court District Court	G L	Reopened New filings	Reinstated cases	Yes/No	No
WASHINGTON:					
Superior Court	G	Reopened		No	Yes/No
Municipal Court	L	New filings		NA	NA
District Court	L	New filings		No	NA
WEST VIRGINIA:					
Circuit Court	G	NC		No	Yes/No
Magistrate Court	Ĺ	NC		No	N/Applicable

FIGURE H: Method of Counting Civil Cases in State Trial Courts, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Are reopened cases counted as new filings, or identified separately as reopened cases?	Qualifications or Conditions	Are enforcement/ collection proceed- ings counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?	Are temporary injunctions counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?
WISCONSIN: Circuit Court	G	Newfilings	Identified with R (reopened) suffix, but included in total count	No	Yes/Yes
WYOMING:					
District Court	G	Reopened		No	No
Justice of the Peace Court	L	Reopened		No	NA
County Court	L	Reopened		No	NA

JURISDICTION CODES:

G = General Jurisdiction Court L = Limited Jurisdiction Court

NA = Information is not available

NC = Information is not collected/counted

N/Applicable = Civil case types heard by this court are not applicable

to this figure.

Source: State administrative offices of the courts.

State Court Caseload Tables

1999 State Court Caseload Tables

105	TABLE 1:	Reported National Caseload for State Appellate Courts, 1999. Mandatory jurisdiction cases and discretionary jurisdiction petitions
106	TABLE 2:	in courts of last resort and intermediate appellate courts. Reported Total Caseload for All State Appellate Courts, 1999. Total mandatory cases, total discretionary petitions, and total discretionary petitions granted that are filed and disposed. The number of and filed-per-judge figures for both the sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions, and the sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions granted. Court type and the point at which cases are counted.
117	TABLE 3:	Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Mandatory Cases in State Appellate Courts, 1999. Court type. Filed and disposed cases. Disposed as a percent of filed. Number of judges. Filed per judge. Filed per 100,000 total population.
123	TABLE 4:	Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Discretionary Petitions in State Appellate Courts, 1999. Court type. Filed and disposed cases. Disposed as a percent of filed. Number of judges. Filed per judge. Filed per 100,000 total population.
128	TABLE 5:	Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Discretionary Petitions Granted in State Appellate Courts, 1999. Court type. Filed, filed granted, and granted disposed cases. Granted as a percent of filed. Disposed as a percent of granted. Number of judges. Filed granted per judge.
133	TABLE 6:	Opinions Reported by State Appellate Courts, 1999. Opinion unit of count. Composition of opinion count. Signed opinions. Number of justices/judges. Number of opinions/judge. Number of lawyer support personnel.
137	TABLE 7:	Reported National Civil and Criminal Caseloads for State Trial Courts, 1999. Civil and criminal cases in general jurisdiction and limited jurisdiction courts.
139	TABLE 8:	Reported Grand Total State Trial Court Caseload, 1999. Jurisdiction, parking, criminal unit of count, and support/custody codes. Case filings and dispositions. Dispositions as a percentage of filings. Filings per 100,000 total population.
147	TABLE 9:	Reported Total State Trial Court Civil Caseload, 1999. Jurisdiction, support/custody codes. Case filings and dispositions. Dispositions as a percentage of filings. Filings per 100,000 total population.
155	TABLE 10:	Reported Total State Trial Court Criminal Caseload, 1999. Jurisdiction, criminal unit of count, and point of filing codes. Case filings and dispositions. Dispositions as a percentage of filings. Filings per 100,000 adult population.
162	TABLE 11:	Reported Total State Trial Court Traffic/Other Violation Caseload, 1999. Jurisdiction, parking codes. Case filings and dispositions. Dispositions as a percentage of filings. Filings per 100,000 total population.
168	TABLE 12:	Reported Total State Trial Court Juvenile Caseload, 1999. Jurisdiction, point of filing codes. Case filings and dispositions. Dispositions as a percentage of filings. Filings per 100,000 juvenile population.
172	TABLE 13:	Mandatory Caseload in State Appellate Courts, 1990-1999. Case filings and dispositions, 1990-1999.
182	TABLE 14:	Discretionary Petitions in State Appellate Courts, 1990-1999. Case filings and dispositions, 1990-1999.
190	TABLE 15:	Felony Caseload in State Trial Courts of General Jurisdiction, 1990-1999. Case filings, 1990-1999.
194	TABLE 16:	Tort Caseload in State Trial Courts of General Jurisdiction, 1990-1999. Case filings, 1990-1999.

TABLE 1: Reported National Caseload for State Appellate Courts, 1999

Repo	orted	Caseload	Filed		Disposed
Cou	rts of	last resort:			
I.	Man	datory jurisdiction appeals:			
	A.	Number of reported complete cases Number of courts reporting complete data	29,95 2	60 15	30,057 45
	B.	Number of reported complete cases that include some discretionary petitions Number of courts reporting complete data with some discretionary petitions	4,18	32 6	3,340 6
	C.	Number of reported cases that are incomplete Number of courts reporting incomplete data		0 0	0 0
	D.	Number of reported cases that are incomplete and include some discretionary petitions Number of courts reporting incomplete data that include some discretionary petitions		0	0 0
II.	Disc	retionary jurisdiction petitions:			
	A.	Number of reported complete petitions Number of courts reporting complete petitions	62,48	34 16	56,956 41
	B.	Number of reported complete petitions that include some mandatory cases Number of courts reporting complete petitions that include some mandatory cases		0 0	4,183 4
	C.	Number of reported petitions that are incomplete Number of courts reporting incomplete petitions		0 0	1,128 1
Inter	medi	iate appellate courts:			
I.	Man	datory jurisdiction appeals:			
	A.	Number of reported complete cases Number of courts reporting complete data	133,65	59 37	133,636 33
	B.	Number of reported complete cases that include some discretionary petitions Number of courts reporting complete data with some discretionary petitions	31,72	29 8	46,414 12
	C.	Number of reported cases that are incomplete Number of courts reporting incomplete data		0 0	0 0
II.	Disc	retionary jurisdiction petitions:			
	A.	Number of reported complete petitions Number of courts reporting complete petitions	30,35	50 18	31,498 18
	B.	Number of reported complete petitions that include some mandatory cases Number of courts reporting complete petitions that include some mandatory cases		0 0	0 0
	C.	Number of reported petitions that are incomplete Number of courts reporting incomplete petitions		0 0	0 0
Sum	mary	section for all appellate courts:	Re	ported Filing	I S
			COLR	IAC	Total
	A. B. C.	Number of reported complete cases/petitions Number of reported complete cases/petitions that include other case types Number of reported cases/petitions that are incomplete	92,434 4,182 0	164,009 31,729 0	256,443 35,911 0
	D.	Number of reported cases/petitions that are incomplete and include other case types	0	0	0
	Tota	l	96,616	195,738	292,354
			Repo	rted Disposit	ions
			COLR	IAC	_Total_
	A.	Number of reported complete cases/petitions	87,013	165,174	252,187
	B. C.	Number of reported complete cases/petitions that include other case types	7,523	46,414	53,937
	C. D.	Number of reported cases/petitions that are incomplete Number of reported cases/petitions that are incomplete and include other case types	1,128 0	0 0	1,128 0
	Tota	l	95,664	211,588	307,252

TABLE 2: Reported Total Caseload for All State Appellate Courts, 1999

TOTAL CASES FILED

	Total Total Total discretionary			Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions filed		Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions filed granted	
State/Court name:	l otal mandatory cases filed	l otal discretionary petitions filed	discretionary petitions filed granted	Number	Filed _per judge	Number	Filed _per judge
	S	tates with one co	urt of last resort a	ınd one interme	diate appellate c	ourt	
ALASKA Supreme Court	285	187	16	472	94	301	60
Court of Appeals	301	45	6	346	115	307	102
State Total	586	232	22	818	102	608	76
ARIZONA							
Supreme Court	73	1,209	NA	1,282	256		
Court of Appeals	3,553	157	NA	3,710	169		
State Total	3,626	1,366		4,992	185		
ARKANSAS		(-)					
Supreme Court	370 C	(B) 136	104 18	370	53 120	474	68 110
Court of Appeals State Total	1,300 1,670 *	130	122	1,436 1,806	95	1,318 1,792	94
CALIFORNIA							
CALIFORNIA Supreme Court	45	8,265	98 A	8,310	1,187	143	20
Courts of Appeal	16,186	8,915	NA	25,101	270	145	20
State Total	16,231	17,180		33,411	334		
COLORADO							
Supreme Court	147 A	1,378	NA	1,525	218		
Court of Appeals	2,647	NJ	NJ	2,647	165	2,647	165
State Total	2,794 *	1,378		4,172	181		
CONNECTICUT							
Supreme Court	29	365	61	394	56	90	13
Appellate Court State Total	1,182 B 1,211 *	NA	NA				
FLORIDA							
Supreme Court	117	2,629	NA	2,746	392		
District Courts of Appeal	17,424	3,788	NA	21,212	348		
State Total	17,541	6,417		23,958	352		
GEORGIA							
Supreme Court	586	1,148	56	1,734	248	642	92
Court of Appeals State Total	2,916 3,502	434 1,582	101 157	3,350 5,084	335 299	3,017 3,659	302 215
State Total	3,502	1,302	107	3,004	299	3,039	213
HAWAII							
Supreme Court	730 229	78 NJ	31 NJ	808 229	162 57	761 229	152 57
Intermediate Court of Appeals State Total	959	78	31	1,037	115	990	110
IDALIO							
IDAHO Supreme Court	424 C	82	68	506	101	492	98
Court of Appeals	345	NJ	NJ	345	115	345	115
State Total	769 *	82	68	851	106	837	105
ILLINOIS **							
Supreme Court	1,026	2,200	101	3,226	461	1,127	161
Appellate Court	9,212 B	(B)	NA	9,212	177		
State Total	10,238 *			12,438	211		

TOTAL CASES DISPOSED

Total mandatory cases disposed	Total discretionary petitions disposed	Total discretionary petitions granted disposed	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions disposed	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions granted disposed	Courttype	Point at which cases are counted
260 317 577	199 38 237	30 NA	459 355 814	290	COLR IAC	1 1
74 3,416 3,490	1,287 163 1,450	NA NA	1,361 3,579 4,940		COLR IAC	6 6
380 C 1,354 1,734 *	(B) 140	104 16 120	380 1,494 1,874	484 1,370 1,854	COLR IAC	2 2
9 18,941 18,950	8,599 9,422 18,021	98 NA	8,608 28,363 36,971	107	COLR IAC	6 2
(B) 2,443	1,615 B NJ 1,615 *	AN NJ	1,615 2,443 4,058	2,443	COLR IAC	1 1
(B) 1,091 B	216 B (B)	NA NA	216 1,091 1,307		COLR IAC	1 1
94 18,227 18,321	2,422 4,402 6,824	NA NA	2,516 22,629 25,145		COLR IAC	1 1
631 2,906 3,537	1,066 438 1,504	51 101 152	1,697 3,344 5,041	682 3,007 3,689	COLR IAC	2 2
763 200 963	82 NJ 82	AN LN	845 200 1,045	200	COLR IAC	2 2
417 C 276 693 *	86 NJ 86	58 NJ 58	503 276 779	475 276 751	COLR IAC	1 4
1,255 9,113 B 10,368 *	2,208 (B)	0 NA	3,463 9,113 12,576	1,255	COLR IAC	1 1

TOTAL CASES FILED

	Total	Total	Total discretionary	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions filed		cases and cases a discretionary discretionary Total petitions filed filed grain		and y petitions	
State/Court name:	mandatory cases filed	discretionary petitions filed	petitions filed granted	Number	Filed per judge	Number	Filed per judge		
IOWA									
Supreme Court	1,194 B	(B)	2	1,194	149	1,196	150		
Court of Appeals State Total	873 2,067 *	NJ	NJ 2	873 2,067	97 122	873 2,069	97 122		
KANSAS									
Supreme Court	198	981	17	1,179	168	215	31		
Court of Appeals	1,899 B	(B)	NA	1,899	190				
State Total	2,097 *			3,078	181				
KENTUCKY									
Supreme Court	434	803	NA	1,237	177				
Court of Appeals State Total	3,064 3,498	84 887	NA	3,148 4,385	225 209				
LOUISIANA									
Supreme Court	195	3,457	337	3,652	457	532	67		
Courts of Appeal	4,220	6,901	2,000	11,121	206	6,220	115		
State Total	4,415	10,358	2,337	14,773	238	6,752	109		
MARYLAND	200	700	00	000	140	270	F.4		
Court of Appeals Court of Special Appeals	280 1,962	702 392	98 12	982 2,354	140 181	378 1,974	54 152		
State Total	2,242	1,094	110	3,336	167	2,352	118		
MASSACHUSETTS									
Supreme Judicial Court	288	781	79	1,069	153	367	52		
Appeals Court	2,298	821	NA	3,119	223				
State Total	2,586	1,602		4,188	199				
MICHIGAN Suprama Court	4	2 242	56	2.244	221	60	9		
Supreme Court Court of Appeals	4 4,214	2,242 3,517	NA	2,246 7,731	321 276	00	9		
State Total	4,218	5,759	IVA	9,977	285				
MINNESOTA									
Supreme Court	120	656	74	776	111	194	28		
Court of Appeals	1,895	35	NA	1,930	121				
State Total	2,015	691		2,706	118				
MISSISSIPPI	10/F D	NI A	NA						
Supreme Court Court of Appeals	1,065 B 535	NA 0	NA 1	535	54	536	54		
State Total	1,600	U	ı	181	173	330	54		
MISSOURI									
Supreme Court	223	577	52	800	114	275	39		
Court of Appeals	3,678	NJ	NJ	3,678	115	3,678	115		
State Total	3,901	577	52	4,478	115	3,953	101		
NEBRASKA	F0	201	NI 0	252	F4				
Supreme Court Court of Appeals	52 1,414 B	306 (B)	NA NJ	358 1,414	51 202	1,414	202		
State Total	1,414 B 1,466 *	(D)	INJ	1,414	202 127	1,414	202		
	.,.50			.,	,				

TOTAL CASES DISPOSED

Total mandatory cases disposed	Total discretionary petitions disposed	Total discretionary petitions granted disposed	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions disposed	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions granted disposed	Courttype	Point at which cases are counted
327 B 766 1,093 *	1,694 NJ 1,694	NA NJ	2,021 766 2,787	766	COLR IAC	1 4
1,114 B 2,067 B 3,181 *	(B) (B)	NA NA	1,114 2,067 3,181		COLR IAC	5 5
394 3,162 3,556	746 93 839	NA NA	1,140 3,255 4,395		COLR IAC	6 3
159 4,291 4,450	3,131 6,984 10,115	411 1,995 2,406	3,290 11,275 14,565	570 6,286 6,856	COLR IAC	2 2
235 1,863 2,098	702 392 1,094	NA NA	937 2,255 3,192		COLR IAC	2 2
144 2,264 2,408	781 821 1,602	NA NA	925 3,085 4,010		COLR IAC	2 2
(B) 4,239 B	2,568 B (B)	NA NA	2,568 4,239 6,807		COLR IAC	1 1
113 1,649 1,762	573 33 606	78 NA	686 1,682 2,368	191	COLR IAC	1 1
738 535 1,273	NA 0	NA NA	535	NA	COLR IAC	2 2
215 3,927 4,142	603 NJ 603	56 NJ 56	818 3,927 4,745	271 3,927 4,198	COLR IAC	1 1
NA 1,205 B	(B) (B)	NA NJ	1,205	1,205	COLR	1 1

TOTAL CASES FILED

	Total	Total	Total discretionary	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions filed		Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions filed granted	
State/Court name:	mandatory cases filed	discretionary petitions filed	petitions filed granted	Number	Filed per judge	Number	Filed per judge
NEW JERSEY							
Supreme Court Appellate Div. of Super. Ct. State Total	522 7,361 7,883	2,969 0 2,969	112 NA	3,491 7,361 10,852	499 223 271	634	91
NEW MEXICO ***							
Supreme Court	59	513	29	572	114	88	18
Court of Appeals State Total	906 965	60 573	NA	966 1,538	97 103		
	700	0.0		.,000	.00		
NORTH CAROLINA Supreme Court	78	609	86	687	98	164	23
Court of Appeals	1,719	633	68	2,352	196	1,787	149
State Total	1,797	1,242	154	3,039	160	1,951	103
OHIO							
Supreme Court	674	1,653	222	2,327	332	896	128
Courts of Appeals	11,079	NJ	NJ	11,079	168	11,079	168
State Total	11,753	1,653	222	13,406	184	11,975	164
OREGON			_				
Supreme Court	248	1,037	0	1,285	184	248	35
Court of Appeals State Total	4,024 4,272	NJ 1,037	0 NJ	4,024 5,309	402 312	4,024 4,272	402 251
PUERTO RICO							
Supreme Court	129	1,002	NA	1,131	162		
Circuit Court of Appeals	1,410	2,121	NA	3,531	107		
State Total	1,539	3,123		4,662	117		
SOUTH CAROLINA							
Supreme Court	258	1,109	129	1,367	273	387	77
Court of Appeals	925	NJ	NJ 120	925	103	925	103
State Total	1,183	1,109	129	2,292	164	1,312	94
UTAH	//0 B						
Supreme Court	662 B	NA (D)	NA	740	107		
Court of Appeals State Total	748 B 1,410 *	(B)	NA	748	107		
VIRGINIA****							
Supreme Court	150	2,881	223	3,031	433	373	53
Court of Appeals	695	2,415	477	3,110	311	1,172	117
State Total	845	5,296	700	6,141	361	1,545	91
WASHINGTON							
Supreme Court	73 B	1,355 A	NA	1,428	159		
Court of Appeals	3,613	350	NA	3,963	180		
State Total	3,686 *	1,705 *		5,391	174		
WISCONSIN							
Supreme Court	NJ	1,101	0	1,101	157		
Court of Appeals State Total	3,279 B 3,279 *	(B)	NA	3,279 4,380	205 190		
State Itital	3,219			4,300	190		

TOTAL CASES DISPOSED

Total mandatory cases disposed	Total discretionary petitions disposed	Total discretionary petitions granted disposed	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions disposed	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions granted disposed	Court type	Point at which cases are counted
478 7,483 7,961	2,808 0 2,808	NA NA	3,286 7,483 10,769		COLR IAC	1 1
49 939 B 988 *	513 (B)	29 NA	562 939 1,501	78	COLR IAC	5 5
91 1,631 1,722	616 563 1,179	105 NA	707 2,194 2,901	196	COLR IAC	2 2
722 11,509 12,231	1,565 NJ 1,565	NA LV	2,287 11,509 13,796	11,509	COLR IAC	1 1
290 B 4,107 4,397 *	1,013 NJ 1,013	(B) NJ	1,303 4,107 5,410	290 4,107 4,397	COLR IAC	1 1
144 1,551 1,695	1,085 2,278 3,363	NA NA	1,229 3,829 5,058		COLR IAC	1 1
271 1,062 1,333	NJ 0	4 NJ 4	271 1,062 1,333	275 1,062 1,337	COLR IAC	2 4
622 B 711 B 1,333 *	NA (B)	NA NA	711		COLR IAC	1 1
113 656 769	2,810 2,458 5,268	0 NA	2,923 3,114 6,037	113	COLR IAC	1
76 B 4,079 4,155 *	1,259 A 386 1,645 *	NA NA	1,335 4,465 5,800		COLR IAC	6 6
NJ 3,409 B 3,409 *	1,128 (B)	101 NA	1,128 3,409 4,537	101	COLR IAC	6

TABLE 2: Reported Total Caseload for All State Appellate Courts, 1999 (continued)

TOTAL CASES FILED

			Total	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions filed		Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions filed granted	
State/Court name:	Total mandatory cases filed	Total discretionary petitions filed	discretionary petitions filed granted	Number	Filed per judge	Number	Filed per judge
			States	s with no interm	ediate appellate co	ourt	
DELAWARE Supreme Court	558	0	NA	558	112		
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Court of Appeals	1,757	26	NA	1,783	198		
MAINE Supreme Judicial Court	752 B	(B)	NA	752	107		
MONTANA Supreme Court	653	53	NA	706	101		
NEVADA Supreme Court	1,894	NJ	NJ	1,894	271	1,894	271
NEW HAMPSHIRE Supreme Court	NJ	826	NA	826	165		
NORTH DAKOTA Supreme Court	370	12	NA	382	76		
RHODE ISLAND Supreme Court	383	191	5	574	115	388	78
SOUTH DAKOTA Supreme Court	436 B	62 A	0	498	100	436	87
VERMONT Supreme Court	555	29	NA	584	117		
WEST VIRGINIA Supreme Court of Appeals	NJ	3,539	1,251	3,539	708	1,251	250
WYOMING Supreme Court	355	NJ	NJ	355	71	355	71

TOTAL CASES DISPOSED

Total mandatory cases disposed	Total discretionary petitions disposed	Total discretionary petitions granted disposed	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions disposed	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions granted disposed	Courttype	Point at which cases are counted
527	0	NA	527		COLR	1
1,793	37	NA	1,830		COLR	1
719 B	(B)	NA	719		COLR	1
564	106	NA	670		COLR	1
2,073	NJ	NJ	2,073	2,073	COLR	2
NJ	1,000	NA	1,000		COLR	1
380	12	NA	392		COLR	1
369	208	NA	577		COLR	1
482 B	(B)	NA	482		COLR	2
612	29	NA	641		COLR	1
NJ	3,089	0	3,089	0	COLR	1
372	NJ	NJ	372	372	COLR	1

TOTAL CASES FILED

	Total	Ŧ.,	Total discretionary	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions filed		Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions filed granted	
State/Court name:	mandatory cases filed	Total discretionary petitions filed	petitions filed granted	Number	Filed per judge	Number	Filed per judge
			States	with multiple ap	opellate courts at a	any level	
ALABAMA							
Supreme Court	784	1,107	NA	1,891	210		
Court of Civil Appeals	1,437	NJ	NJ	1,437	287	1,437	287
Court of Criminal Appeals	2,513	NJ	NJ	2,513	503	2,513	503
State Total	4,734	1,107		5,841	307		
INDIANA							
Supreme Court	314	815	NA	1,129	226		
Court of Appeals	2,053	NA	190	2,243	150		
Tax Court	240	NJ	NJ	240	16	240	16
State Total	2,607						
NEW YORK							
Court of Appeals	350	4,320	NA	4,670	667		
Appellate Div. of Sup. Ct.	11,745 B	(B)	NA	11,745	210		
Appellate Terms of Sup. Ct.	2,250 B	(B)	NA	2,250	150		
State Total	14,345 *			18,665	239		
OKLAHOMA *****							
Supreme Court	1,339	502	NA	1,841	205		
Court of Criminal Appeals	1,581	NJ	NJ	1,581	316	1,581	316
Court of Appeals	499	NJ	NJ	499	42	499	42
State Total	3,419	502		3,921	151		
PENNSYLVANIA							
Supreme Court	507	3,496	NA	4,003	572		
Superior Court	7,299	NJ	NJ	7,299	487	7,299	487
Commonwealth Court	4,490 A	NA	NA				
State Total	12,296 *						
TENNESSEE							
Supreme Court	264	1,001	100	1,265	253	364	73
Court of Criminal Appeals	1,182	107	18	1,289	107	1,200	100
Court of Appeals	1,278	260	160	1,538	128	1,438	120
State Total	2,724	1,368	278	4,092	141	3,002	104
TEXAS							
Supreme Court	4	1,818	115	1,822	202	119	13
Court of Criminal Appeals	8,769	2,060	163	10,829	1,203	8,932	992
Courts of Appeals	12,291	NJ	NJ	12,291	154	12,291	154
State Total	21,064	3,878	278	24,942	255	21,342	218

COURT TYPE:

COLR = Court of last resort

IAC = Intermediate appellate court

POINTS AT WHICH CASES ARE COUNTED:

1 = At the notice of appeal

2 = At the filing of trial record

3 = At the filing of trial record and complete briefs

4 = At transfer

5 = Other

6 = Varies

TOTAL CASES DISPOSED

Total mandatory cases disposed	Total discretionary petitions disposed	Total discretionary petitions granted disposed	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions disposed	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions granted disposed	Courttype	Point at which cases are counted
701	901	NA	1,602	4.450	COLR	1
1,458	NJ	NJ	1,458	1,458	IAC	1
2,469	NJ 001	NJ	2,469	2,469	IAC	1
4,628	901		5,529			
295	805	0	1,100	295	COLR	6
2,216	NA	190		2,406	IAC	6
134	NJ	NJ 100	134	134	IAC	6
2,645		190		2,835		
208	4,321	138	4,529	346	COLR	1
19,074 B	(B)	NA	19,074		IAC	2
2,250 B	(B)	NA	2,250		IAC	2
21,532 *			25,853			
1,625	502	NA	2,127		COLR	1
1,674	NJ	NJ	1,674	1,674	COLR	2
737	NJ	NJ	737	737	IAC	4
4,036	502		4,538			
1,016	3,709	NA	4,725		COLR	6
8,597	NJ	NJ	8,597	8,597	IAC	1
5,964 A 15,577 *	NA	NA			IAC	1
NA	1,028	NA			COLR	1
1,372 B	101	(B)	1,473	1,372	IAC	1
1,144 B	131	(B)	1,275	1,144	IAC	1
	1,260					
4	1,454	0	1,458	4	COLR	1
7,914	2,319	186	10,233	8,100	COLR	5
13,150	NJ	NJ	13,150	13,150	IAC	1
21,068	3,773	186	24,841	21,254		

NOTE:

NA = Indicates that the data are unavailable. Blank spaces indicate that a calculation is inappropriate.

NJ = This case type is not handled in this court.

^{() =} **Mandatory** and **discretionary jurisdiction** cases cannot be separately identified. Data are reported within the jurisdiction where the court has the majority of its caseload.

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

An absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that the data are complete.

- * See the qualifying footnote for each court within the state. Each footnote has an effect on the state's total.
- ** Total mandatory cases filed and disposed in the Illinois Supreme Court do not include the **miscellaneous record cases**.
- *** Total mandatory cases filed in the New Mexico Supreme Court do not include **petitions for extension of time** in criminal cases.
- **** Total cases filed in the Virginia Supreme Court reflect data reported by the clerk's office.
- ***** Oklahoma appellate data were not available for 1999. Data are repeated from 1998.
- A: The following courts' data are incomplete:
 - California—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions granted filed data do not include original proceedings.
 - Colorado—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed data do not include some reopened cases, some disciplinary matters, and some interlocutory decisions.
 - Pennsylvania—Commonwealth Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data do not include some administrative agency cases and some original proceedings.
 - South Dakota—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions filed data do not include some advisory opinions, which are reported with mandatory jurisdiction cases.
 - Washington—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions filed and disposed data do not include some civil and criminal discretionary petitions.
- B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:
 - Colorado—Supreme Court—Total **discretionary petitions** disposed data include all **mandatory jurisdiction** cases.
 - Connecticut—Appellate Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include discretionary petitions.
 - Illinois—Appellate Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include all discretionary petitions.
 - lowa—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include some discretionary petitions.
 - Kansas—Supreme Court—Total mandatory disposed data include discretionary petitions that were disposed.
 - —Court of Appeals—Total **mandatory** filed and disposed data include all **discretionary petitions**.
 - Maine—Supreme Judicial Court—Total **mandatory** filed and disposed data include **discretionary petitions**.
 - Michigan—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions disposed data include mandatory cases disposed.
 - Court of Appeals—Total mandatory cases disposed data include discretionary petitions.
 - Mississippi—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed data include all discretionary petitions.
 - Nebraska—Court of Appeals—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include all discretionary petitions.

- New Mexico—Court of Appeals—Total **mandatory** disposed data include all **discretionary petitions**.
- New York—Appellate Divisions of Supreme Court—Total **mandatory** filed and disposed data include all **discretionary petitions** that were disposed.
 - —Appellate Terms of Supreme Court—Total **mandatory** filed and disposed data include **discretionary petitions**.
- Oregon—Supreme Court—Total mandatory disposed data include all discretionary petitions that were granted.
- South Dakota—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed data include discretionary advisory opinions. Total mandatory disposed data include all discretionary petitions that were disposed.
- Tennessee—Court of Criminal Appeals—Total mandatory disposed data include discretionary petitions filed granted, and disposed.
 - —Court of Appeals—Total mandatory disposed data include discretionary petitions filed granted, and disposed.
- Utah—Supreme Court— Total mandatory filed and disposed data include all discretionary petitions.
 - —Court of Appeals—Total **mandatory** filed and disposed data include all **discretionary petitions**.
- Washington—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include some discretionary petitions.
- Wisconsin—Court of Appeals—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include all discretionary petitions.
- C: The following courts' data are both incomplete and overinclusive:
 - Arkansas—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include a few discretionary petitions, but do not include mandatory attorney disciplinary cases and certified questions from the federal courts.
 - Idaho—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include discretionary original proceedings, interlocutory decisions and advisory opinions, but do not include mandatory interlocutory decisions.

TABLE 3: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Mandatory Cases in State Appellate Courts, 1999

		-		-	-	=	
State/Court name:	Courttype	_Filed_	Disposed	Disposed as a percent of filed	Number of judges	Filed per judge	Filed per 100,000 population
Sta	tes with one court	of last resort ar	nd one intermed	iate appellate cou	ırt		
ALASKA							
Supreme Court	COLR	285	260	91	5	57	46
Court of Appeals	IAC	301	317	105	3	100	49
State Total		586	577	98	8	73	95
ARIZONA							
Supreme Court	COLR	73	74	101	5	15	2
Court of Appeals	IAC	3,553	3,416	96	22	162	74
State Total		3,626	3,490	96	27	134	76
ARKANSAS							
Supreme Court	COLR	370 C	380 C	103	7	53	15
Court of Appeals	IAC	1,300	1,354	104	12	108	51
State Total		1,670 *	1,734 *	104	19	88	65
CALIFORNIA							
Supreme Court	COLR	45	9	20	7	6	1
Courts of Appeal	IAC	16,186	18,941	117	93	174	49
State Total		16,231	18,950	117	100	162	49
COLORADO							
Supreme Court	COLR	147 A	(B)		7	21	4
Court of Appeals	IAC	2,647	2,443	92	16	165	65
State Total		2,794 *	2,443		23	121	69
CONNECTICUT							
Supreme Court	COLR	29	(B)		7	4	1
Appellate Court	IAC	1,182 B	1,091 B	92	9	131	36
State Total		1,211 *	1,091 *	90	16	76	37
FLORIDA							
Supreme Court	COLR	117	94	80	7	17	1
District Courts of Appeal	IAC	17,424	18,227	105	61	286	115
State Total		17,541	18,321	104	68	258	116
GEORGIA							
Supreme Court	COLR	586	631	108	7	84	8
Court of Appeals	IAC	2,916	2,906	100	10	292	37
State Total		3,502	3,537	101	17	206	45
HAWAII							
Supreme Court	COLR	730	763	105	5	146	62
Intermediate Court of Appeals	IAC	229	200	87	4	57	19
State Total		959	963	100	9	107	81
IDAHO							
Supreme Court	COLR	424 C	417 C	98	5	85	34
Court of Appeals	IAC	345	276	80	3	115	28
State Total		769 *	693 *	90	8	96	61
ILLINOIS							
Supreme Court	COLR	1,026	1,255	122	7	147	8
Appellate Court	IAC	9,212 B	9,113 B	99	52	177	76
State Total		10,238 *	10,368 *	101	59	174	84

TABLE 3: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Mandatory Cases in State Appellate Courts, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Courttype	_Filed_	Disposed	Disposed as a percent of filed	Number of judges	Filed per judge	Filed per 100,000 population
IOWA							
Supreme Court	COLR	1,194 B	327 B	27	8	149	42
Court of Appeals	IAC	873	766	88	9	97	30
State Total		2,067 *	1,093 *	53	17	122	72
KANSAS							
Supreme Court	COLR	198	1,114 B		7	28	7
Court of Appeals	IAC	1,899 B	2,067 B	109	10	190	72
State Total		2,097 *	3,181 *		17	123	79
KENTUCKY							
Supreme Court	COLR	434	394	91	7	62	11
Court of Appeals	IAC	3,064	3,162	103	14	219	77
State Total		3,498	3,556	102	21	167	88
LOUISIANA							
Supreme Court	COLR	195	159	82	8	24	4
Courts of Appeal	IAC	4,220	4,291	102	54	78	97
State Total		4,415	4,450	101	62	71	101
MARYLAND							
Court of Appeals	COLR	280	235	84	7	40	5
Court of Special Appeals	IAC	1,962	1,863	95	13	151	38
State Total		2,242	2,098	94	20	112	43
MASSACHUSETTS							
Supreme Judicial Court	COLR	288	144	50	7	41	5
Appeals Court	IAC	2,298	2,264	99	14	164	37
State Total		2,586	2,408	93	21	123	42
MICHIGAN					_		_
Supreme Court	COLR	4	(B)		7	1	0
Court of Appeals	IAC	4,214	4,239 B		28	151	43
State Total		4,218	4,239 *		35	121	43
MINNESOTA	2015	400	440	0.4	-	47	
Supreme Court	COLR	120	113	94	7	17	3
Court of Appeals	IAC	1,895	1,649	87	16	118	40
State Total		2,015	1,762	87	23	88	42
MISSISSIPPI	201.5	40/5 0	700		0	440	00
Supreme Court	COLR	1,065 B	738	400	9	118	38
Court of Appeals	IAC	535	535	100	10	54	20
State Total		1,600 *	1,273		19	84	59
MISSOURI	2015	222	045	0/	7	20	
Supreme Court	COLR	223	215	96 107	7	32	4
Court of Appeals	IAC	3,678	3,927	107	32	115	67
State Total		3,901	4,142	106	39	100	71
NEBRASKA	001.5	F0	814		7	7	2
Supreme Court	COLR	52	NA 1 20E D	OF.	7	7	3
Court of Appeals	IAC	1,414 B	1,205 B	85	7	202	85
State Total		1,466 *			14	105	88
NEW JERSEY	COLD	E22	470	00	7	75	,
Supreme Court	COLR IAC	522 7.241	478	92 102	7	75 223	6
Appellate Div. of Super. Ct. State Total	IAC	7,361 7,883	7,483 7,961	102 101	33 40	223 197	90 97
State Total		1,000	1,701	101	40	17/	71

 $TABLE\ 3: \quad Selected\ Case load\ and\ Processing\ Measures\ for\ Mandatory\ Cases\ in\ State\ Appellate\ Courts,\ 1999\ (continued)$

State/Court name:	Courttype	Filed	Disposed	Disposed as a percent of filed	Number of judges	Filed per judge	Filed per 100,000 population
NEW MEXICO Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	59 906 965	49 939 B 988 *	83	5 10 15	12 91 64	3 52 55
NORTH CAROLINA Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	78 1,719 1,797	91 1,631 1,722	117 95 96	7 12 19	11 143 95	1 22 23
OHIO Supreme Court Courts of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	674 11,079 11,753	722 11,509 12,231	107 104 104	7 66 73	96 168 161	6 98 104
OREGON Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	248 4,024 4,272	290 B 4,107 4,397 *	102	7 10 17	35 402 251	7 121 129
PUERTO RICO Supreme Court Circuit Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	129 1,410 1,539	144 1,551 1,695	112 110 110	7 33 40	18 43 38	3 38 41
SOUTH CAROLINA Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	258 925 1,183	271 1,062 1,333	105 115 113	5 9 14	52 103 85	7 24 30
UTAH Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	662 B 748 B 1,410 *	622 B 711 B 1,333 *	94 95 95	5 7 12	132 107 118	31 35 66
VIRGINIA Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	150 695 845	113 656 769	75 94 91	7 10 17	21 70 50	2 10 12
WASHINGTON Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	73 B 3,613 3,686 *	76 B 4,079 4,155 *	104 113 113	9 22 31	8 164 119	1 63 64
WISCONSIN Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	NJ 3,279 B 3,279 *	NJ 3,409 B 3,409 *	104 104	7 16 23	205 143	62 62
		State	es with no interm	ediate appellate o	court		
DELAWARE Supreme Court	COLR	558	527	94	5	112	74
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Court of Appeals	COLR	1,757	1,793	102	9	195	339

TABLE 3: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Mandatory Cases in State Appellate Courts, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Courttype	Filed	Disposed	Disposed as a percent of filed	Number of judges	Filed per judge	Filed per 100,000 population
							Population
MAINE Supreme Judicial Court	COLR	752 B	719 B	96	7	107	60
MONTANA Supreme Court	COLR	653	564	86	7	93	74
NEVADA Supreme Court	COLR	1,894	2,073	109	7	271	105
NEW HAMPSHIRE Supreme Court	COLR	NJ	NJ		5		
NORTH DAKOTA Supreme Court	COLR	370	380	103	5	74	58
RHODE ISLAND Supreme Court	COLR	383	369	96	5	77	39
SOUTH DAKOTA Supreme Court	COLR	436 B	482 B	111	5	87	59
VERMONT Supreme Court	COLR	555	612	110	5	111	93
WEST VIRGINIA Supreme Court of Appeals	COLR	NJ	NJ		5		
WYOMING Supreme Court	COLR	355	372	105	5	71	74
		State	s with multiple a	ppellate courts at	any level		
ALABAMA							
Supreme Court	COLR	784	701	89	9	87	18
Court of Civil Appeals	IAC	1,437	1,458	101	5	287	33
Court of Criminal Appeals State Total	IAC	2,513 4,734	2,469 4,628	98 98	5 19	503 249	58 108
State Total		4,734	4,020	90	19	249	100
INDIANA							
Supreme Court	COLR	314	295	94	5	63	5
Court of Appeals	IAC	2,053	2,216	108	15	137	35
Tax Court State Total	IAC	240 2,607	134 2,645	56 101	1 21	240 124	4 44
		,	,				
NEW YORK	COLD	250	200	F0	7	Γ0	2
Court of Appeals Appellate Div. of Sup. Ct.	COLR IAC	350 11,745 B	208 19,074 B	59 162	7 56	50 210	2 65
Appellate Terms of Sup. Ct.	IAC	2,250 B	2,050 B	91	15	150	12
State Total		14,345 *	21,332 *	149	78	184	79
OKLAHOMA							
Supreme Court	COLR	1,339	1,625	121	9	149	40
Court of Criminal Appeals	COLR	1,581	1,674	106	5	316	47
Court of Appeals	IAC	499	737	148	12	42	15
State Total		3,419	4,036	118	26	132	102

TABLE 3: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Mandatory Cases in State Appellate Courts, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Courttype	Filed	Disposed	Disposed as a percent of filed	Number of judges	Filed per judge	Filed per 100,000 population
DENNICYLVANIA					<u> </u>		
PENNSYLVANIA	001.0	F07	1.01/	200	7	70	4
Supreme Court	COLR	507	1,016	200	7	72	4
Superior Court	IAC	7,299	8,597	118	15	487	61
Commonwealth Court	IAC	4,490 A	5,964 A	133	9	499	37
State Total		12,296 *	15,577 *	127	31	397	103
TENNESSEE							
Supreme Court	COLR	264	NA		5	53	5
Court of Appeals	IAC	1,278	1,144 B		12	107	23
Court of Criminal Appeals	IAC	1,182	1,372 B		12	99	22
State Total		2,724			29	94	50
TEXAS							
Supreme Court	COLR	4	4	100	9	0	0
Court of Criminal Appeals	COLR	8,769	7,914	90	9	974	44
Courts of Appeals	IAC	12,291	13,150	107	80	154	61
State Total	ino	21,064	21,068	100	98	215	105
State Tutal		21,004	21,000	100	70	213	IUO

COURT TYPE:

COLR = Court of Last Resort

IAC = Intermediate Appellate Court

NOTE:

- NA = Data are unavailable. Blank spaces indicate that a calculation is inappropriate.
- NJ = This case type is not handled in this court.
- (B) = Mandatory jurisdiction cases cannot be separately identified and are reported with discretionary petitions. (See Table 4.)

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

The absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that data are complete.

- * See the qualifying footnote for each court in the state. Each footnote has an effect on the state total.
- A: The following courts' data are incomplete:
 - Colorado—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed data do not include some reopened cases, some disciplinary matters, and some interlocutory decisions.
 - Pennsylvania—Commonwealth Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data do not include some administrative agency cases and some original proceedings.

- B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:
 - Connecticut—Appellate Court—Total **mandatory** filed and disposed data include all **discretionary petitions**.
 - Illinois—Appellate Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include all discretionary petitions.
 - Iowa—Supreme Court—Total **mandatory** filed and disposed data include **discretionary petitions**.
 - Kansas—Supreme Court—Total mandatory disposed data include discretionary petitions that were disposed.
 - —Court of Appeals—Total **mandatory** filed and disposed data include all **discretionary petitions**.
 - Maine—Supreme Judicial Court—Total **mandatory** filed and disposed data include **discretionary petitions**.
 - Michigan—Court of Appeals—Total mandatory disposed data include discretionary petitions.
 - Mississippi—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed data include all discretionary petitions.
 - Nebraska—Court of Appeals—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include all discretionary petitions.
 - New Mexico—Court of Appeals—Total mandatory disposed data include all discretionary petitions.
 - New York—Appellate Divisions of Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include discretionary petitions.
 - —Appellate Terms of Supreme Court—Total **mandatory** filed and disposed data include **discretionary petitions**.
 - Oregon—Supreme Court—Total mandatory disposed data include all discretionary petitions that were granted.
 - South Dakota—Supreme Court—Total **mandatory** filed and disposed data include **discretionary advisory opinions**. Total mandatory disposed data include all discretionary petitions that were disposed.
 - Tennessee—Court of Appeals— Total mandatory disposed data include discretionary petitions filed granted, and disposed.
 - —Court of Criminal Appeals— Total mandatory disposed data include discretionary petitions filed granted, and disposed.

—Court of Appeals—Total **mandatory** filed and disposed data include all **discretionary petitions**.

Washington—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include some discretionary petitions.

Wisconsin—Court of Appeals—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include all discretionary petitions.

- C: The following courts' data are both incomplete and overinclusive:
 - Arkansas—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include a few discretionary petitions, but do not include mandatory attorney disciplinary cases and certified questions from the federal courts.
 - Idaho—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include discretionary original proceedings, interlocutory decisions and advisory opinions, but do not include mandatory interlocutory decisions.

TABLE 4: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Discretionary Petitions in State Appellate Courts, 1999

State/Court name:	Courttype	Filed	Disposed	Disposed as a percent of filed	Number of judges	Filed per judge	Filed per 100,000 population
							<u> </u>
ALASKA	tes with one court	oriastresortai	na one intermea	іате аррепате сос	irt		
Supreme Court	COLR	187	199	106	5	37	30
Court of Appeals	IAC	45	38	84	3	15	7
State Total		232	237	102	8	29	37
ARIZONA							
Supreme Court	COLR	1,209	1,287	106	5	242	25
Court of Appeals	IAC	157	163	104	22	7	3
State Total		1,366	1,450	106	27	51	29
ARKANSAS							
Supreme Court	COLR	478	487	102	7	68	19
Court of Appeals	IAC	136	140	103	12	11	5
State Total		614	627	102	19	32	24
CALIFORNIA							
Supreme Court	COLR	8,265	8,599	104	7	1181	25
Courts of Appeal	IAC	8,915	9,422	106	93	96	27
State Total		17,180	18,021	105	100	172	52
COLORADO							
Supreme Court	COLR	1,378	1,615 B		7	197	34
Court of Appeals	IAC	NJ	NJ		16		0.4
State Total		1,378	1,615 *		23	60	34
CONNECTICUT							
Supreme Court	COLR	365	216 B		7	52	11
Appellate Court State Total	IAC	NA	NA		9 16		
State Total					10		
FLORIDA					_		
Supreme Court	COLR	2,629	2,422	92	7	376	17
District Courts of Appeal State Total	IAC	3,788 6,417	4,402 6,824	116 106	61 68	62 94	25 42
State Potal		0,417	0,024	100	00	74	72
GEORGIA							
Supreme Court	COLR	1,148	1,066	93	7	164	15
Court of Appeals State Total	IAC	434 1,582	438 1,504	101 95	10 17	43 93	6 20
State Folds		1,302	1,504	75	17	75	20
HAWAII					_		_
Supreme Court	COLR IAC	78 NJ	82 NJ	105	5	16	7
Intermediate Court of Appeals State Total	IAC	78	NJ 82	105	4 9	9	7
					•	·	•
IDAHO	2015	00	0.4	405	-	4.4	-
Supreme Court Court of Appeals	COLR IAC	82 NJ	86 NJ	105	5 3	16	7
State Total	IAC	82	86	105	8	10	7
ILLINOIS Suprama Court	COLR	2 200	2 200	100	7	21.4	18
Supreme Court Appellate Court	IAC	2,200 NA	2,208 NA	100	7 52	314	18
State Total	ino	INC	IVA		59		
IOWA Suprama Court	COLR	NΙΛ	1 404		0		
Supreme Court Court of Appeals	IAC	NA NJ	1,694 NJ		8 9		
State Total		115	1,694		17		
						(contin	ued on next page)

TABLE 4: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Discretionary Petitions in State Appellate Courts, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Courttype	Filed	Disposed	Disposed as a percent of filed	Number of judges	Filed per judge	Filed per 100,000 population
KANSAS Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	981 NA	NA NA		7 10 17	140	37
KENTUCKY Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	803 84 887	746 93 839	93 111 95	7 14 21	115 6 42	20 2 22
LOUISIANA Supreme Court Courts of Appeal State Total	COLR IAC	3,457 6,901 10,358	3,131 6,984 10,115	91 101 98	8 54 62	432 128 167	79 158 237
MARYLAND Court of Appeals Court of Special Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	702 392 1,094	702 392 1,094	100 100 100	7 13 20	100 30 55	14 8 21
MASSACHUSETTS Supreme Judicial Court Appeals Court State Total	COLR IAC	781 821 1,602	781 821 1,602	100 100 100	7 14 21	112 59 76	13 13 26
MICHIGAN Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	2,242 3,517 5,759	2,568 3,476 6,044	115 99 105	7 28 35	320 126 165	23 36 58
MINNESOTA Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	656 35 691	573 33 606	87 94 88	7 16 23	94 2 30	14 1 14
MISSISSIPPI Supreme Court Court of Appeals	COLR IAC	NA 0	NA 0		9 10		
MISSOURI Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	577 NJ 577	603 NJ 603	105 105	7 32 39	82 15	11 11
NEBRASKA Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	306 NJ 306	327 327 654	107 214	7 6 13	44 24	18 18
NEW JERSEY Supreme Court Appellate Div. of Super. Ct. State Total	COLR IAC	2,969 0 2,969	2,808 0 2,808	95 95	7 33 40	424 74	36 36
NEW MEXICO Supreme Court Court of Appeals	COLR IAC	513 60	513 NJ	100	5 10	103 6	29 3

TABLE 4: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Discretionary Petitions in State Appellate Courts, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Courttype	_Filed_	_Disposed_	Disposed as a percent of filed	Number of judges	Filed per _ judge	Filed per 100,000 population
NORTH CAROLINA							
Supreme Court	COLR	609	616	101	7	87	8
Court of Appeals	IAC	633	563	89	12	53	8
State Total		1,242	1,179	95	19	65	16
OHIO							
Supreme Court	COLR	1,653	1,565	95	7	236	15
Courts of Appeals	IAC	NJ	NJ		66		
State Total		1,653	1,565	95	73	23	15
OREGON							
Supreme Court	COLR	1,037	1,013	98	7	148	31
Court of Appeals	IAC	NJ	NJ	7.0	10		0.
State Total		1,037	1,013	98	17	61	31
PUERTO RICO							
Supreme Court	COLR	1,002	1,085	108	7	143	40
Circuit Court of Appeals	IAC	2,121	2,278	107	10	212	85
State Total		3,123	3,363	108	17	184	125
SOUTH CAROLINA							
SOUTH CAROLINA Supreme Court	COLR	1,109	898	81	5	222	29
Court of Appeals	IAC	NJ	NJ	01	9	222	2,
State Total		1,109	898	81	14	79	29
UTAH							
Supreme Court	COLR	NA	NA		5		
Court of Appeals	IAC	NA	NA		7		
State Total					12		
VIRGINIA							
Supreme Court	COLR	2,881	2,810	98	7	412	42
Court of Appeals	IAC	2,415	2,458	102	10	242	35
State Total		5,296	5,268	99	17	312	77
WASHINGTON							
Supreme Court	COLR	1,355 A	1,259 A	93	9	151	24
Court of Appeals	IAC	350	386	110	22	16	6
State Total		1,705 *	1,645 *	96	31	55	30
WISCONSIN							
Supreme Court	COLR	1,101	1,128	102	7	157	21
Court of Appeals	IAC	NA	NA	102	16	107	2.
State Total					23		
		Ctato.	s with no intermed	iate annellate cou	rt		
		Sidle	s with no internieu	iaie appellate cou			
DELAWARE							
Supreme Court	COLR	0	0		5		
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA							
Court of Appeals	COLR	26	37	142	9	3	5
MAINE Supreme Judicial Court	001.0	N I A	NI A		7		
Supreme Judicial Court	COLR	NA	NA		7		
MONTANA							
Supreme Court	COLR	53	106	200	7	8	6
NEVADA							
Supreme Court	COLR	NJ	NJ		7		
						(continu	ied on next page)
							. •

TABLE 4: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Discretionary Petitions in State Appellate Courts, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Courttype	Filed	Disposed	Disposed as a percent of filed	Number of judges	Filed per judge	Filed per 100,000 population
NEW HAMPSHIRE Supreme Court	COLR	826	1,000	121	5	165	69
NORTH DAKOTA Supreme Court	COLR	12	12	100	5	2	2
RHODE ISLAND Supreme Court	COLR	191	208	109	5	38	19
SOUTH DAKOTA Supreme Court	COLR	62 A	NA		5	12	8
VERMONT Supreme Court	COLR	29	29	100	5	6	5
WEST VIRGINIA Supreme Court of Appeals	COLR	3,539	3,089 A		5	708	196
WYOMING Supreme Court	COLR	NJ	NJ		5		
		State	s with multiple ap	pellate courts at a	ny level		
ALABAMA Supreme Court Court of Civil Appeals Court of Criminal Appeals	COLR IAC IAC	1,107 NJ NJ	901 NJ NJ	81	9 5 5	123	25
State Total	1710	1,107	901	81	19	58	25
INDIANA Supreme Court Court of Appeals Tax Court State Total	COLR IAC IAC	815 NA NJ	805 NA NJ	99	5 15 1 21	163	14
NEW YORK Court of Appeals Appellate Div. of Sup. Ct. Appellate Terms of Sup. Ct. State Total	COLR IAC IAC	4,320 NA NA	4,321 NA NA	100	7 56 15 78	617	24
OKLAHOMA Supreme Court Court of Criminal Appeals Court of Appeals	COLR COLR IAC	502 NJ NJ	502 NJ NJ	100	9 5 12	56	15
State Total		502	502	100	26	19	15
PENNSYLVANIA Supreme Court Superior Court Commonwealth Court State Total	COLR IAC IAC	3,496 NJ NA	3,709 NJ NA	106	7 15 9 31	499	29
TENNESSEE Supreme Court Court of Appeals Court of Criminal Appeals State Total	COLR IAC IAC	1,001 260 107 1,368	1,028 131 101 1,260	103 50 94 92	5 12 12 29	200 22 9 47	18 5 2 25

TABLE 4: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Discretionary Petitions in State Appellate Courts, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Courttype	Filed	Disposed	Disposed as a percent of filed	Number of judges	Filed per judge	Filed per 100,000 population
TEXAS							
Supreme Court	COLR	1,818	1,454	80	9	202	9
Court of Criminal Appeals	COLR	2,060	2,319	113	9	229	10
Courts of Appeals	IAC	NJ	NJ		80		
State Total		3,878	3,773	97	98	40	19

COURT TYPE:

COLR = Court of Last Resort

IAC = Intermediate Appellate Court

NOTE:

NA = Data are unavailable. Blank spaces indicate that a calculation is inappropriate.

NJ = This case type is not handled in this court.

(B) = **Discretionary petitions** cannot be separately identified and are reported with **mandatory** cases. (See Table 3).

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

The absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that data are complete.

A: The following courts' data are incomplete:

South Dakota—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions filed data do not include some discretionary advisory opinions, which are reported with mandatory jurisdiction cases.

Washington—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions filed and disposed data do not include some civil and criminal discretionary petitions that are reported with mandatory jurisdiction cases.

B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:

Colorado—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions disposed data include all mandatory disposed cases. Michigan—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions disposed data include all mandatory disposed cases.

^{*} See the qualifying footnote for each court in the state. Each footnote has an effect on the state's total.

TABLE 5: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Discretionary Petitions Granted in State Appellate Courts, 1999

		Dis	scretionary petiti	ions:	Consideration	Diamand		E9. J
State/Court name:	Courttype	Filed	Filed granted	Granted disposed	Granted as a percent of filed	Disposed as a percent of granted	Number of judges	Filed granted per judge
S	tates with one c	ourt of last re	sort and one in	termediate app	ellate court			
ALASKA								
Supreme Court	COLR	187	16	30	9	188	5	3
Court of Appeals	IAC	45	6	NA	13		3	2
State Total		232	22		9			
ARIZONA								
Supreme Court	COLR	1,209	NA	NA			5	
Court of Appeals	IAC	157	NA	NA			22	
State Total		1,366						
ARKANSAS								
Supreme Court	COLR	478	104	104	22	100	7	15
Court of Appeals	IAC	136	18	16	13	89	12	2
State Total	IAC	614	122	120	20	98	19	6
State rotal		014	122	120	20	70	17	O
CALIFORNIA	001.5	0.045					_	
Supreme Court	COLR	8,265	98 A	98			7	14
Courts of Appeal State Total	IAC	8,915 17,180	NA	NA			93	
		17,100						
COLORADO								
Supreme Court	COLR	1,378	NA	NA			7	
Court of Appeals	IAC	NJ	NJ	NJ			16	
State Total		1,378						
CONNECTICUT								
Supreme Court	COLR	365	61	NA	17		7	9
Appellate Court	IAC	NA	NA	NA			9	
State Total								
FLORIDA								
Supreme Court	COLR	2,629	NA	NA			7	
District Courts of Appeal	IAC	3,788	NA	NA			61	
State Total		6,417						
GEORGIA								
Supreme Court	COLR	1,148	56	51	5	91	7	8
Court of Appeals	IAC	434	101	101	23	100	10	10
State Total		1,582	157	152	10	97	17	9
HAWAII								
Supreme Court	COLR	78	31	NA	40		5	6
Intermediate Court of Appeals	IAC	NJ	NJ	NJ	10		4	Ü
State Total		78	31		40			
IDALIO								
IDAHO Suprama Court	COLR	ດາ	0	EO	10	725	E	າ
Supreme Court Court of Appeals	IAC	82 NJ	NJ 8	58 NJ	10	725	5 3	2
State Total	IAC	NJ 82	8 8	58	10	725	3	
State Total		02	O	50	10	123		
ILLINOIS								
Supreme Court	COLR	2,200	101	0	5		7	14
Appellate Court	IAC	NA	NA	NA			52	
State Total								

 $TABLE\,5:\quad Selected\,Case load\,and\,Processing\,Measures\,for\,Discretionary\,Petitions\,Granted\,in\,State\,Appellate\,Courts,\,1999\,(continued)$

		Dis	scretionary petit	ions:		5		
State/Court name:	Courttype	Filed	Filed granted	Granted disposed	Granted as a percent of filed	Disposed as a percent of granted	Number of judges	Filed granted per judge
IOWA								
Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	NA NJ	2 NJ 2	NA NJ			8 9	0
KANSAS								
Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	981 NA	17 NA	NA NA	2		7 10	2
KENTUCKY								
Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	803 84 887	NA NA	NA NA			7 14	
LOUISIANA								
Supreme Court Courts of Appeal State Total	COLR IAC	3,457 6,901 10,358	337 2,000 2,337	411 1,995 2,406	10 29 23	122 100 103	8 54 62	42 37 38
MARYLAND								
Court of Appeals Court of Special Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	702 392 1,094	98 12 110	NA NA	14 3 10		7 13	14 1
MASSACHUSETTS								
Supreme Judicial Court Appeals Court State Total	COLR IAC	781 821 1,602	79 NA	NA NA	10		7 14	11
MICHIGAN								
Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	2,242 3,517 5,759	56 NA	NA NA	2		7 28	8
MINNESOTA								
Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	656 35 691	74 NA	78 NA	11	105	7 16	11
MISSISSIPPI								
Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	NA 1	NA 1	NA NA			9 10	0
MISSOURI								
Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	577 NJ 577	52 NJ 52	56 NJ 56	9	108 108	7 32	7
NEBRASKA								
Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	306 NJ 306	NA NJ	NA NJ			7 7	
NEW JERSEY								
Supreme Court Appellate Div. of Super. Ct. State Total	COLR IAC	2,969 0 2,969	112 NA	NA NA	4		7 33	16
							(continued	on nout noss)

TABLE 5: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Discretionary Petitions Granted in State Appellate Courts, 1999 (continued)

		Disc	cretionary petiti	ons:	Curanto da a	Discount		Filed
State/Court name:	Courttype	Filed	Filed granted	Granted disposed	Granted as a percent of filed	Disposed as a percent of granted	Number of judges	granted per judge
NEW MEXICO Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	513 60 573	29 NA	29 NA	6	100	5 10	
NORTH CAROLINA Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	609 633 1,242	86 68 154	105 NA	14 11 12	122	7 12	12 6
OHIO Supreme Court Courts of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	1,653 NJ 1,653	222 NJ 222	NA NJ	13 13		7 66	32
OREGON Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	1,037 NJ 1,037	0 NJ 0	NA NJ			7 10	
PUERTO RICO Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	1,002 2,121 3,123	NA NA	NA NA	7 33			
SOUTH CAROLINA Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	1,109 NJ 1,109	129 NJ 129	4 NJ 4	12 12	3	5 9	26
UTAH Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA			5 7	
VIRGINIA Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	2,881 2,415 5,296	223 477 700	0 NA	8 20 13		7 10	32 48
WASHINGTON Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	1,355 A 350 1,705 *	NA NA	NA NA			9 22	
WISCONSIN Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	1,101 NA	0 NA	101 NA			7 16	
	States w	vith no interme	diate appellate	court				
DELAWARE Supreme Court	COLR	0	NA	NA			5	
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Court of Appeals	COLR	26	NA	NA			9	

 $TABLE\,5:\quad Selected\,Case load\,and\,Processing\,Measures\,for\,Discretionary\,Petitions\,Granted\,in\,State\,Appellate\,Courts,\,1999\,(continued)$

	Discretionary petitions:										
State/Court name:	Courttype	Filed	Filed granted	Granted disposed	Granted as a percent of filed	Disposed as a percent of granted	Number of judges	Filed granted per judge			
MAINE Supreme Judicial Court	COLR	NA	NA	NA			7				
MONTANA Supreme Court	COLR	53	NA	NA			7				
NEVADA Supreme Court	COLR	NJ	NJ	NJ			7				
NEW HAMPSHIRE Supreme Court	COLR	826	NA	NA			5				
NORTH DAKOTA Supreme Court	COLR	12	NA	NA			5				
RHODE ISLAND Supreme Court	COLR	191	5	NA	3		5	1			
SOUTH DAKOTA Supreme Court	COLR	62 A	0	NA			5				
VERMONT Supreme Court	COLR	29	NA	NA			5				
WEST VIRGINIA Supreme Court of Appeals	COLR	3,539	1,251	0	35		5	250			
WYOMING Supreme Court	COLR	NJ	NJ	NJ			5				
	States w	ith multiple ap	pellate courts	at any level							
ALABAMA Supreme Court	COLD	1 107	NIA	NA Z			0				
Court of Civil Appeals	COLR IAC	1,107 NJ	NA NJ	NJ			9 5				
Court of Criminal Appeals State Total	IAC	NJ 1,107	NJ	NJ			5				
INDIANA											
Supreme Court	COLR	815	NA A	0			5				
Court of Appeals	IAC	NA	190	190		100	15	13			
Tax Court State Total	IAC	NJ	NJ	NJ 190			1				
NEW YORK											
Court of Appeals	COLR	4,320	NA	138			7				
Appellate Div. of Sup. Ct.	IAC	NA	NA	NA			56				
Appellate Terms of Sup. Ct. State Total	IAC	NA	NA	NA			15				
OKLAHOMA											
Supreme Court	COLR	502	NA	NA			9				
Court of Criminal Appeals	COLR	NJ	NJ	NJ			5				
Court of Appeals State Total	IAC	NJ 502	NJ	NJ			12				
PENNSYLVANIA											
Supreme Court	COLR	3,496	NA	NA			7				
Superior Court	IAC	NJ	NJ	NJ			15				
Commonwealth Court State Total	IAC	NA	NA	NA			9				
							(continued	on next page)			

TABLE 5: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Discretionary Petitions Granted in State Appellate Courts, 1999 (continued)

		Dis	scretionary petiti	ons:	0	5 ' 1		F" 1
State Total State/Court name:	Courttype	Filed	Filed granted	Granted disposed	Granted as a percent of filed	Disposed as a percent of granted	Number of judges	Filed granted per judge
TENNESSEE								
Supreme Court	COLR	1,001	100	NA	10		5	20
Court of Appeals	IAC	260	160	NA	62		12	13
Court of Criminal Appeals	IAC	107	18	NA	17		12	2
State Total		1,368	278		20			
TEXAS								
Supreme Court	COLR	1,818	115	0	6		9	13
Court of Criminal Appeals	COLR	2,060	163	186	8	114	9	18
Courts of Appeals	IAC	NJ	NJ	NJ			80	
State Total		3,878	278	186	7	67		

COURT TYPE:

COLR = Court of Last Resort

IAC = Intermediate Appellate Court

NOTE:

NA = Data are unavailable. Blank spaces indicate that a calculation is inappropriate.

NJ = This case type is not handled in this court.

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

The absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that data are complete.

A: The following courts' data are incomplete:

California—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions granted filed data do not include original proceedings.

^{*} See the qualifying footnote for each court in the state. Each footnote has an effect on the state's total.

TABLE 6: Opinions Reported by State Appellate Courts, 1999

		Compo	sition of opinior	count:			f	Numberof
State/Court name:	Opinion count: C=case D=written document	Signed opinions	Per curiam opinions	Memos/ orders	Total dispositions by signed opinion	Number of authorized justices/ judges	Number of opinions/ judge	Number of lawyer support personnel
ALASKA	States witl	h one court o	of last resort an	d one interme	diate appellate o	court		
Supreme Court	С	Χ	0	0	153	5	31	15
Court of Appeals	С	Х	0	0	35	3	12	8
ARIZONA								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	Χ	0	49	5	10	15
Court of Appeals	С	Х	Χ	some	190	22	9	54
ARKANSAS								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	Χ	Χ	379	7	54	15
Court of Appeals	С	Χ	Χ	0	839	12	70	16
CALIFORNIA								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	Χ	some	88	7	13	50
Courts of Appeal	С	Χ	Χ	some	13,233	93	142	206
COLORADO								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	Χ	0	196	7	28	14
Court of Appeals	С	Χ	0	some	313	16	20	32
CONNECTICUT								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	Χ	some	167	7	24	14
Appellate Court	С	Χ	Χ	some	472	9	52	14
FLORIDA								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	Χ	0	218 B	7	31	23
District Courts of Appeal	С	Х	Χ	0	NA	61		146
GEORGIA								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	Χ	0	NA	7		17
Court of Appeals	С	Χ	0	0	431	10	43	40
HAWAII								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	Χ	some	88	5	18	16
Intermediate Court of Appe		Х	Χ	Χ	48	4	12	8
IDAHO								
Supreme Court	D	Χ	Χ	Х	130	5	26	11
Court of Appeals	D	Χ	Χ	0	79	3	26	6
ILLINOIS								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	Χ	0	104	7	15	24
Appellate Court	С	Χ	Χ	some	933	52	18	123
IOWA								
Supreme Court	D	Х	0	0	325	9	36	16
Court of Appeals	С	Χ	0	0	NA	6		6
KANSAS								
Supreme Court	С	Х	Χ	some	183	7	26	7
Court of Appeals	Č	X	X	some	127	10	13	21
KENTHOKY								
KENTUCKY Supreme Court	С	Х	Χ	some	157	7	22	13
Court of Appeals	Č	X	X	some	135	14	10	34
rr						-	-	

TABLE 6: Opinions Reported by State Appellate Courts, 1999 (continued)

		Compo	sition of opinion	count:				Number of
State/Court name:	Opinion count: C=case D=written document	Signed opinions	Per curiam opinions	Memos/ orders	Total dispositions by signed opinion	Number of authorized justices/ judges	Number of opinions/ judge	Number of lawyer support personnel
LOUISIANA Supreme Court	D	Х	Χ	some	106	8	13	38
Courts of Appeal	D	X	X	X	3,820	54	71	158
MARYLAND								
Court of Appeals	С	Χ	0	0	180	7	26	14
Court of Special Appeals	С	Χ	0	0	2,787	13	214	29
MASSACHUSETTS								
Supreme Judicial Court	D	Χ	Ο	0	226	7	32	20
Appeals Court	D	Χ	Χ	Χ	255	14	18	40
MICHIGAN								
Supreme Court	С	X	Х	0	85	7	12	19
Court of Appeals	С	Χ	Χ	some	309	28	11	108
MINNESOTA		.,				_		4.0
Supreme Court Court of Appeals	C C	X X	0 0	0 0	NA 207	7 16	NA 13	10 36
Courtor Appears	C	Λ	U	U	207	10	13	30
MISSISSIPPI								
Supreme Court	С	X	0	X	420	9	47	38
Court of Appeals	С	Χ	0	X	620	10	62	NA
MISSOURI								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	X	some	NA	7		15
Court of Appeals	С	Χ	Χ	some	2,256	32	71	54
NEBRASKA								
Supreme Court	С	X	Х	X	256	7	37	16
Court of Appeals	С	Х	X	Х	473	6	79	13
NEWJERSEY	_			_		_		
Supreme Court	D Ct. C	X X	O X	O X	117 NA	7 33	17	25 60
Appellate Div. of Superior	GI. C	Λ	۸	^	IVA	33		OU
NEWMEXICO								
Supreme Court	С	X	0	some	64	5	13	10
Court of Appeals	D	Χ	0	0	185	10	19	36
NORTH CAROLINA		.,				_		4-
Supreme Court	С	X X	0	some	144	7 12	21	15
Court of Appeals	С	Χ	0	X	1,426	12	119	28
OHIO								
Supreme Court	C C	X	0	X	330	7	47	20
Courts of Appeals	C	Χ	0	Х	7,593 B	66	115	NA
OREGON	0	V	\ <u>'</u>	-	66	_		4.5
Supreme Court	C C	X X	X O	0 0	98 737	7 10	14 74	10 18
Court of Appeals	C	^	U	U	131	IU	/4	ΙŎ
PUERTORICO	_							
Supreme Court	С	X	Х	X	137	7	20	29 45
Circuit Court of Appeals	С	X	0	Χ	467	33	14	45

TABLE 6: Opinions Reported by State Appellate Courts, 1999 (continued)

		Compo	sition of opinion	count:				
State/Court name:	Opinion count: C=case D=written document	Signed opinions	Per curiam opinions	Memos/ orders	Total dispositions by signed opinion	Number of authorized justices/ judges	Number of opinions/judge	Number of lawyer support personnel
SOUTH CAROLINA								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	Χ	0	153	5	31	21
Court of Appeals	C	X	X	0	194	9	22	27
ocurron appeals	· ·			· ·	.,.	,		
UTAH								
Supreme Court	C	Х	X	0	114	5	23	12
Court of Appeals	С	Χ	Χ	0	109	7	16	18
VIRGINIA								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	Χ	О	161	7	23	23
Court of Appeals	С	Χ	Χ	0	177	10	18	15
WASHINGTON	0	V	V		140	0	1/	22
Supreme Court Court of Appeals	C C	X X	X X	some	148 559	9 22	16 25	23 32
CourtorAppears	C	^	^	some	559	22	23	32
WISCONSIN								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	Χ	Ο	134	7	19	10
Court of Appeals	С	Χ	О	Ο	1,474	16	92	25
	States with	no intermed	diate appellate	court				
	Juicswiii	mo interniet	and to appoint to	Court				
DELAWARE								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	О	Ο	75	5	15	5
DICTRICT OF COLUMBIA								
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Court of Appeals	С	Х	Χ	0	335	9	37	27
CourtorAppears	C	٨	X	O	333	7	37	21
MAINE								
Supreme Judicial Court	D	Χ	Ο	Ο	217	7	31	11
MONTANA	2			0	054	-	0.4	4.4
Supreme Court	С	Χ	0	0	251	7	36	14
NEVADA								
Supreme Court	D	Χ	Х	0	55	7	11	40
•								
NEWHAMPSHIRE								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	Χ	0	163	5	33	15
NORTH DAKOTA								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	Χ	0	264	5	53	11
Supreme Sourt	Ü	Λ.	,	O	204	3	55	
RHODE ISLAND								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	Ο	0	NA	5		17
COLITUDALIOTA								
SOUTH DAKOTA Supreme Court	С	Χ	Χ	0	182	5	36	8
Supreme Court	C	^	^	U	102	ວ	30	0
VERMONT								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	0	0	165	5	33	8
WESTVIRGINIA					00.1	_		00
Supreme Court of Appea	ls C	Χ	Χ	some	324	5	65	29
WYOMING								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	Χ	some	203	5	41	12
p				220	_00	J	••	· -

TABLE 6: Opinions Reported by State Appellate Courts, 1998 (continued)

		Compo	sition of opinion	count:				
State/Court name:	Opinion count: C=case D=written document	Signed opinions	Per curiam opinions	Memos/ orders	Total dispositions by signed opinion	Number of authorized justices/ judges	Number of opinions/ judge	Number of lawyer support personnel
	States with	multiple app	oellate courts a	t any level				
ALABAMA								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	Χ	some	322	9	36	18
Court of Civil Appeals	С	Χ	Χ	Χ	330	5	66	6
Court of Criminal Appeals	С	Χ	0	some	117	5	23	22
INDIANA								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	Χ	0	216	5	43	13
Court of Appeals	C,D	Χ	Χ	Χ	593	15	40	10
Tax Court Tax Court	C,D	Χ	Χ	Χ	28	1	28	3
NEW YORK								
Court of Appeals	D	Χ	0	0	126	7	18	28
Appellate Div Supreme C	t. D	Χ	Χ	some	NA	56		25
Appellate Terms - Supreme		Χ	Χ	some	NA	15		171
OKLAHOMA								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	Χ	0	NA	9		16
Court of Criminal Appeals		Χ	Χ	0	NA	5		12
Court of Civil Appeals	С	Χ	Χ	Χ	NA	12		12
PENNSYLVANIA								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	0	0	234	7	33	NA
Superior Court	С	Χ	Χ	Χ	345	15	23	NA
Commonwealth Court	D	Χ	Χ	Χ	467	9	52	58
TENNESSEE								
Supreme Court	С	Χ	Χ	some	NA	5		12
Court of Criminal Appeals	С	Χ	Χ	some	805 B	12	67	12
Court of Appeals	С	Χ	Χ	some	1,372 B	12	114	12
TEXAS								
Supreme Court	D	Χ	0	О	165	9	18	44
Court of Criminal Appeals	С	Χ	0	Ο	798	9	89	30
Courts of Appeals	С	Χ	0	0	NA	80		217

CODES:

- X Court follows this method when counting opinions.
- O Court does not follow this method when counting opinions.
- NA Data are not available.

Note: Disposition data are from the Manner of Disposition Survey sent to each appellate court.

Qualifying Footnotes:

B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:

Florida—Supreme Court—Signed opinions include per curiams.

Ohio—Courts of Appeals—Signed opinions include decisions.

Tennessee—Court of Criminal Appeals—Signed opinions include memos/

—Court of Appeals—Signed opinions include ${\it memos/orders.}$

TABLE 7: Reported National Civil and Criminal Caseloads for State Trial Courts, 1999

Rep	orted	Caseload	Filed	Disposed
Civ	ilcas	es:		
l.	Ger	neral jurisdiction courts:		
	A.	Number of reported complete civil cases Number of courts reporting complete civil data	4,358,000 40	3,759,110 36
	B.	Number of reported complete civil cases that include other case types Number of courts reporting complete civil data that include other case types	2,578,138 14	2,519,994 14
	C.	Number of reported civil cases that are incomplete Number of courts reporting civil cases that are incomplete	3,563,227 8	3,344,512 10
	D.	Number of reported civil cases that are incomplete and include noncivil case types Number of courts reporting civil cases that are incomplete and include noncivil case types	209,780 2	127,664 1
II.	Lim	ited jurisdiction courts:		
	A.	Number of reported complete civil cases Number of courts reporting complete civil data	4,759,030 54	3,423,992 42
	B.	Number of reported complete civil cases that include other case types Number of courts reporting complete civil data that include other case types	351,158 5	135,731 3
	C.	Number of reported civil cases that are incomplete Number of courts reporting civil cases that are incomplete	4,364,847 19	3,967,670 22
	D.	Number of reported civil cases that are incomplete and include noncivil case types Number of courts reporting civil cases that are incomplete and include noncivil case types	0 0	113,726 1
Cri	minal	cases:		
l.	Ger	neral jurisdiction courts:		
	A.	Number of reported complete criminal cases Number of courts reporting complete criminal data	2,138,278 29	1,955,208 29
	B.	Number of reported complete criminal cases that include other case types Number of courts reporting complete criminal data that include other case types	979,436 10	952,163 9
	C.	Number of reported criminal cases that are incomplete Number of courts reporting criminal cases that are incomplete	874,112 9	838,749 9
	D.	Number of reported criminal cases that are incomplete and include noncriminal case types Number of courts reporting criminal cases that are incomplete and include noncriminal case types	981,181 3	912,987 3
II.	Lim	ited jurisdiction courts:		
	A.	Number of reported complete criminal cases Number of courts reporting complete criminal data	4,244,505 29	3,094,143 23
	B.	Number of reported complete criminal cases that include other case types Number of courts reporting complete criminal data that include other case types	1,567,608 11	1,425,809 8
	C.	Number of reported criminal cases that are incomplete Number of courts reporting criminal cases that are incomplete	2,997,886 15	3,196,806 15
	D.	Number of reported criminal cases that are incomplete and include noncriminal case types Number of courts reporting criminal cases that are incomplete and include noncriminal case types	730,476 3	783,839 4

TABLE 7: Reported National Civil and Criminal Caseloads for State Trial Courts, 1999 (continued)

Summary section for all trial courts:

				Report	ed Filings		
		GeneralJ	urisdiction	Limited	Jurisdiction	Total (inco	mplete)
		Civil	Criminal	Civil	Criminal	Civil	Criminal
1.	Total number of reported complete cases	4,358,000	2,138,278	4,759,030	4,244,505	9,117,030	6,382,783
2.	Total number of reported complete cases that include other case types	2,578,138	979,436	351,158	1,567,608	2,929,296	2,547,044
3.	Total number of reported cases that are incomplete	3,563,227	874,112	4,364,847	2,997,886	7,928,074	3,871,998
4.	Total number of reported cases that are incomplete and include other case types	209,780	981,181	0	730,476	209,780	1,711,657
Tota	al (incomplete)	10,709,145	4,973,007	9,475,035	9,540,475	20,184,180	14,513,482
				Reported	Dispositions		
		GeneralJ	urisdiction	Limited	Jurisdiction	Total (inco	mplete)
		Civil	Criminal	Civil	Criminal	Civil	Criminal
1.	Total number of reported complete cases	3,759,110	1,955,208	3,423,992	3,094,143	7,183,102	5,049,351
2.	Total number of reported complete cases that include other case types	2,519,994	952,163	135,731	1,425,809	2,655,725	2,377,972
3.	Total number of reported cases that are incomplete	3,344,512	838,749	3,967,670	3,196,806	7,312,182	4,035,555
4.	Total number of reported cases that are incomplete and include other case types	127,664	912,987	113,726	783,839	241,390	1,696,826
Tota	al (incomplete)	9,751,280	4,659,107	7,641,119	8,500,597	17,392,399	13,159,704

TABLE 8: Reported Grand Total State Trial Court Caseload, 1999

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Parking	Criminal unit of count	Support/ custody	Grand total filings and qualifying footnotes	Grand total dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
ALABAMA								
Circuit	G	2	G	6	201,155 B	201,589 B	100	4,603
District	L	1	В	2	745,185	749,436	101	17,053
Municipal	L	1	M	1	672,899 A	624,534 A	93	15,399
Probate	L	2	1	1	NA	NA		
State Total								
ALASKA								
Superior	G	1	В	6	17,685 C	17,099 C	97	2,855
District	L	3	В	2	138,527	141,189	102	22,361
State Total					156,212 *	158,288 *	101	25,216
ARIZONA								
Superior	G	2	D	6	178,910	174,598	98	3,744
Tax	G	2	Ī	1	1,289	1,327	103	27
Justice of the Peace	Ĺ	1	Z	1	765,188	717,414	94	16,014
Municipal	Ĺ	1	Z	1	1,467,085	1,411,181	96	30,703
State Total	L	'	L	'	2,412,472	2,304,520	96	50,703
State Total					2,412,412	2,304,320	90	30,400
ARKANSAS	•	2		2	05 (22	07.525	100	2.740
Chancery and Probate	G	2	I.	3	95,622	97,535	102	3,748
Circuit	G	1	Α	1	76,363	74,892	98	2,993
City	L	1	Α	1	53,495	42,975	80	2,097
County	L	2	l	1	NA	NA		
Court of Common Pleas	L	2	I	1	NA	NA		
Justice of the Peace	L	2	Α	1	NA	NA		
Municipal	L	1	Α	1	988,395	729,842	74	38,740
Police State Total	L	1	Α	1	4,022	836	21	158
CALIFORNIA								
Superior	G	6	В	6	8,617,833 A	8,168,362 A	95	26,000
COLORADO								
District, Denver Juvenile,								
Denver Probate	G	2	D	3	161,343	165,436	103	3,978
Water	G	2	I	1	1,270	1,234	97	31
County	L	2	D	1	723,853 C	471,419 C		17,846
Municipal	L	1	I	1	NA	NA		
State Total								
CONNECTICUT								
Superior	G	6	E	5**	546,659 C	486,835 C		16,656
Probate	L	2	I	4	71,294	NA		2,172
State Total					617,953 *			18,828
DELAWARE								
Court of Chancery	G	2	ı	1	4,352	4,090	94	578
Superior	G	2	В	1	16,866 B	16,070 B	95	2,238
Alderman's	L	4	A	1	17,212 A	16,463 A	96	2,284
Court of Common Pleas	Ĺ	2	A	1	72,509	65,892	91	9,622
Family	Ĺ	2	В	3**	58,203	56,638	97	7,724
Justice of the Peace	L	2	A	ა 1	371,450	368,080	97	49,294
State Total	L	۷	A	ı	540,592 *	527,233 *	99 98	49,294 71,741
State Total					340,392	021,233	90	71,741
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	^	,	5	,	4// 107	474.000	400	00.012
Superior	G	6	В	6**	166,407	171,289	103	32,063

TABLE 8: Reported Grand Total State Trial Court Caseload, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Parking	Criminal unit of count	Support/ custody	Grand total filings and qualifying footnotes	Grand total dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
FLORIDA								
Circuit	G	2	E	4	1,158,719 A	709,776 A		7,668
County	L	5	A	1	4.760.773 A	3,781,492 A		31,505
State Total	L	J	A		5,919,492 *	4,491,268 *		39,173
GEORGIA								
Superior	G	2	G	3	303,160 B	287,831 B	95	3,893
Civil	Ĺ	2	M	1	NA	NA	7.0	0,070
County Recorder's	Ĺ	1	M	1	NA	NA		
Juvenile	Ĺ	2	I.	1	125.234 A	111,839 A	89	1,608
Magistrate	Ĺ	2	B	1	363,283 A	485,865 A	134	4,665
Municipal	Ĺ	2	M	1	NA	NA	101	1,000
Municipal and City of Atlanta	L	1	M	1	NA NA	NA		
Probate	L	2	В	1	134,320 A	140,721 A		1,725
State	Ĺ	2	G	1	664,879 A	579,227 A	87	8,537
State Total	L	2	G	'	004,077 A	3/7,22/ A	07	0,337
HAWAII								
Circuit	G	2	G	6	61,936	62,170	100	5,224
District	Ĺ	4	A	1	561,100	505,327	90	47,330
State Total	_			·	623,036	567,497	91	52,555
IDAHO								
District	G	3	J	6**	17,506 A	16.997 A	97	1,399
Magistrates Division	L	3	J	6**	464.328 A	453,780 A	98	37,096
State Total	L	J	J	U	481,834 *	470,777 *	98	38,494
					,			
ILLINOIS Circuit	G	2	G	6**	4,245,192	3,966,753	93	35,002
INIDIANIA								
INDIANA	0			4	0.405	0.470	.7	40
Probate	G	2		1	3,685	2,470	67	62
Superior and Circuit	G	3	В	5	1,125,289 A	1,103,486 A	98	18,935
City and Town	L	3	В	1	284,140	288,808	102	4,781
County	L	4	В	1	79,847	77,409	97	1,344
Small Claims Court of Marion C	o. L	2	I	1	76,091	74,665	98	1,280
State Total					1,569,052 *	1,546,838 *	99	26,402
IOWA								
District	G	3	В	6	1,113,092 B	1,101,385 C		38,792
KANSAS								
District	G	4	В	6**	481,130	461,810	96	18,128
Municipal	L	1	В	1	498,841 A	568,788 A	114	18,795
State Total					979,971 *	1,030,598 *	105	36,924
KENTUCKY								
Circuit	G	2	В	6	96,715	88,392	91	2,442
District	L	3	В	1	912,215 B	854,722 B	94	23,031
State Total					1,008,930 *	943,114 *	93	25,473
LOUISIANA								
District	G	1	Z	6	674,365	NA		15,425
Family and Juvenile	G	2	1	4***	22,882	22,716	99	523
City and Parish	L	1	В	1	1,029,652	833,505	81	23,551
Justice of the Peace	L	1	1	1	NA	NA		•
Mayor's	L	1	I	1	NA	NA		
State Total								

TABLE 8: Reported Grand Total State Trial Court Caseload, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Parking	Criminal unit of count	Support/ custody	Grand total fillings and qualifying footnotes	Grand total dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
MAINE								
Superior	G	2	E	6	14,621 B	14,657 B	100	1,167
Administrative	L	2	Ī	1	511	505	99	41
District	L	4	E	5	45,304 A	43,452 A	96	3,616
Probate	L	2	Ī	1	NA	15,452 A NA	70	3,010
State Total	_	-	·	•	10.1	101		
MARYLAND								
Circuit	G	2	В	6**	277,781 B	244,181 B	88	5,371
District	L	1	В	1	2,282,652	1,389,457 A		44,138
Orphan's	L	2	I	1	NA	NA		
State Total								
MASSACHUSETTS								
Superior Court	G	1	D	5**	38,000	39,841	105	615
District Court	L	2	D	5**	784,155	691,659	88	12,699
Boston Municipal Court	L	2	D	1	44,082	41,352	94	714
Housing Court	L	2	D	1	40,933	NA		663
Juvenile Court	L	2	I	1	41,745	NA		676
Land Court	L	2	I	1	12,365	10,363	84	200
Probate & Family Court	L	2	I	5**	150,388	109,263	73	2,435
State Total					1,111,668			18,002
MICHIGAN								
Circuit	G	2	В	6**	376,951	263,670 A		3,822
Court of Claims	G	2	I	1	360	356	99	4
District	L	4	В	1	3,598,197	3,532,283	98	36,479
Municipal	L	4	В	1	56,059	57,056	102	568
Probate	L	2	1	1	63,761	60,694	95	646
State Total					4,095,328	3,914,059 *		41,519
MINNESOTA	0			,	4.054.040	4.0/0.040	400	40.004
District	G	4	В	6	1,954,819	1,963,049	100	40,934
MISSISSIPPI Circuit	G	2	В	1	22,722 A	37,099		821
Chancery	L	2	I	5	72,041 A	45,278 A	63	2,602
County	L	2	B	4	33,153 A	22,004 A	66	2,002 1,197
Family	L	2	I	1	33,193 A NA	22,004 A NA	00	1,177
,	L	2	В	1	NA NA	NA NA		
Justice Municipal								
Municipal State Total	L	1	В	1	NA	NA		
MISSOURI								
Circuit	G	2	G	6**	934,099 A	904,408 A	97	17,082
Municipal	Ĺ	1	Ī	1	NA	NA		,
State Total	_	·	·	•				
MONTANA								
District	G	2	G	3	34,086	34,629	102	3,861
Water	G	2	I	1	NA	NA		
Workers' Compensation	G	2	1	1	270	108	40	31
City	L	1	В	1	75,038 A	NA		8,500
Justice of the Peace	L	1	В	1	187,048 B	NA		21,189
Municipal	L	1	В	1	72,303	NA		8,190
State Total					,			•

TABLE 8: Reported Grand Total State Trial Court Caseload, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Parking	Criminal unit of count	Support/ custody	Grand total filings and qualifying footnotes	Grand total dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
NEBRASKA District	G	2	В	5	37,891 B	NA		2,274
County	L	1	В	1	373,474 A	NA		22,417
Separate Juvenile	L	2	Ī	1	4,791	NA		288
Workers' Compensation	L	2	1	1	120	104	87	7
State Total					416,276 *			24,986
NEVADA								
District	G	2	Z	2	62,305 A	NA		3,444
Justice	L	1 1	Z Z	1	NA	NA		
Municipal State Total	L	1	L	1	NA	NA		
NEW HAMPSHIRE								
Superior	G	2	Α	5	53,896	53,454	99	4,487
District	Ĺ	4	A	1	161,533	155,885	97	13,448
Municipal	L	4	Α	1	334	NA		28
Probate	L	2	1	1	20,960	9,718 A		1,745
State Total					236,723			19,708
NEW JERSEY								
Superior	G	2	В	6**	1,150,347	1,174,268	102	14,126
Municipal	L L	4 2	B I	1 1	5,721,274	5,759,177	101 110	70,256 78
Tax State Total	L	2	ı	1	6,356 6,877,977	7,005 6,940,450	110	78 84,461
					0,077,777	0,740,430	101	04,401
NEW MEXICO		_	_					
District	G	2	E E	6	94,540	86,125	91 73	5,434
Magistrate Metropolitan Ct. of Bernalillo Co	L). L	3 3	E	1 1	139,380 119,091	101,656 89,790	73 75	8,011 6,845
Municipal). L	1	Ī	1	NA	07,770 NA	73	0,043
Probate	Ĺ	2	i	1	NA	NA		
State Total								
NEW YORK								
Supreme and County	G	2	Ε	1	478,205 B	511,286 B	107	2,628
Civil Court of the City								
of New York	L	2	l	1	585,771 A	454,230 A	78	3,219
Court of Claims	L	2	ı	1	2,297	2,637	115	13
Criminal Court of the City of New York	L	2	E	1	728,155 A	664,642 A	91	4,002
District and City	L	4	E	1	1,093,433 A	1,020,111 A	93	6,009
Family	L	2	Ī	4	689,749	681,650	99	3,791
Surrogates'	L	2	1	1	163,470	137,864	84	898
Town and Village Justice	L	1	E	1	NA	NA		
State Total								
NORTH CAROLINA								
Superior	G	2	E	1	289,749 B	278,274 B	96	3,787
District State Tatal	L	6	E	6**	2,529,652 A	2,443,063 A		33,064
State Total					2,819,401 *	2,721,337 *		36,851
NORTH DAKOTA	C	4	D	/ **	170 707	1/0 100	00	27.042
District Municipal	G L	4 1	B B	6** 1	170,727 62,039 A	168,108 62,039 A	98 100	26,943 9,790
State Total	L	ı	ט	ı	232,766 *	230,147 *	99	7,770
Clato . Clai					202/100	200,117	,,	

TABLE 8: Reported Grand Total State Trial Court Caseload, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Parking	Criminal unit of count	Support/ custody	Grand total filings and qualifying footnotes	Grand total dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
OHIO								
Court of Common Pleas	G	2	В	6**	755,311 B	754,757 B	100	6,710
County	Ĺ	5	В	1	280,949	277,667	99	2,496
Court of Claims	L	2	I	1	6,359	8,752	138	56
Mayor's	L	1	В	1	NA	NA		
Municipal	L	5	В	1	2,563,157	2,583,748	101	22,770
State Total								
OKLAHOMA								
District	G	2	J	6	561,540	527,174	94	16,722
Court of Tax Review	L	2	I	1	NA	NA		
Municipal Court Not of Record	L	1	I	1	NA	NA		
Municipal Criminal Court								
of Record	L	1	I	1	NA	NA		
State Total								
OREGON								
Circuit	G	2	В	6**	634,419 A	626,200 A	99	19,131
Tax	G	2	I	1	1,685	2,061	122	51
County	L	2	1	1	NA	NA		
Justice	L	3	E	1	NA	NA		
Municipal State Total	L	3	А	1	NA	NA		
PENNSYLVANIA								
Court of Common Pleas	G	2	В	4	571,569 A	543,095 A	95	4,765
District Justice	L	4	В	1	2,231,784	2,178,359	98	18,607
Philadelphia Municipal	L	2	В	1	229,907	230,079	100	1,917
Philadelphia Traffic	L	1	1	1	410,843 A	401,419 A	98	3,425
Pittsburgh City Magistrates	L	4	В	1	350,290	NA		2,921
State Total					3,794,393 *			31,636
PUERTO RICO								
Court of First Instance	G	2	J	6	305,472	293,216	96	7,854
RHODE ISLAND								
Superior	G	2	D	1	14,388	13,583	94	1,452
Workers' Compensation	L	2	I	1	7,551 A	7,319 A	97	762
District	L	2	Α	1	59,140	56,874 A		5,969
Family	L	2	I	6	22,681	12,062 A		2,289
Municipal	L	1	l	1	NA	NA		
Probate	L	2	I	1	NA	NA		40 40=
Traffic Tribunal State Total	L	1	I	1	123,719	128,862 A		12,487
SOUTH CAROLINA								
Circuit	G	2	В	1	167,571 B	169,498 B	101	4,312
Family	L	2	Ī	6**	91,330	91,537	100	2,350
Magistrate	Ĺ	4	B	1	1,103,797 A	1,040,977 A	94	28,406
Municipal	Ĺ	4	В	1	410,828	413,391	101	10,573
Probate	Ĺ	2	Ī	1	26,484 A	26,199 A	99	682
State Total					1,800,010 *	1,741,602 *	97	46,324
SOUTH DAKOTA								
Circuit	G	3	В	4	237,468	227,094	96	32,391
						•		

TABLE 8: Reported Grand Total State Trial Court Caseload, 1999 (continued)

Chab (Count name	hadadah a	Deal de a	Criminal unit	Support/	Grand total filings and qualifying	Grand total dispositions and qualifying	Dispositions as a percentage	Filings per 100,000 total
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Parking	of count	custody	footnotes	footnotes	of filings	population
TENNESSEE	0			/++	04/ 500 4	005 004 4	0.5	4.407
Circuit, Criminal, and Chancery		2	A	6**	246,533 A	235,324 A	95	4,496
Probate	G	2	l Na	1	2,131	1,706	80	39
General Sessions Juvenile	L L	1 2	M I	6** 4	NA 117,538	NA 210,300 B		2,143
Municipal	L	1	ı M	1	117,538 NA	210,300 B NA		2,143
State Total	L	'	IVI	'	IVA	NA .		
TEXAS								
District	G	2	В	6**	645,748	625,715	89	3,522
County-level	L	2	В	6**	713,936	636,212 A	0.7	3,562
Justice of the Peace	L	4	A	1	2,774,574 A	2,405,698 A	87	13,842
Municipal State Total	L	4	А	1	7,287,640 A 11,482,195 *	6,933,573 A 10,601,198 *	95	36,358 57,285
UTAH								
District	G	4	J	3	358,965 B	332,068 B	93	16,854
Justice	L	4	В	1	339,459 A	302,297 A	89	15,938
Juvenile	L	2	1	1	54,623	56,414	103	2,565
State Total					753,047 *	690,779 *	92	35,357
VERMONT District	C	2	D	1	24.050	22 202	97	4.052
Family	G G	2 2	D	1 4***	24,059 23,758	23,393 23,747	100	4,052 4,001
Superior	G	2	В	5	14,308	14,419	101	2,410
Environmental	L	2	I	1	243	229	94	41
Probate	Ĺ	2	i	1	5,093	4,882	96	858
Judicial Bureau	Ĺ	4	i	1	85,993	86,081	100	14,483
State Total	_	·	·		153,454	152,751	100	25,845
VIRGINIA								
Circuit	G	2	Α	3	259,937	251,996	97	3,782
District	L	4	Α	4	3,791,330	3,862,402	102	55,163
State Total					4,051,267	4,114,398	102	58,945
WASHINGTON								
Superior	G	2	D	6	242,928 C	236,312 C	97	4,220
District	L	4	С	1	889,276	967,477	109	15,449
Municipal	L	4	С	1	1,152,459 A	1,025,969 A	89	20,021
State Total					2,284,663 *	2,229,758 *	98	39,689
WEST VIRGINIA								
Circuit	G	2	J	5	61,311 B	59,358 B	97	3,393
Magistrate	L	2	J	1	367,414	341,262	93	20,334
Municipal State Total	L	1	А	1	NA	NA		
WISCONSIN								
Circuit	G	3	D	6**	992,736	993,143	100	18,908
Municipal State Total	L	3	Α	1	NA	551,656 A 1,544,799 *		,
WYOMING								
District	G	2	J	5	13,229 A	13,165 A	100	2,758
County	Ĺ	1	Ĵ	4	118,119	117,183 A	. 55	24,629
Justice of the Peace	Ĺ	1	Ĵ	1	NA	NA		.,
Municipal	L	1	Α	1	NA	NA		
State Total								

NOTE:

All state trial courts with grand total jurisdiction are listed in the table, regardless of whether caseload data are available. Blank spaces in the table indicate that a particular calculation, such as the total state caseload, is not appropriate. State total "filings per 100,000 population" may not equal the sum of the filing rates for the individual courts due to rounding.

NA = Data are not available.

JURISDICTION CODES:

- G = General Jurisdiction
- L = Limited Jurisdiction

SUPPORT/CUSTODY CODES:

- 1 = The court does not have jurisdiction over support/custody cases
- 2 = Support/custody caseload data are not available
- Only contested support/custody cases and all interstate support cases (where the court has jurisdiction) are counted separately from marriage dissolution cases
- 4 = Both contested and uncontested support/custody cases and interstate support cases (where the court has jurisdiction) are counted separately from marriage dissolution cases
- 5 = Support/custody is counted as a proceeding of the marriage dissolution and, thus, a marriage dissolution that involves support/custody is counted as one case
- 6 = Support/custody is counted as a proceeding of the marriage dissolution, but interstate support cases are counted separately
- ** = Nondissolution support/custody cases are also counted separately
- *** = Court has only interstate support jurisdiction

PARKING CODES:

- 1 = Parking data are unavailable
- 2 = Court does not have parking jurisdiction
- 3 = Only contested parking cases are included
- 4 = Both contested and uncontested parking cases are included
- 5 = Parking cases are handled administratively
- 6 = Uncontested parking cases are handled administratively; contested parking cases are handled by the court

CRIMINAL UNIT OF COUNT CODES:

- M = Missing data
- I = Data element is inapplicable
- A = Single defendant—single charge
- B = Single defendant—single incident (one/more charges)
- C = Single defendant—single incident/maximum number charges (usually two)
- D = Single defendant—one/more incidents
- E = Single defendant—content varies with prosecutor
- F = One/more defendants—single charge
- G = One/more defendants—single incident (one/more charges)
- H = One/more defendants—single incident/maximum number charges (usually two)
- J = One/more defendants—one/more incidents
- K = One/more defendants—content varies with prosecutor
- L = Inconsistent during reporting year
- Both the defendant and charge components vary within the state

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

The absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that data are complete.

- † Data for all Oklahoma courts are for 1997. Data for Ohio County, Court of Claims, and Municipal Courts are for 1998. Data for Pennsylvania Court of Common Pleas are preliminary 1999 data.
- * See the qualifying footnote for each court within the state. Each footnote has an effect on the state's total.
- A: The following courts' data are incomplete:
 - Alabama—Municipal Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include cases from 86 municipalities.
 - California—Superior Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include partial data from several courts.
 - Delaware—Alderman's Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include cases from two of eight courts, and are less than 75% complete.
 - Florida—Circuit Court—Grand total filed data do not include partial data from one county, and some **criminal** cases from smaller counties. Disposed data do not include **civil appeals**, **criminal appeals**, reopened cases, partial data from one county, and some **criminal** cases from smaller counties, and are less than 75% complete.
 - —County Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include partial data due to incomplete reporting. Disposed data also do not include reopened cases.
 - Georgia—Juvenile Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include cases from 16 counties.
 - —Magistrate Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include any data from 24 counties, and partial data from 45 counties.

 —Probate Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include any civil cases from 62 of 159 counties, and partial civil data from 46 counties; any criminal and traffic data from 51 counties, and partial criminal and traffic data from 27 counties; and are less than
 - 75% complete. Disposed data do not include any **civil** cases.

 —State Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include cases from 15 courts.
 - Idaho—District Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include mental health cases.
 - —Magistrates Division—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include **mental health** and **parking** cases.
 - Indiana—Superior and Circuit Courts—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include civil appeals, criminal appeals and some support/custody cases.
 - Kansas—Municipal Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include **parking** cases, and partial data from two courts.
 - Maine—District Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include **criminal**, **traffic**, and **juvenile** cases, and are less than 75% complete.
 - Maryland—District Court—Grand total disposed data do not include **ordinance violation, parking** and most **civil** cases, and are less than 75% complete.
 - Michigan—Circuit Court—Grand total disposed data do not include adoption, traffic, juvenile, and some miscellaneous domestic relations cases.
 - Mississippi—Circuit Court—Grand total filed data do not include **criminal** cases, and are less than 75% complete.
 - —Chancery Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include **juvenile** cases.
 - —County Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include **criminal** and **juvenile** cases.

- Missouri—Circuit Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include those **ordinance violation** cases heard by municipal judges.
- Montana—City Court—Grand total filed data do not include cases from several courts.
- Nebraska—County Court—Grand total filed data do not include **parking** cases.
- Nevada—District Court—Grand total filed data do not include **criminal** and **juvenile** cases, and are less than 75% complete.
- New Hampshire—Probate Court—Grand total disposed data do not include some **estate** and some **miscellaneous civil** cases.
- New York—Civil Court of the City of New York—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include **administrative agency appeals** cases.
 - —Criminal Court of the City of New York—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include moving traffic, miscellaneous traffic, and some ordinance violation cases.
 - —District and City Courts—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include administrative agency appeals cases.
- North Carolina—District Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include **mental health** cases. Disposed data also do not include **miscellaneous civil** cases.
- North Dakota—Municipal Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include **ordinance violation** and **parking** cases, represent only the 12 municipalities with the highest case volume, and are less than 75% complete.
- Oregon—Circuit Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include **parking** cases.
- Pennsylvania—Court of Common Pleas—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include some **civil appeals** and some **criminal appeals**
 - —Philadelphia Traffic Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include **ordinance violation**, **parking**, and **miscellaneous traffic** cases, and are less than 75% complete.
- Rhode Island—Workers' Compensation Court— Grand total filed and disposed data do not include some **administrative agency appeals**.
 - —District Court—Grand total disposed data do not include **mental health**, **domestic violence**, and **administrative agency appeals**.
 —Family Court—Grand total disposed data do not include **marriage dissolution**, **paternity**, and **interstate support** cases, and are less
 - —Traffic Tribunal—Grand total disposed data do not include some **traffic** cases.
- South Carolina—Magistrate Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include **ordinance violation** cases.

than 75% complete.

- —Probate Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include **mental health** cases, and are less than 75% complete.
- Tennessee—Circuit, Criminal and Chancery Courts—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include miscellaneous criminal cases.
- Texas—County-level Court—Grand total disposed data do not include estate and mental health cases.
 - —Justice of the Peace Court—Grand total filed and disposed data represent a reporting rate of 91%.
 - —Municipal Court—Grand total filed and disposed data represent a reporting rate of 90%.
- Utah—Justice Court—Grand total filed and disposed data reflect incomplete reporting by 22 courts.
- Washington—Municipal Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include cases from 16 courts.
- Wisconsin—Municipal Court—Grand total disposed data represent a reporting rate of 98%.
- Wyoming—District Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include cases from one county that did not report.
 - —County Court—Grand total disposed data do not include **trial court civil appeals and criminal appeals** cases.

- B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:
- Alabama—Circuit Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings and some extraordinary writs.
- Delaware—Superior Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings and extraordinary writs.
- Georgia—Superior Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include extraordinary writs.
- Iowa—District Court—Grand total filed data include **postconviction** remedy proceedings.
- Kentucky—District Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include sentence review only proceedings.
- Maine—Superior Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy and sentence review only proceedings.
- Maryland—Circuit Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include estate cases from the Orphan's Court, and some postconviction remedy and sentence review only proceedings.
- Montana—Justice of the Peace Court—Grand total filed data include some City Court data.
- Nebraska—District Court—Grand total filed data include **postconviction** remedy proceedings.
- New York—Supreme and County Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include **postconviction remedy proceedings**.
- North Carolina—Superior Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include mental health cases from District Court.
- Ohio—Court of Common Pleas—Grand total filed and disposed data include **postconviction remedy proceedings**.
- South Carolina—Circuit Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include **postconviction remedy proceedings**.
- Tennessee—Juvenile Court—Grand total disposed data are somewhat inflated. Disposed data are counted by number of actions rather than number of referrals.
- Utah—District Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include sentence review only proceedings.
- West Virginia—Circuit Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings and extraordinary writs.
- C: The following courts' data are incomplete and overinclusive:
- Alaska—Superior Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include extraordinary writs, orders to show cause, unfair trade practices, and postconviction remedy proceedings, but do not include criminal appeals cases.
- Colorado—County Court—Grand total filed data include preliminary hearing proceedings, but do not include miscellaneous civil (name change) cases from counties other than Denver. Disposed data include preliminary hearing proceedings, but do not include civil, criminal, and traffic data from Denver County Court, miscellaneous civil cases from counties other than Denver, and are less than 75% complete.
- Connecticut—Superior Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include **postconviction remedy proceedings**, but do not include most **interstate support** cases. Disposed data also do not include most **small claims** cases.
- Iowa—District Court—Grand total disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings, but do not include juvenile cases.
- Washington—Superior Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include **postconviction remedy proceedings** and **extraordinary writs**, but do not include partial **juvenile** caseload from one court.

TABLE 9: Reported Total State Trial Court Civil Caseload, 1999

		Support/custody:					
State/Court name:	_Jurisdiction_	(a) method of count code	(b) decree change counted as	Total civil filings and qualifying footnotes	Total civil dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
ALABAMA							
Circuit	G	6	NF	110,734 B	106,960 B	97	2,534
District	Ĺ	2	1	168,702	167,301	99	3,861
Probate State Total	L	1	I	NA	NA		.,
ALASKA							
Superior	G	6	R	11,222 B	10,939 B	97	1,811
District State Total	L	2	I	26,646 B 37,868 *	29,313 B 40,252 *	110 106	4,301 6,113
ARIZONA							
Superior	G	6	NF	117,297	114,342	97	2,455
Tax	G	1	I	1,289	1,327	103	27
Justice of the Peace	L	1	I	144,773	141,702	98	3,030
Municipal State Total	L	1	I	18,495 281,854	16,962 274,333	92 97	387 5,899
ARKANSAS							
Chancery and Probate	G	3	R	72,950	74,550	102	2,859
Circuit	G	1	I	21,576	21,877	101	846
City	L	1	l	0	0		
Justice of the Peace	L	1	ļ	NA	NA		
County	L	1	l	NA	NA		
Court of Common Pleas	L	1	1	NA 02.027	NA	F2	2.24/
Municipal Police	L L	1 1	l	82,827 0	42,721 0	52	3,246
State Total	L	ı	ı	U	U		
CALIFORNIA							
Superior	G	6	NC	1,607,543 A	1,482,921 A	92	4,850
COLORADO							
District, Denver Juvenile,							
Denver Probate	G	3	R	98,755	90,940 A	07	2,435
Water	G	1	!	1,270	1,234	97	31
County State Total	L	1	I	184,003 A 284,028 *	141,493 A 233,667 *		4,536 7,002
CONNECTICUT							
Superior	G	5**	NC	180,228 C	127,664 C		5,491
Probate State Total	L	4	R	71,294 251,522 *	NA		2,172 7,664
DELAWARE							
Court of Chancery	G	1	1	4,352	4,090	94	578
Superior	G	1	I	9,175 B	8,303 B	90	1,218
Court of Common Pleas	L	1	I	6,293	5,959	95	835
Family	L	3**	R	39,735 B	38,629 B	97	5,273
Justice of the Peace	L	1	I	30,865	29,112	94 05	4,096
State Total				90,420 *	86,093 *	95	11,999
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	G	6**	R	11// 022	115,909	101	22,145
Superior	G	0	К	114,932	110,909	101	22,140

TABLE 9: Reported Total State Trial Court Civil Caseload, 1999 (continued)

Saler Court name:			Support/o	custody:	 Total civil			E.I.
Circuit	State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	of	change	filings and qualifying	dispositions and qualifying	as a percentage	100,000 total
Circuit	FI ORIDA							
County C		G	4	R	794,932 A	456,046 A		5,261
School								
Superior G 3								
Civil	GEORGIA							
Manicpol	Superior	G	3	NF	205,496 B	193,944 B	94	2,639
Minicipal		L		1				
Probate				I			78	3,994
Salar				1				
HAWAII				l			00	
Circuit G		L	1	I	99,953 A	89,665 A	90	1,283
Circuit G	ПУМУЛІ							
District L 1 24,032 22,126 92 2,027 State Total		G	6	P	24 071	24 300	101	2 030
DAHO DISINCE DAME DAME								
District G 6"		L	'	'				
District G 6"	IDAHO							
Magistrates Division State Total State		G	6**	R	6,148 A	5,941 A	97	491
Stale Total	Magistrates Division							
Circuit G 6" R R 661,870 677,640 102 5,457 INDIANA Probate G 1 I 1,873 1,049 56 32 Superior and Circuit G 5 R 382,393 A 366,442 A 96 6,434 City and Town L 1 I 30,858 29,237 95 519 Small Claims Court of Marion County L 1 I 30,858 29,237 95 519 Small Claims Court of Marion County L 1 I 76,091 T 74,665 78 1,280 State Total G 6 NF 176,961 B 172,095 B 97 6,167 KANSAS District G 6 R 74,568 67,493 97 8,159 KENTUCKY Circuit G 6 R 74,568 67,493 97 1,883 District L 1 I 185,175 A 174,088 A 94 4,675 State Total State Total State Total State Total LOUISIANA District G 6 NF 180,146 NA 4,120 Family and Juvenile G 4"** NF 9,346 9,653 103 214 City and Parish L 1 I 83,784 71,551 85 1,916 Justice of the Peace L 1 I 83,784 71,551 85 1,916 Administrative L 1 I 33,6 342 102 27 District L 5 NC 4,231 4,577 109 3,36 Administrative L 5 NC 4,231 4,577 109 3,36 Administrative L 5 NC 4,231 4,577 109 3,36 Administrative L 5 NC 4,231 43,572 109 3,616 Probate State Total NA NA NA NA State Total City and Parish L 5 NC 4,231 43,572 296 3,616 Probate State Total NA NA NA State Total City and Parish L 5 NC 4,231 43,572 3,616 Probate State Total NA NA NA State Total								
INDIANA	ILLINOIS							
Probate G	Circuit	G	6**	R	661,870	677,640	102	5,457
Probate G	ΙΝΠΙΔΝΔ							
Superior and Circuit G S R 382,393 A 366,442 A 96 6,434		G	1	1	1 873	1 049	56	32
City and Town								
County	·							
Small Claims Court of Marion County L 1 1 76,091 74,665 98 1,280 501,036 * 484,877 * 97 8,431								
State Total Sol,036 * 484,877 * 97 8,431								
District G 6 NF 176,961 B 172,095 B 97 6,167		,						
KANSAS District G G 6** NC 216,536 209,128 97 8,159 KENTUCKY Circuit G Circuit C Circuit G Circuit C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	IOWA							
District G G 6** NC 216,536 209,128 97 8,159		G	6	NF	176,961 B	172,095 B	97	6,167
District G 6** NC 216,536 209,128 97 8,159	KANSAS							
Circuit G 6 R 74,568 67,493 91 1,883 District L 1 I 185,175 A 174,088 A 94 4,675 State Total - - 1 185,175 A 174,088 A 94 4,675 State Total - - - 259,743 * 241,581 * 93 6,558 LOUISIANA District G 6 NF 180,146 NA 4,120 Family and Juvenile G 4**** NF 9,346 9,653 103 214 City and Parish L 1 I 83,784 71,551 85 1,916 Justice of the Peace L 1 I NA NA NA State Total MAINE Superior G G G G G G H NE NA NA Superior Administrative L I I I NA NA NA NA Superior R NE NE NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA		G	6**	NC	216,536	209,128	97	8,159
Circuit G 6 R 74,568 67,493 91 1,883 District L 1 I 185,175 A 174,088 A 94 4,675 State Total - - - 259,743 * 241,581 * 93 6,558 LOUISIANA District G 6 NF 180,146 NA 4,120 Family and Juvenile G 4**** NF 9,346 9,653 103 214 City and Parish L 1 I 83,784 71,551 85 1,916 Justice of the Peace L 1 I NA NA NA State Total MAINE Superior G G G G G G H NC	KENTUCKY							
District State Total		G	6	R	74.568	67.493	91	1.883
State Total 259,743 * 241,581 * 93 6,558	District							
District G G A*** NF 180,146 NA 4,120	State Total				259,743 *	241,581 *	93	
Family and Juvenile G 4*** NF 9,346 9,653 103 214 City and Parish L 1 I 83,784 71,551 85 1,916 Justice of the Peace L 1 I NA NA NA State Total State Total NC 4,211 4,577 109 336 Administrative L 1 I 336 342 102 27 District L 5 NC 45,304 43,452 96 3,616 Probate L 1 I NA NA	LOUISIANA							
City and Parish L 1 I 83,784 71,551 85 1,916 Justice of the Peace State Total L 1 I NA								
Justice of the Peace State Total L 1 I NA NA MAINE Superior G 6 NC 4,211 4,577 109 336 Administrative L 1 I 336 342 102 27 District L 5 NC 45,304 43,452 96 3,616 Probate L 1 I NA NA				NF				
State Total MAINE Superior G 6 NC 4,211 4,577 109 336 Administrative L 1 I 336 342 102 27 District L 5 NC 45,304 43,452 96 3,616 Probate L 1 I NA NA State Total NA NA NA				I			85	1,916
MAINE Superior G 6 NC 4,211 4,577 109 336 Administrative L 1 I 336 342 102 27 District L 5 NC 45,304 43,452 96 3,616 Probate L 1 I NA NA		L	1	I	NA	NA		
Superior G 6 NC 4,211 4,577 109 336 Administrative L 1 I 336 342 102 27 District L 5 NC 45,304 43,452 96 3,616 Probate L 1 I NA NA								
Administrative L 1 I 336 342 102 27 District L 5 NC 45,304 43,452 96 3,616 Probate L 1 I NA NA State Total NA NA NA NA		C	,	NC	A 211	A E 7 7	100	224
District L 5 NC 45,304 43,452 96 3,616 Probate L 1 I NA NA State Total	•			NC I				
Probate L 1 I NA NA				NC				
State Total	Probate						70	5,010
(continued on next page)	State Total						(continued	on next page)

TABLE 9: Reported Total State Trial Court Civil Caseload, 1999 (continued)

		Support/o	custody:				
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	(a) method of count code	(b) decree change counted as	Total civil filings and qualifying footnotes	Total civil dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
MARYLAND							
Circuit	G	6**	NF	168,717 B	142,830 B	85	3,262
District	L	1	1	827,661	17,279 A		16,004
Orphan's	L	1	1	NA	NA		
State Total							
MASSACHUSETTS							
Superior Court	G	5**	R	29,160	30,599		472
District Court	Ĺ	5**	R	253,537	233,545		4,106
Boston Municipal Court	Ĺ	1	i	25,472	23,992		412
Housing Court	L	1	i	31,903	NA		517
Juvenile Court	Ĺ	1	i	675	NA		11
Land Court	L	1	i	12,365	10,363		200
Probate & Family Court	Ĺ	5**	R	150,388	109,263		2,435
State Total	L	J	K	503,500	107,203		8,154
MICHICAN							
MICHIGAN	C	6**	NC	209.498	200,759 A		2.124
Circuit	G		NC			00	2,124
Court of Claims	G	1	1	360	356	99	4
District	L	1	!	447,820	437,078	98	4,540
Municipal	L	1	I .	746	990	133	8
Probate	L	1	I	63,761	60,694	95	646
State Total				722,185	699,877 *		7,322
MINNESOTA							
District	G	6	NF	204,262	198,284	97	4,277
MISSISSIPPI							
Circuit	G	1	1	22,722	13,837	61	821
Chancery	Ĺ	5	NF	72,041	45,278	63	2,602
County	Ĺ	4	NF	33,153	22,004	66	1,197
Family	L	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	NA	NA	00	1,177
Justice	Ĺ	1	i	NA	NA		
State Total	L	'	•	1471	1471		
MISSOURI							
Circuit	G	6**	NF	286,194	274,499	96	5,234
Circuit	G	O	IVI	200,174	274,477	70	5,234
MONTANA							
District	G	3	R	25,076	25,412	101	2,841
Water	G	1	I	NA	NA		
Workers' Compensation	G	1	1	270	108	40	31
City	L	1	I	1,245 A	NA		141
Justice of the Peace	L	1	Ţ	22,314 B	NA		2,528
Municipal	L	1	Ţ	3,100	NA		351
State Total							
NEBRASKA							
District	G	5	R	29,552 C	NA		1,774
County	L	1	1	72,358	NA		4,343
Workers' Compensation	L	1	1	120	104	87	7
State Total				102,030 *			6,124
NEVADA							
District	G	2	R	62,305	NA		3,444
Justice	L	1	Ì	NA	NA		=,
Municipal	Ĺ	1	i	NA	NA		
State Total	_	·	-				

TABLE 9: Reported Total State Trial Court Civil Caseload, 1999 (continued)

		Support/custody:					E
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	(a) method of count code	(b) decree change counted as	Total civil filings and qualifying footnotes	Total civil dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
NEW HAMPSHIRE							
Superior	G	5	R	34,898	35,796	103	2,905
District	L	1	1	36,669	34,605	94	3,053
Municipal	L	1	1	39	NA		3
Probate	L	1	1	20,960	9,718 A		1,745
State Total				92,566			7,707
NEW JERSEY							
Superior	G	6**	R	1,001,728	1,020,622	102	12,301
Tax	L	1	1	6,356	7,005	110	78
State Total				1,008,084	1,027,627	102	12,379
NEW MEXICO							
District	G	6	R	66,572	60,028	90	3,826
Magistrate	Ĺ	1	ï	19,031	8,387	44	1,094
Metropolitan Ct. of Bernalillo County		1	I	17,680	9,587	54	1,016
Probate	L	1	1	NA	NA		,-
State Total							
NEW YORK							
Supreme and County	G	1	1	422,780 B	451,387 B	107	2,323
Civil Court of the City of New York	Ĺ	1	i	585,771 A	454,230 A	78	3,219
Court of Claims	Ĺ	1	i	2,297	2,637	115	13
District and City	L	1	1	235,335 A	224,194 A	95	1,293
Family	L	4	R	577,961	571,364	99	3,176
Surrogates'	L	1	1	163,470	137,864	84	898
Town and Village Justice	L	1	1	NA	NA		
State Total							
NORTH CAROLINA							
Superior	G	1	ī	149,101 B	143,436 B	96	1,949
District	Ĺ	6**	R	517,331 A	456,472 A	, ,	6,762
State Total	_	-		666,432 *	599,908 *		8,711
NORTH DAKOTA							
District	G	6**	NF	39,421	39,567	100	6,221
OHIO Court of Common Pleas	G	6**	R	421,384 B	418,969 B	99	3,743
County	Ĺ	1	i. I	23,127	22,476	97	205
Court of Claims	Ĺ	1	i	6,359	8,752	138	56
Municipal	Ĺ	1	i	376,994	402,895	107	3,349
State Total				827,864 *	853,092 *	103	7,354
OKLAHOMA							
District	G	6	R	267,042	256,626	96	7,952
Court of Tax Review	L	1	I	NA	NA	70	1,752
State Total	_	·					
OREGON							
Circuit	G	6**	R	193,326 B	188,687 B	98	5,830
Tax	G	1	IX I	1,685	2,061	122	5,630
County	L	1	i	1,005 NA	2,001 NA	122	31
Justice	Ĺ	1	i	NA	NA		
State Total	_	•	•				

TABLE 9: Reported Total State Trial Court Civil Caseload, 1999 (continued)

		Support/custody:					
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	(a) method of count code	(b) decree change counted as	Total civil filings and qualifying footnotes	Total civil dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
PENNSYLVANIA							
Court of Common Pleas	G	4	NF	351,031 A	325,440 A	93	2,927
District Justice	L	1	I	202,614	193,665	96	1,689
Philadelphia Municipal	L	1	I	161,162 A	163,560 A	101	1,344
Pittsburgh City Magistrates State Total	L	1	I	4,015 718,822 *	NA		33 5,993
PUERTO RICO							
Court of First Instance	G	6	NF	145,571 A	139,028 A	96	3,743
RHODE ISLAND							
Superior	G	1	1	8,718	6,926	79	880
Workers' Compensation	L	1	1	7,551 A	7,319 A	97	762
District	L	1	1	33,276	32,370 A		3,358
Family	L	6	R	14,114	3,703 A		1,424
Probate State Tatel	L	1	I	NA	NA		
State Total							
SOUTH CAROLINA	^			E4.000 5	F0 001 5	22	4.00=
Circuit	G	1	1	54,293 B	53,281 B	98	1,397
Family	L	6**	NF	67,290 B	67,789 B	101	1,732
Magistrate	L	1	I	220,371	212,373	96	5,671
Probate	L	1	I	26,484 A	26,199 A	99	682
State Total				368,438 *	359,642 *	98	9,482
SOUTH DAKOTA							
Circuit	G	4	NC	60,504	56,922	94	8,253
TENNESSEE							
Circuit, Criminal, and Chancery	G	6**	R	134,225	125,535	94	2,448
Probate	G	1	1	2,131	1,706	80	39
General Sessions	L	6**	R	NA	NA		
Juvenile	L	4	R	13,554	33,098	244	247
State Total							
TEXAS							
District	G	6**	R	454,175 B	434,335 B	96	2,266
County-level	L	6**	R	195,173 B	113,726 C		974
Justice of the Peace	L	1	I	254,554 A	206,982 A	81	1,270
Municipal	L	1	I	175 A	175 A	100	1
State Total				904,077 *	755,218 *		4,510
UTAH							
District	G	3	R	147,182	140,408	95	6,910
Justice	L	1	I	6,035 A	1,890 A	31	283
State Total				153,217 *	142,298 *	93	7,194
VERMONT							
District	G	1	1	1,818	1,868	103	306
Family	G	4***	NC	21,321	21,496	101	3,591
Superior	G	5	NC	14,307	14,419	101	2,410
Environmental	L	1	1	243	229	94	41
Probate	L	1	I	5,093	4,882	96	858
State Total				42,782	42,894	100	7,206
VIRGINIA							
Circuit	G	3	R	111,559	104,857	94	1,623
District	L	4	R	1,281,339 A	1,306,292 A	102	18,643
State Total				1,392,898 *	1,411,149 *	101	20,266

TABLE 9: Reported Total State Trial Court Civil Caseload, 1999 (continued)

		Support/	custody:				
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	(a) method of count code	(b) decree change counted as	Total civil filings and qualifying footnotes	Total civil dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
WASHINGTON							
Superior	G	6	R	154,072 B	149,564 B	97	2,677
District	L	1	I	146,075	112,377	77	2,538
Municipal	L	1	I	521 A	163 A	31	9
State Total				300,668 *	262,104 *	87	5,223
WEST VIRGINIA							
Circuit	G	5	R	46,702 B	45,264 B	97	2,585
Magistrate	L	1	1	60,110	59,871	100	3,327
State Total				106,812 *	105,135 *	98	5,911
WISCONSIN							
Circuit	G	6**	NF	265,377 A	267,217 A	101	5,054
WYOMING							
District	G	5	R	10,232 A	9,778 A	96	2,133
County	L	4	R	20,047	19,222 A		4,180
Justice of the Peace	L	1	1	NA	NA		
State Total							

Cummant/accatant

NOTE: All state trial courts with civil jurisdiction are listed in the table regardless of whether caseload data are available. Blank spaces in the table indicate that a particular calculation, such as the total state caseload, is not appropriate. State total "filings per 100,000 population" may not equal the sum of the filing rates for the individual courts due to rounding.

NA = Data are not available

JURISDICTION CODES:

G = General Jurisdiction

L = Limited Jurisdiction

SUPPORT/CUSTODY CODES:

- (a) Method of count codes:
- 1 = The court does not have jurisdiction over support/custody cases
- 2 = Support/custody caseload data are not available
- 3 = Only contested support/custody cases and all interstate support cases (where the court has jurisdiction) are counted separately from marriage dissolution cases
- 4 = Both contested and uncontested support/custody cases and interstate support cases (where the court has jurisdiction) are counted separately from marriage dissolution cases
- 5 = Support/custody is counted as a proceeding of the marriage dissolution and, thus, a marriage dissolution that involves support/custody is counted as one case
- 6 = Support/custody is counted as a proceeding of the marriage dissolution, but interstate support cases are counted separately

- ** Nondissolution support/custody cases are also counted separately.
- *** Court has only interstate support jurisdiction.
- (b) Decree change counted as:

NC = Not counted/collected

NF = New filing

R = Reopened case

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

The absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that data are complete.

- † Data for all Oklahoma Courts are for 1997. Data for Pennsylvania Court of Common Pleas are preliminary 1999 data.
- * See the qualifying footnote for each court within the state. Each footnote has an effect on the state's total.
- A: The following courts' data are incomplete:
 - California—Superior Court—Total **civil** filed and disposed data do not include partial data from several courts.
 - Colorado—District, Denver Juvenile & Denver Probate Court—Total civil disposed data do not include adoption, paternity, and some support/custody cases.
 - —County Court—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include most **miscellaneous civil** cases. Disposed data also do not include cases from Denver County Court.

Florida—Circuit Court—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include

- partial data from one county. Disposed data also do not include civil appeals and reopened cases, and are less than 75% complete.
- —County Court—Total **civil** filed and disposed data do not include partial data from one county. Disposed data also do not include reopened cases.
- Georgia—Magistrate Court—Total **civil** filed and disposed data do not include any cases from 24 counties, and partial data from 45 counties
 - —Probate Court—Total **civil** filed data do not include any cases from 62 of 159 counties, and partial data from 46 counties, and are less than 75% complete.
 - —State Court—Total **civil** filed and disposed data do not include any cases from 15 courts.
- Idaho—District Court—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include mental health cases
 - —Magistrate Division—Total **civil** filed and disposed data do not include **mental health** cases.
- Indiana—Superior and Circuit Courts—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include civil appeals and support/custody cases.
- Kentucky—District Court—Total **civil** filed and disposed data do not include **paternity** cases.
- Maryland—District Court—Total civil disposed data do not include tort, contract, real property rights, small claims, and miscellaneous civil cases, and are less than 75% complete.
- Michigan—Circuit Court—Total civil disposed data do not include adoption, some miscellaneous domestic relations, and some miscellaneous civil cases.
- Montana—City Court—Total **civil** filed data do not include data from several courts.
- New Hampshire—Probate Court—Total civil disposed data do not include some **estate** and some **miscellaneous civil** cases and are less than 75% complete.
- New York—Civil Court of the City of New York—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include administrative agency appeals cases.
 - —District and City Court—Total **civil** filed and disposed data do not include **administrative agency appeals** cases.
- North Carolina—District Court—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include mental health cases. Disposed data also do not include miscellaneous civil cases.
- Pennsylvania—Court of Common Pleas—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include some civil appeals cases.
 - —Philadelphia Municipal Court—Total **civil** filed and disposed data do not include **domestic violence** cases.
- Puerto Rico—Court of First Instance—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include **domestic violence** cases.
- Rhode Island—Workers' Compensation Court—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include some administrative agency appeals.
 - —District Court—Total civil disposed data do not include mental health, domestic violence, and administrative agency appeals.
 - —Family Court—Total **civil** disposed data do not include **marriage dissolution**, **interstate support**, and **paternity** cases, and are less than 75% complete.
- South Carolina—Probate Court—Total **civil** filed and disposed data do not include **mental health** cases, and are less than 75% complete.
- Texas—Justice of the Peace Court—Total civil filed and disposed data represent a reporting rate of 91%.

- —Municipal Court—Total **civil** filed and disposed data represent a reporting rate of 90%.
- Utah—Justice Court—Total **civil** filed and disposed data do not include any data from one court and partial data from 21 courts.
- Virginia—District Court—Total **civil** filed and disposed data do not include some **domestic relations** cases.
- Washington—Municipal Court—Total **civil** filed and disposed data do not include any cases from 16 courts.
- Wisconsin—Circuit Court—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include domestic violence cases.
- Wyoming—District Court—Total **civil** filed and disposed data do not include cases from one county that did not report.
 - —County Court—Total civil disposed data do not include **trial court** civil appeals cases.
- B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:
 - Alabama—Circuit Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include extraordinary writs.
 - Alaska—Superior Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include extraordinary writs, orders to show cause, unfair trade practices, and postconviction remedy proceedings.
 - —District Court—Total **civil** filed and disposed data include **juvenile** cases filed in noncomputerized District Courts.
 - Delaware—Superior Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include extraordinary writs.
 - —Family Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include status offense petition cases.
 - Georgia—Superior Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include extraordinary writs.
 - Iowa—District Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings.
 - Maryland—Circuit Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include estate cases from the Orphan's Court.
 - Montana—Justice of the Peace Court—Total **civil** filed data include some City Court cases.
 - New York—Supreme and County Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include **postconviction remedy proceedings**.
 - North Carolina—Superior Court—Total **civil** filed and disposed data include **mental health** cases from District Court.
 - Ohio—Court of Common Pleas—Total civil filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings.
 - Oregon—Circuit Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include criminal appeals cases.
 - South Carolina—Circuit Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings.
 - —Family Court—Total **civil** filed and disposed data include **child-victim petition** cases.
 - Texas—District Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include childvictim petition cases.
 - —County-level Court—Total **civil** filed data include **child-victim petition** cases.
 - Washington—Superior Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings and extraordinary writs.
 - West Virginia—Circuit Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include

postconviction remedy proceedings and extraordinary writs.

- C: The following courts' data are incomplete and overinclusive:
 - Connecticut—Superior Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings, but do not include most interstate support cases. Disposed data also do not include most small claims cases, and are less than 75% complete.
 - Nebraska—District Court—Total civil filed data include postconviction remedy proceedings, but do not include civil appeals cases.
 - Texas—County-level Court—Total civil disposed data include childvictim petition cases, but do not include probate/wills/intestate, guardianship/conservatorship/trusteeship, and mental health cases, and are less than 75% complete. The court conducted 80,408 probate hearings and 30,060 mental health hearings during the year.

TABLE 10: Reported Total State Trial Court Criminal Caseload, 1999

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Unit of count	Point of filing	Total criminal filings and qualifying footnotes	Total criminal dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 adult population
ALABAMA							
Circuit	G	G	Α	67,887 B	72,006 B	106	2,055
District	L	В	В	189,633	188,995	100	5,740
Municipal	L	M	В	168,964 C	132,912 C	79	5,114
State Total				426,484 *	393,913 *	92	12,909
ALASKA							
Superior	G	В	Α	3,429 A	3,209 A	94	811
District	L	В	В	30,148 B	30,143 B	100	7,133
State Total				33,577 *	33,352 *	99	7,944
ARIZONA							
Superior	G	D	А	40,788	40,724	100	1,184
Justice of the Peace	L	Z	В	100,501	83,003	83	2,918
Municipal	Ĺ	Z	В	249,953	225,880	90	7,258
State Total				391,242	349,607	89	11,361
ARKANSAS							
Circuit	G	Α	Α	54,787	53,015	97	2,897
City	Ĺ	A	В	14,062	10,995	78	744
Justice of the Peace	L	Α	В	NA	NA		
Municipal	L	Α	В	338,356	265,102	78	17,892
Police State Total	L	Α	В	792	376	47	42
CALIFORNIA							
Superior	G	В	Α	854,923 C	786,146 C	92	3,530
COLORADO	6	Б	D	27.520	20.000	104	1 255
District, Denver Juvenile, Denver Probate	G	D D	B B	37,538 132,031 B	38,880	104	1,255
County State Total	L	D	В	169,569 *	93,483 C 132,363 *		4,415 5,670
State Total				107,507	132,303		3,070
CONNECTICUT		_		447 700 0	440 740 0	404	
Superior	G	E	Α	117,782 C	118,712 C	101	4,800
DELAWARE							
Superior	G	В	Α	7,691 B	7,767 B	101	1,347
Alderman's	L	Α	В	2,740 C	2,607 C	95	480
Court of Common Pleas	L	A	В	NA 4 000	NA 4.705	00	044
Family Justice of the Peace	L L	B A	B B	4,820 94,186 A	4,705 93,238 A	98 99	844 16,492
State Total	L	A	Ь	74,100 A	73,230 A	77	10,472
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA							
Superior Superior	G	В	G	32,831 A	33,434 A	102	7,748
·	-	_	-	. /	,		,
FLORIDA	•	_		407.000	4// 150 5		4 = 4 =
Circuit	G	E	A	197,938 A	164,159 A		1,715
County State Total	L	Α	В	436,355 A 634,293 *	378,982 A		3,781 5,406
State Total				034,293	543,141 *		5,496

TABLE 10: Reported Total State Trial Court Criminal Caseload, 1999 (continued)

CECRCIA	State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Unit of count	Point of filing	Total criminal filings and qualifying footnotes	Total criminal dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 adult population
Civil	GEORGIA							
County Recorder's							96	1,704
Magistrate L B B B 39,601 A 14,615 A 371 691 Municipal L M M M NA NA Municipal and City of Atlanta L M M M NA Probate L B A 3,298 A 3,502 A 106 58 State City City City City City City City City								
Municipal and City of Atlanta							371	601
Municipal and City of Atlanta							371	071
State County Co		L						
State Total HAWAII								
Circuit		L	G	А	100,731 A	79,991 A	79	1,758
District C	HAWAII							
State Total	Circuit	G	G		8,741	9,196	105	975
IDAHO		L	Α	С				
District	State Total				61,313 *	53,511 *	87	6,842
Magistrates Division State Total L J F 101,842 113,199 98,015 109,070 96 11,300 12,560 ILLINOIS Circuit G G A 580,565 607,783 105 6,489 INDIANA Superior and Circuit G B A 191,843 A 192,524 A 100 4,346 City and Town L B F 52,033 B 59,119 B 114 1,179 County L B F 52,033 B 59,119 B 114 1,179 County L B F 52,033 B 59,119 B 114 1,179 County L B F 52,033 B 59,119 B 114 1,179 County L B F 52,033 B 59,119 B 114 1,179 County L B F 52,033 B 59,119 B 114 1,179 District G B A 92,465 A 95,295 A 103 4,301 <td>IDAHO</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	IDAHO							
State Total 113,199 109,070 96 12,560								
ILLINOIS Circuit G G A 580,565 607,783 105 6,489 INDIANA		L	J	F				
Circuit G G A 580,565 607,783 105 6,489 INDIANA Superior and Circuit G B A 191,843 A 192,524 A 100 4,346 City and Town L B F 52,033 B 59,119 B 114 1,179 County L B F 15,464 14,159 92 350 S50 S50 S50 S50 S50,802 102 5,876 S50	State Foldi				113,177	107,070	70	12,500
INDIANA Superior and Circuit G								
Superior and Circuit G B A 191,843 A 192,524 A 100 4,346 City and Town L B F 52,033 B 59,119 B 114 1,179 1,179 (20unty) 2 350 (350 (350 (350 (350 (350 (350 (350	Circuit	G	G	Α	580,565	607,783	105	6,489
City and Town L B F 52,033 B 59,119 B 114 1,179 County State Total L B F 15,464 14,159 92 350 259,340 259,340 259,340 255,802 259,340 259,340 255,802 259,340 25	INDIANA							
County State Total L B F 15,464 259,340 * 14,159 265,802 * 92 102 350 5,876 IOWA District G B A 92,465 A 95,295 A 103 4,301 KANSAS District Municipal State Total G B C 49,806 50,144 101 2,547 Municipal State Total L B C 13,260 A 15,903 A 120 678 State Total S B A 22,147 20,899 A 94 739 District State Total L B F 223,517 B 206,660 B 92 7,462 State Total L B F 223,517 B 206,660 B 92 7,462 State Total S Z A 145,443 B NA 4,571 LOUISIANA District City and Parish G Z A 145,443 B NA 4,571 City and Parish L B F 213,804 B 183,828 B 86 6,719		G	В	Α		192,524 A	100	4,346
State Total 259,340 * 265,802 * 102 5,876								
District G B A 92,465 A 95,295 A 103 4,301		L	В	F				
District G B A 92,465 A 95,295 A 103 4,301 KANSAS Ustrict G B C 49,806 50,144 101 2,547 Municipal L B C 13,260 A 15,903 A 120 678 State Total B C 13,260 A 15,903 A 120 678 KENTUCKY Circuit G B A 22,147 20,899 94 739 District L B F 223,517 B 206,660 B 92 7,462 State Total E B F 223,517 B 206,660 B 92 7,462 State Total E Z A 145,443 NA 4,571 City and Parish L B F 213,804 183,828 86 6,719	State rotal				237,340	203,002	102	3,070
KANSAS District G B C 49,806 50,144 101 2,547 Municipal L B C 13,260 A 15,903 A 120 678 State Total B C 13,260 A 15,903 A 120 678 KENTUCKY Circuit B A 22,147 20,899 94 739 District L B F 223,517 B 206,660 B 92 7,462 State Total T B F 245,664 * 227,559 * 93 8,202 LOUISIANA District G Z A 145,443 NA 4,571 City and Parish L B F 213,804 183,828 86 6,719		_	_	_				
District G B C 49,806 50,144 101 2,547 Municipal L B C 13,260 A 15,903 A 120 678 State Total B C 63,066 * 66,047 * 105 3,225 KENTUCKY Circuit G B A 22,147 20,899 94 739 District L B F 223,517 B 206,660 B 92 7,462 State Total L B F 245,664 * 227,559 * 93 8,202 LOUISIANA District G Z A 145,443 NA 4,571 City and Parish L B F 213,804 183,828 86 6,719	District	G	В	Α	92,465 A	95,295 A	103	4,301
Municipal State Total L B C 13,260 A 63,066 * 15,903 A 66,047 * 120 105 678 3,225 KENTUCKY Circuit G B A 22,147 20,899 94 739 92 7,462 7,462 7,462 7,462 7,462 7,462 7,462 7,462 7,463 245,664 * 227,559 * 93 8,202 LOUISIANA District G Z A 145,443 NA 4,571 7,571 7,571 City and Parish L B F 213,804 183,828 86 6,719	KANSAS							
State Total 63,066 * 66,047 * 105 3,225 KENTUCKY Circuit G B A 22,147 20,899 94 739 District L B F 223,517 B 206,660 B 92 7,462 State Total L B F 245,664 * 227,559 * 93 8,202 LOUISIANA District G Z A 145,443 NA 4,571 City and Parish L B F 213,804 183,828 86 6,719	District	G				50,144	101	
KENTUCKY Circuit G B A 22,147 20,899 94 739 District L B F 223,517 B 206,660 B 92 7,462 State Total L Expression of the color of the col		L	В	С				
Circuit G B A 22,147 20,899 94 739 District L B F 223,517 B 206,660 B 92 7,462 State Total L B F 223,517 B 206,660 B 92 7,462 245,664 * 227,559 * 93 8,202 LOUISIANA District G Z A 145,443 NA 4,571 City and Parish L B F 213,804 183,828 86 6,719	State Total				63,066 ^	66,047 ^	105	3,225
District State Total L B F 223,517 B 245,664 * 206,660 B 227,559 * 92 93 7,462 8,202 LOUISIANA District City and Parish G Z A 145,443 NA NA 4,571 183,828 86 6,719	KENTUCKY							
State Total 245,664 * 227,559 * 93 8,202 LOUISIANA District G Z A 145,443 NA 4,571 City and Parish L B F 213,804 183,828 86 6,719		G	В	Α				
LOUISIANA District G Z A 145,443 NA 4,571 City and Parish L B F 213,804 183,828 86 6,719		L	В	F				
District G Z A 145,443 NA 4,571 City and Parish L B F 213,804 183,828 86 6,719	State Total				245,004	227,559	93	8,202
City and Parish L B F 213,804 183,828 86 6,719								
			Z					
	City and Parish State Total	L	В	F	213,804 359,247	183,828	86	6,719 11,290
State Total 337 ₇ 247 11 ₁ 270	State rotal				337,247			11,270
MAINE	MAINE							
Superior G E A 8,476 C 8,129 C 96 881			E				96	881
District L E F NA NA State Total		L	E	F	NA	NA		
State Tutal	State Tutal							
MARYLAND								
Circuit G B A 71,357 B 70,226 B 98 1,848			В	Α				
District L B A 251,001 265,064 106 6,499 State Total 322,358 * 335,290 * 104 8,346		L	В	А				
State Foliai 322,300 330,270 104 8,340	State Total				JZZ,JJ0	333,270	104	0,340

TABLE 10: Reported Total State Trial Court Criminal Caseload, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Unit of count	Point of filing	Total criminal filings and qualifying footnotes	Total criminal dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 adult population
MASSACHUSETTS							
Superior Court	G	D	В	8,840	9,242	105	188
District Court Boston Municipal Court	L L	D D	B B	300,062 11,397 B	242,787 B 11,281 B	99	6,375 242
Housing Court	Ĺ	D	В	9,030	NA NA	,,	192
State Total				329,329 *			6,997
MICHIGAN							
Circuit	G	В	A	62,123	62,911	101	851
District Municipal	L L	B B	B B	353,021 2,783	331,877 2,924	94 105	4,834 38
State Total	L	Б	Ь	417,927	397,712	95	5,723
MININESOTA							
MINNESOTA District	G	В	В	278,760 B	272,445 B	98	7,956
				,			.,
MISSISSIPPI Circuit	G	В	В	NA	23,262		
County	L	В	В	NA NA	23,202 NA		
Justice	L	В	В	NA	NA		
Municipal	L	В	В	NA	NA		
State Total							
MISSOURI							
Circuit	G	G	G	183,982	176,713	96	4,522
MONTANA							
District	G	G	Α	5,917	6,118	103	898
City	L	В	В	62,494 A	NA		9,484
Justice of the Peace Municipal	L L	B B	B B	116,172 B 55,505	NA NA		17,630 8,423
State Total	L	D	Б	240,088 *	1000		36,434
NEBRASKA							
District	G	В	Α	8,339 B	NA		682
County	L	В	F	106,679 B	NA		8,728
State Total				115,018 *			9,411
NEVADA							
District	G	Z	Α	NA	NA		
Justice Municipal	L L	Z Z	B B	NA NA	NA NA		
State Total	L	L	Ь	IVA	NA.		
NEWHAMDSHIDE							
NEW HAMPSHIRE Superior	G	А	А	18,998	17,658	93	2,119
District	L	A	В	44,978	43,734	97	5,016
Municipal	L	Α	В	94	NA		10
State Total				64,070			7,145
NEW JERSEY							
Superior	G L	B B	A	50,983	53,745	105	830
Municipal State Total	L	D	В	409,916 460,899	351,558 405,303	86 88	6,676 7,506
				,	,		,
NEW MEXICO District	G	E	А	17,176	15,416	90	1,380
Magistrate	L	E	В	26,021	22,620	87	2,091
Metropolitan Ct. of Bernalillo County	L	Е	В	13,539	11,871	88	1,088
State Total				56,736	49,907	88	4,560
						(continue	d on next page)

TABLE 10: Reported Total State Trial Court Criminal Caseload, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Unit of count	Point of filing	Total criminal filings and qualifying footnotes	Total criminal dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 adult population
NEW YORK Supreme and County Criminal Court of the City of New York District and City Town and Village Justice State Total	G L L L	E E E E	A D D B	55,425 334,807 270,057 B NA	59,899 340,051 260,132 B NA	108 102 96	403 2,434 1,963
NORTH CAROLINA Superior District State Total	G L	E E	A G	140,648 558,772 C 699,420 *	134,838 554,837 C 689,675 *	96 99 99	2,463 9,786 12,249
NORTH DAKOTA District Municipal State Total	G L	В В	A B	34,953 NA	34,275 NA	98	7,381
OHIO Court of Common Pleas County Mayor's Municipal State Total	G L L	В В В	C E E	66,689 50,231 B NA 570,291 B	65,382 49,302 B NA 566,385 B	98 98 99	793 597 6,779
OKLAHOMA District	G	J	A	95,935	81,632	85	3,875
OREGON Circuit Justice Municipal State Total	G L L	B E A	G B B	100,303 A NA NA	99,708 A NA NA	99	4,030
PENNSYLVANIA Court of Common Pleas District Justice Philadelphia Municipal Pittsburgh City Magistrates State Total	G L L	В В В	А В В В	155,089 A 171,527 48,507 A 5,052 B 380,175 *	152,656 A 167,621 46,645 A NA	98 98 96	1,697 1,876 531 55 4,159
PUERTO RICO Court of First Instance	G	J	В	94,288 B	91,046 B	97	3,419
RHODE ISLAND Superior District State Total	G L	D A	A B	5,670 25,864 31,534	6,657 24,504 31,161	117 95 99	756 3,450 4,207
SOUTH CAROLINA Circuit Magistrate Municipal State Total	G L L	В В В	A E E	113,278 255,656 69,155 438,089	116,217 232,242 NA	103 91	3,866 8,726 2,360 14,953

TABLE 10: Reported Total State Trial Court Criminal Caseload, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Unit of count	Point of filing	Total criminal filings and qualifying footnotes	Total criminal dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage offilings	Filings per 100,000 adult population
SOUTH DAKOTA Circuit	G	В	В	37,884	31,098	82	7,080
TENNESSEE							
Circuit, Criminal, and Chancery	G	Α	Α	98,585 A	96,053 A	97	2,380
General Sessions Municipal	L L	M M	M M	NA NA	NA NA		
State Total	L	IVI	IVI	IVA	IVA		
TEXAS							
District	G	В	Α	160,088	161,609	101	1,118
County-level	Ĺ	В	F	466,222	445,726 A		3,255
Justice of the Peace	L	Α	В	647,295 A	540,529 A	84	4,519
Municipal	L	Α	В	941,226 A	826,024 A	88	6,571
State Total				2,214,831 *	1,973,888 *		15,461
UTAH							
District	G	J	A	66,697 B	59,570 B	89	4,689
Justice State Total	L	В	В	61,419 A 128,116 *	49,816 A 109,386 *	81 85	4,318 9,007
State Total				120,110	109,300	00	9,007
VERMONT	0	5	0	04.407	00.704	07	4.745
District Superior	G G	D B	C A	21,426 1	20,731 0	97	4,715 0
State Total	G	ь	A	21,427	20,731	97	4,716
VIRGINIA							
Circuit	G	Α	Α	148,378 B	147,139 B	99	2,849
District	L	A	Ē	397,992 A	416,951 A	105	7,642
State Total				546,370 *	564,090 *	103	10,491
WASHINGTON							
Superior	G	D	F	39,241	38,547	98	919
District	L,	С	В	98,838	109,856	111	2,315
Municipal	L	С	В	81,921 A	99,002 A	121	1,919
State Total				220,000 *	247,405 *	112	5,152
WEST VIRGINIA							
Circuit	G	J	A	7,552	7,562	100	538
Magistrate	L L	J A	E B	127,259 NA	115,163 NA	90	9,068
Municipal State Total	L	A	ь	IVA	IVA		
WISCONSIN							
Circuit	G	D	С	138,375 B	138,077 B	100	3,546
Municipal	L	A	В	NA	9,267 A	.00	0,01.0
State Total					147,344 *		
WYOMING							
District	G	J	Α	1,629 A	1,711 A	105	462
County	L	J	В	17,029 A	NA		4,827
Justice of the Peace	L	J	В	NA	NA		
Municipal State Total	L	Α	В	NA	NA		
State Total							

NOTE: All state trial courts with criminal jurisdiction are listed in the table regardless of whether caseload data are available. Blank spaces in the table indicate that a particular calculation, such as the total state caseload, is not appropriate. State total "filings per 100,000 population" may not equal the sum of the filing rates for the individual courts due to rounding.

NA = Data are not available.

JURISDICTION CODES:

- G = General Jurisdiction
- L = Limited Jurisdiction

UNIT OF COUNT CODES:

- M = Missing data
- I = Data element is inapplicable
- A = Single defendant—single charge
- B = Single defendant—single incident (one/more charges)
- C = Single defendant—single incident/maximum number charges (usually two)
- D = Single defendant—one/more incidents
- E = Single defendant—content varies with prosecutor
- F = One/more defendants—single charge
- G = One/more defendants—single incident (one/more charges)
- H = One/more defendants—single incident/maximum number charges (usually two)
- J = One/more defendants—one/more incidents
- K = One/more defendants—content varies with prosecutor
- L = Inconsistent during reporting year
- Z = Both the defendant and charge components vary within the state

POINT OF FILING CODES:

- M = Missing data
- I = Data element is inapplicable
- A = At the filing of the information/indictment
- B = At the filing of the complaint
- C = When defendant enters plea/initial appearance
- D = When docketed
- E = At issuing of warrant
- F = At filing of information/complaint
- G = Varies (at filing of the complaint, information, indictment)

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

The absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that data are complete.

† Data for Oklahoma District Court are for 1997. Data for Ohio County and Municipal Courts are for 1998. Data for Pennsylvania Court of Common Pleas are preliminary 1999 data.

- * See the qualifying footnote for each court within the state. Each footnote has an effect on the state's total.
- A: The following courts' data are incomplete:
 - Alaska—Superior Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include **criminal appeals** cases.
 - Delaware—Justice of the Peace Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include **DWI/DUI** cases.
 - District of Columbia—Superior Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data do not include **DWI/DUI** cases.
 - Florida—Circuit Court—Total **criminal** filed data do not include some cases from smaller counties. Disposed data do not include **criminal appeals** and reopened cases, and some cases from smaller counties
 - —County Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include partial data from smaller counties. Disposed data also do not include reopened cases.
 - Georgia—Magistrate Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include any cases from 24 counties, and partial data from 45 counties.
 - —Probate Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include any cases from 51 of 159 counties, partial data from 27 counties, and do not include **DWI/DUI** cases which are reported with **traffic/other violation** data, and are less than 75% complete.
 - —State Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include some **DWI/DUI** cases, and data from 15 courts.
 - Hawaii—District Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include some **misdemeanor** cases.
 - Indiana—Superior and Circuit Courts—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include **criminal appeals** cases.
 - lowa—District Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data do not include some misdemeanor cases.
 - Kansas—Municipal Court— Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include partial data from two courts.
 - Montana—City Court—Total **criminal** filed data do not include data from several courts.
 - Oregon—Circuit Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data do not include criminal appeals cases.
 - Pennsylvania—Court of Common Pleas—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include some **criminal appeals** cases.
 - —Philadelphia Municipal Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include some **misdemeanor** cases.
 - Tennessee—Circuit, Criminal, and Chancery Courts—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include **miscellaneous criminal** cases.
 - Texas—County-level Court—Total **criminal** disposed data do not include some **criminal appeals** cases.
 - —Justice of the Peace Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data represent a reporting rate of 91%.
 - —Municipal Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data represent a reporting rate of 90%.
 - Utah—Justice Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include any cases from one court and partial data from 22 courts.

- Virginia—District Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include **DWI/DUI** cases.
- Washington—Municipal Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include any cases from 16 courts.
- Wisconsin—Municipal Court—Total **criminal** disposed data represent a reporting rate of 98%.
- Wyoming—District Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include cases from one county that did not report.
 - —County Court—Total **criminal** filed data do not include reopened **misdemeanor** and reopened **DWI/DUI** cases.
- B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:
 - Alabama—Circuit Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings.
 - Alaska—District Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include some **moving traffic violation** cases and all **ordinance violation** cases
 - Colorado—County Court—Total criminal filed data include preliminary hearing proceedings.
 - Delaware—Superior Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include **postconviction remedy proceedings**.
 - Georgia—Superior Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include all **traffic/other violation** cases.
 - Indiana—City and Town Courts—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include some **ordinance violation** and some unclassified traffic
 - Kentucky—District Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data include ordinance violation cases and sentence review only proceedings.
 - Maryland—Circuit Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include some **postconviction remedy** and **sentence review only proceedings**.
 - Massachusetts—District Court—Total **criminal** disposed data include some **moving traffic**, some **ordinance violation**, and some **miscellaneous traffic** cases.
 - —Boston Municipal Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include some **moving traffic**, some **ordinance violation**, and some **miscellaneous traffic** cases.
 - Minnesota—District Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include **ordinance violation** cases.
 - Montana—Justice of the Peace Court—Total **criminal** filed data include some City Court cases.
 - Nebraska—District Court—Total **criminal** filed data include **civil appeals** cases.
 - —County Court—Total **criminal** filed data include **ordinance violation** cases.
 - New York—District and City Courts—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include **ordinance violation** cases.
 - Ohio—County Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include **ordinance violation** cases.
 - —Municipal Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include **ordinance violation** cases.

- Pennsylvania—Pittsburgh City Magistrates Court—Total **criminal** filed data include **ordinance violation** cases.
- Puerto Rico—Court of First Instance—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include **domestic violence** cases.
- Utah—District Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include **sentence review only proceedings**.
- Virginia—Circuit Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include **ordinance violation** cases.
- Wisconsin—Circuit Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include **domestic violence** cases.
- C: The following courts' data are incomplete and overinclusive:
 - Alabama—Municipal Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include **ordinance violation** cases, but do not include cases that were unavailable from 86 municipalities.
 - California—Superior Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include some **ordinance violation** cases, but do not include some **DWI/DUI** cases, and partial data from several courts.
 - Colorado—County Court—Total **criminal** disposed data include **preliminary hearing proceedings**, but do not include **misdemeanor** and **felony** cases from Denver County, and **DWI/DUI** cases.
 - Connecticut—Superior Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include **ordinance violation** cases, but do not include **DWI/DUI** cases.
 - Delaware—Alderman's Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include **ordinance violation** cases, but do not include cases from two courts and are less than 75% complete.
 - Maine—Superior Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include **ordinance violation** cases, and **postconviction remedy** and **sentence review only proceedings**, but do not include **DWI/DUI** and some **criminal appeals** cases.
 - North Carolina—District Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include some **ordinance violation** cases, but do not include **DWI/DUI** cases.

TABLE 11: Reported Total State Trial Court Traffic/Other Violation Caseload, 1999

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Parking	Total traffic filings and qualifying footnotes	Total traffic dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
ALABAMA			05.4.540	2/4 454	400	0.440
District	L	1	354,512	361,454	102	8,113
Municipal	L	1	503,935 A	491,622 A	98	11,532
State Total			858,447 *	853,076 *	99	19,645
ALASKA						
District	L	3	81,733 A	81,733 A	100	13,193
ARIZONA						
Justice of the Peace	L	1	519,914	492,709	95	10,881
Municipal	L	1	1,198,637	1,168,339	97	25,085
State Total			1,718,551	1,661,048	97	35,966
ARKANSAS						
City	L	1	39,433	31,980	81	1,546
Municipal	Ĺ	1	567,212	422,019	74	22,232
Police	Ĺ	1	3,230	460	14	127
State Total	_	·	609,875	454,459	75	23,904
CALIFORNIA						
Superior	G	6	6,012,917 C	5,769,328 C	96	18,141
COLORADO						
County	L	2	407,819	236,443 C		10,054
Municipal	Ĺ	1	NA	NA		10,034
State Total	_	·				
CONNECTICUT						
Superior	G	6	224,821 C	217,350 C	97	6,850
DELAWARE						
Alderman's	L	4	14,472 A	13,856 A	96	1,921
Court of Common Pleas	Ĺ	2	66,216 B	59,933 B	91	8,787
Family	L	2	1,495	1,524	102	198
Justice of the Peace	L	2	246,399 B	245,730 B	100	32,699
State Total			328,582 *	321,043 *	98	43,605
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA						
Superior	G	6	13,546 B	16,586 B	122	2,610
FLORIDA						
County	L	5	3,925,788 A	3,084,615 A		25,979
GEORGIA						
Superior	G	2	NA	NA		
County Recorder's	Ĺ	1	NA	NA		
Juvenile	Ĺ	2	18,494 A	15,817 A	86	237
Magistrate	Ĺ	2	12,624 A	96,719 A	766	162
Municipal and City of Atlanta	L	1	NA	NA		
Probate	L	2	98,917 C	137,219 C	139	1,270
State	L	2	464,195 C	409,571 C	88	5,960
State Total						
HAWAII						
Circuit	G	2	647	591	91	55
District	L	4	484,496 B	438,886 B	91	40,869
State Total			485,143 *	439,477 *	91	40,923

TABLE 11: Reported Total State Trial Court Traffic/Other Violation Caseload, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Parking	Total traffic filings and qualifying footnotes	Total traffic dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
IDAHO Magistrates Division	L	3	271,094 A	268,530 A	99	21,658
ILLINOIS Circuit	G	2	2,967,975	2,637,504	89	24,471
INDIANA Superior and Circuit City and Town County State Total	G L L	3 3 4	507,529 222,286 A 33,524 763,339 *	503,694 216,205 A 34,011 753,910 *	99 97 101 99	8,540 3,740 564 12,845
IOWA District	G	3	833,820 B	833,995 B	100	29,059
KANSAS District Municipal State Total	G L	4 1	191,210 485,581 A 676,791 *	186,221 552,885 A 739,106 *	97 114 109	7,204 18,296 25,500
KENTUCKY District	L	3	448,065 A	424,745 A	95	11,312
LOUISIANA District City and Parish Justice of the Peace Mayor's State Total	G L L L	1 1 1	337,897 718,495 NA NA	NA 566,841 NA NA	79	7,729 16,434
MAINE Superior District State Total	G L	2 4	1,934 C NA	1,951 C NA	101	154
MARYLAND District	L	1	1,194,287	1,097,800 A		23,093
MASSACHUSETTS District Court Boston Municipal Court Housing Court State Total	L L L	2 2 2	215,405 7,213 A NJ 222,618 *	204,453 A 6,079 A NJ 210,532 *	84	3,488 117 3,605
MICHIGAN District Municipal Probate State Total	L L L	4 4 2	2,797,356 52,530 NJ 2,849,886	2,763,328 53,142 NJ 2,816,470	99 101 99	28,360 533 28,892
MINNESOTA District	G	4	2,049,000 1,403,021 A	2,616,470 1,425,161 A	102	29,380
MISSISSIPPI Municipal	L	1	NA	NA	- 	,,-50
MISSOURI Circuit Municipal State Total	G L	2	434,754 A NA	424,848 A NA	98 (con	7,950 tinued on next page)

TABLE 11: Reported Total State Trial Court Traffic/Other Violation Caseload, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	urisdiction	Parking	Total traffic filings and qualifying footnotes	Total traffic dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
MONTANA						
City	L	1	11,299 A	NA		1,280
Justice of the Peace	L	1	48,562 B	NA		5,501
Municipal	L	1	13,698	NA		1,552
State Total			73,559 *			
NEBRASKA						
County	L	1	187,879 A	NA		11,277
NEVADA						
Justice	L	1	NA	NA		
Municipal	L	1	NA	NA		
State Total						
NEW HAMPSHIRE						
District	L	4	71,209	69,754	98	5,928
Municipal	L	4	201	NA		17
State Total			71,410			5,945
NEW JERSEY						
Municipal	L	4	5,311,358	5,407,619	102	65,223
NEW MEXICO						
Magistrate	L	3	94,328	70,649	75	5,422
Metropolitan Ct. of Bernalillo County	L	3	87,872	68,332	78	5,051
Municipal State Total	L	1	NA	NA		
NEW YORK						
Criminal Court of the City of New Yor	k L	2	393,348 A	324,591 A	83	2,162
District and City	L	4	588,041 A	535,785 A	91	3,232
Town and Village Justice State Total	L	1	NA	NA		
NORTH CAROLINA						
District	L	6	1,414,139 C	1,390,141 C	98	18,484
NORTH DAKOTA						
District	G	4	84,880	82,870 A		13,395
Municipal	L	1	62,039 C	62,039 C	100	9,790
State Total			146,919 *	144,909 *		
OHIO						
Court of Common Pleas	G	2	110,654	114,684	104	983
County	L	5	207,591 A	205,889 A	99	1,844
Mayor's	L	1	NA 1 (15 272 1	NA		
Municipal State Total	L	5	1,615,872 A	1,614,468 A	100	14,355
OKLAHOMA						
District	G	2	185,419	177,344	96	5,522
Municipal Court Not of Record	L	1	NA	NA		
Municipal Criminal Court of Record State Total	L	1	NA	NA		

TABLE 11: Reported Total State Trial Court Traffic/Other Violation Caseload, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Parking	Total traffic filings and qualifying footnotes	Total traffic dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of fillings	Filings per 100,000 total population
OREGON						
Circuit	G	2	321,490 A	319,886 A	100	9,695
Justice	L	3	NA	NA		
Municipal State Total	L	3	NA	NA		
PENNSYLVANIA						
District Justice	L	4	1,857,643	1,817,073	98	15,488
Philadelphia Municipal	L	2	20,238 B	19,874 B	98	169
Philadelphia Traffic	L	1	410,843 A	401,419 A	98	3,425
Pittsburgh City Magistrates	L	4	341,223 A	NA		2,845
State Total			2,629,947 *			21,927
PUERTO RICO	•	2	FF 110	F2 072	0.4	1 417
Court of First Instance	G	2	55,110	52,073	94	1,417
RHODE ISLAND						
District	L	2	NJ	NJ		
Municipal	L	1	NA	NA		
Traffic Tribunal State Total	L	1	123,719	128,862 A		12,487
SOUTH CAROLINA						
Family	L	2	NA	NA		
Magistrate	L	4	627,770 A	596,362 A	95	16,156
Municipal	L	4	341,673	413,391 B		8,793
State Total						
SOUTH DAKOTA						
Circuit	G	3	132,563	132,563	100	18,082
TENNESSEE						
Circuit, Criminal, and Chancery	G	2	13,723	13,736	100	250
General Sessions	L	1	NA	NA		
Municipal State Total	L	1	NA	NA		
TEXAS						
County-level	L	2	44,956	69,428 B		224
Justice of the Peace	L	4	1,872,725 A	1,658,187 A	89	9,343
Municipal	L	4	6,346,239 A	6,107,374 A	96	31,661
State Total			8,263,920 *	7,834,989 *		41,229
UTAH						
District	G	4	145,086	132,090	91	6,812
Justice	L	4	272,005 A	250,591 A	92	12,771
Juvenile	L	2	1,172	1,201	102	55
State Total			418,263 *	383,882 *	92	19,638
VERMONT	2	2	2/-	- 2 -		,-=
District	G	2	815	794	97	137
Judicial Bureau	L	4	85,993	86,081	100	14,483
State Total			86,808	86,875	100	14,621
VIRGINIA	•	-	•/-	***		
Circuit	G	2	NA	NA 1 000 241 B	101	20.727
District State Total	L	4	1,968,116 B	1,990,241 B	101	28,636
State 10tal						

TABLE 11: Reported Total State Trial Court Traffic/Other Violation Caseload, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Parking	Total traffic filings and qualifying footnotes	Total traffic dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
WASHINGTON						
District	L	4	644,363	745,244	116	11,194
Municipal	L	4	1,070,017 A	926,804 A	87	18,588
State Total			1,714,380 *	1,672,048 *	98	29,782
WEST VIRGINIA						
Magistrate	L	2	180,045	166,228	92	9,964
Municipal	L	1	NA	NA		,
State Total						
WISCONSIN						
Circuit	G	3	560,304	559,798	100	10,672
Municipal	L	3	NA	542,389 A		
State Total				1,102,187 *		
WYOMING						
County	L	1	81,043 B	97,961 B		16,898
Justice of the Peace	L	1	NA	NA		
Municipal	L	1	NA	NA		
State Total						

NOTE: Parking violations are defined as part of the traffic/other violation caseload. However, states and courts within a state differ in the extent to which parking violations are processed through the courts. A code opposite the name of each court indicates the manner in which parking cases are reported by the court. Qualifying footnotes in Table 11 do not repeat the information provided by the code, and, thus, refer only to the status of the statistics on moving traffic, miscellaneous traffic, and ordinance violations. All state trial courts with traffic/other violation jurisdiction are listed in the table regardless of whether caseload data are available. Blank spaces in the table indicate that a particular calculation, such as the total state caseload, is not appropriate. State total "filings per 100,000 population" may not equal the sum of the filing rates for the individual courts due to rounding.

NA = Data are not available.

JURISDICTION CODES:

- G = General Jurisdiction
- L = Limited Jurisdiction

PARKING CODES:

- 1 = Parking data are unavailable
- 2 = Court does not have parking jurisdiction
- 3 = Only contested parking cases are included
- 4 = Both contested and uncontested parking cases are included
- 5 = Parking cases are handled administratively
- 6 = Uncontested parking cases are handled administratively; contested parking cases are handled by the court

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

The absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that data are complete.

- † Data for Oklahoma District Court are for 1997. Data for Ohio County and Municipal Courts are for 1998.
- * See the qualifying footnote for each court within the state. Each footnote has an effect on the state's total.
- A: The following courts' data are incomplete:
 - Alabama—Municipal Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include **ordinance violation** cases and data from 86 municipalities, and are less than 75% complete.
 - Alaska—District Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include some **moving traffic violation** cases and all **ordinance violation** cases.
 - Delaware—Alderman's Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include **ordinance violation** cases, and are less than 75% complete.
 - Florida—County Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include partial data from seven counties. Disposed data also do not include reopened cases.
 - Georgia—Juvenile Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include cases from 16 counties.
 - —Magistrate Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include any cases from 24 counties, and partial data from 45 counties
 - Idaho—Magistrates Division—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include **parking** cases.
 - Indiana—City and Town Courts—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data do not include some ordinance violation and some unclassified traffic cases.

- Kansas—Municipal Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include **parking** cases, and partial data from two courts
- Kentucky—District Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data do not include ordinance violation cases.
- Maryland—District Court—Total **traffic/other violation** disposed data do not include **parking** and **ordinance violation** cases.
- Massachusetts—District Court—Total traffic/other violation disposed data do not include some ordinance violation, some moving traffic, some miscellaneous traffic, and all juvenile traffic cases, and are less than 75% complete.
 - —Boston Municipal Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include some cases reported with **misde-meanor** caseload.
- Minnesota—District Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include **ordinance violation** cases.
- Missouri—Circuit Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include those **ordinance violation** cases heard by municipal judges, and are less than 75% complete.
- Montana—City Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed data do not include cases from several courts.
- Nebraska—County Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed data do not include **ordinance violation** and **parking** cases.
- New York—Criminal Court of the City of New York—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include **moving traffic**, **miscellaneous traffic**, and some **ordinance violation** cases and are less than 75% complete.
 - —District and City Courts—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include **ordinance violation** cases.
- North Dakota—District Court—Total **traffic/other violation** disposed data do not include **juvenile traffic** cases.
- Ohio—County Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include **ordinance violation** cases.
 - —Municipal Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include **ordinance violation** cases.
- Oregon—Circuit Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include **parking** cases.
- Pennsylvania—Philadelphia Traffic Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include **ordinance violation**, **parking**, and **miscellaneous traffic** cases, and are less than 75% complete.
 - —Pittsburgh City Magistrates Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed data do not include **ordinance violation** cases.
- Rhode Island—Traffic Tribunal—Total **traffic/other violation** disposed data are incomplete.
- South Carolina—Magistrate Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include **ordinance violation** cases.
- Texas—Justice of the Peace Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data represent a reporting rate of 91%.
 - —Municipal Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data represent a reporting rate of 90%.
- Utah—Justice Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include any cases from one court and partial data from
- Washington—Municipal Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include any cases from 16 courts.
- Wisconsin—Municipal Court—Total **traffic/other violation** disposed data represent a reporting rate of 98%.

- B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:
 - Delaware—Court of Common Pleas—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data include all **criminal** cases.
 - —Justice of the Peace Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data include **DWI/DUI** cases.
 - District of Columbia—Superior Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data include **DWI/DUI** cases.
 - Hawaii—District Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data include some misdemeanor cases.
 - lowa—District Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data include some misdemeanor cases.
 - Montana—Justice of the Peace Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed data include some City Court cases.
 - Pennsylvania—Philadelphia Municipal Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data include domestic violence and some misdemeanor cases.
 - South Carolina—Municipal Court—Total traffic/other violation disposed data include misdemeanor and DWI/DUI cases.
 - Texas—County-level Court—Total **traffic/other violation** disposed data include some **criminal appeals** cases.
 - Virginia—District Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data include **DWI/DUI** cases.
 - Wyoming—County Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed data include reopened **misdemeanor** and reopened **DWI/DUI** cases. Disposed data include all **misdemeanor** and all **DWI/DUI** cases.
- C: The following courts' data are incomplete and overinclusive:
 - California—Superior Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data include **DWI/DUI** cases, but do not include some **ordinance violation** cases, and partial data from several courts.
 - Colorado—County Court—Total **traffic/other violation** disposed data include **DWI/DUI** cases, but do not include cases from Denver County, and are less than 75% complete.
 - Connecticut—Superior Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data include **DWI/DUI** cases, but do not include **ordinance violation** cases
 - Georgia—Probate Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data include **DWI/DUI** cases, but do not include data from 51 of 159 counties, partial data from 27 counties, and are less than 75% complete.
 - —State Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data include some **DWI/DUI** cases, but do not include cases from 15 courts.
 - Maine—Superior Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data include **DWI/DUI** and some **criminal appeals** cases, but do not include **ordinance violation** cases.
 - North Carolina—District Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data include **DWI/DUI** cases, but do not include some **ordinance violation** cases.
 - North Dakota—Municipal Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data include **DWI/DUI** cases, but do not include **ordinance** violation and **parking** cases, and represent only the 12 municipalities with the highest case volume, thus are less than 75% complete.

TABLE 12: Reported Total State Trial Court Juvenile Caseload, 1999

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Point of filing	Total juvenile filings and qualifying footnotes	Total juvenile dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 juvenile population
ALABAMA Circuit District State Total	G L	A A	22,534 32,338 54,872	22,623 31,686 54,309	100 98 99	2,114 3,033 5,147
ALASKA						
Superior District State Total	G L	C I	3,034 NA	2,951 NA	97	1,541
ARIZONA Superior	G	С	20,825	19,532	94	1,560
ARKANSAS Chancery and Probate	G	С	22,672	22,985	101	3,434
CALIFORNIA Superior	G	С	142,450 A	129,967 A	91	1,596
COLORADO District, Denver Juvenile, Denver Probate	G	А	25,050	35,616 B		2,351
CONNECTICUT Superior	G	F	23,828	23,109	97	2,877
DELAWARE Family	L	С	12,153 A	11,780 A	97	6,661
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Superior	G	В	5,098	5,360	105	5,350
FLORIDA Circuit	G	А	165,849 A	89,571 A		4,646
GEORGIA Juvenile	L	А	106,740 A	96,022 A	90	5,189
HAWAII Circuit	G	F	28,477	28,074	99	9,842
IDAHO						
District Magistrates Division State Total	G L	C C	1 14,972 14,973	1 14,705 14,706	100 98 98	0 4,272 4,272
ILLINOIS Circuit	G	С	34,782	43,826	126	1,093
INDIANA						
Probate Superior and Circuit State Total	G G	C C	1,812 43,524 B 45,336 *	1,421 40,826 B 42,247 *	78 94 93	119 2,847 2,965
State (Viai			40,000	74,47	7 J	2,700
IOWA District	G	A	9,846	NA		1,368
KANSAS District	G	С	23,578	16,317	69	3,375
					(conti	nued on next page)

TABLE 12: Reported Total State Trial Court Juvenile Caseload, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Point of filing	Total juvenile filings and qualifying footnotes	Total juvenile dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 juvenile population
KENTUCKY			55 450 B	40.000 5		
District	L	С	55,458 B	49,229 B	89	5,744
LOUISIANA	_					
District	G	С	10,879	NA 12.072	07	914
Family and Juvenile	G	С	13,536	13,063	97	1,137
City and Parish State Total	L	С	13,569 37,984	11,285	83	1,140 3,192
MAINE						
District	L	С	NA	NA		
MARYLAND						
Circuit	G	С	37,707	31,125	83	2,880
District	L	С	9,703	9,314	96	741
State Total			47,410	40,439	85	3,621
MASSACHUSETTS						
District Court	L	C	15,151	10,874 B		1,032
Juvenile Court	L	С	40,660	NA		2,769
State Total			55,811			3,800
MICHIGAN						
Probate	L	С	NJ	NJ		
MINNESOTA						
District	G	С	68,776	67,159	98	5,408
MISSISSIPPI						
Chancery	L	С	NA	NA		
County	L	С	NA	NA		
Family	L	С	NA	NA		
State Total						
MISSOURI						
Circuit	G	С	29,169	28,348	97	2,084
MONTANA						
District	G	С	3,093	3,099	100	1,382
NEBRASKA						
County	L	С	6,558	NA		1,478
Separate Juvenile	L	C	4,791	NA		1,080
State Total	_	Ü	11,349			2,557
NEVADA						
District	G	С	NA	NA		
NEW HAMPSHIRE		_				
District	L	С	8,677	7,792	90	2,850
NEW JERSEY						
Superior	G	F	97,636	99,901	102	4,874
F	-		,	.,		.,
NEW MEXICO						
District	G	С	10,792	10,681	99	2,178

TABLE 12: Reported Total State Trial Court Juvenile Caseload, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Point of filing	Total juvenile filings and qualifying footnotes	Total juvenile dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 juvenile population
NEW YORK Family	L	С	111,788	110,286	99	2,517
NORTH CAROLINA District	L	С	39,410	41,613	106	2,030
NORTH DAKOTA District	G	С	11,473	11,396 B		7,167
OHIO Court of Common Pleas	G	E	156,584	155,722	99	5,506
OKLAHOMA District	G	G	13,144	11,572	88	1,490
OREGON Circuit	G	С	19,300	17,919	93	2,332
PENNSYLVANIA Court of Common Pleas	G	G	65,449	64,999	99	2,294
PUERTO RICO Court of First Instance	G	С	10,503	11,069	105	928
RHODE ISLAND Family	L	С	8,567	8,359	98	3,552
SOUTH CAROLINA Family	L	С	24,040 C	23,748 C	99	2,515
SOUTH DAKOTA Circuit	G	В	6,517	6,511	100	3,291
TENNESSEE General Sessions Juvenile State Total	L L	B B	NA 103,984	NA 177,202 B		7,755
TEXAS District County-level State Total	G L	C C	31,485 A 7,585 A 39,070 *	29,771 A 7,332 A 37,103 *	95 97 95	551 133 683
UTAH Juvenile	L	С	53,451	55,213	103	7,556
VERMONT Family	G	С	2,437	2,251	92	1,749
VIRGINIA District	L	С	143,883 B	148,918 B	103	8,643
WASHINGTON Superior	G	А	49,615 A	48,201 A	97	3,338
WEST VIRGINIA Circuit	G	С	7,057	6,532	93	1,749

TABLE 12: Reported Total State Trial Court Juvenile Caseload, 1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Point of filing	Total juvenile filings and qualifying footnotes	Total juvenile dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 juvenile population
WISCONSIN Circuit	G	С	28,680	28,051	98	2,127
WYOMING District	G	С	1,368 A	1,676 A	123	1,079

NOTE:

All state trial courts with juvenile jurisdiction are listed in the table regardless of whether caseload data are available. Blank spaces in the table indicate that a particular calculation, such as the total state caseload, is not appropriate. State total "fillings per 100,000 population" may not equal the sum of the filling rates for the individual courts due to rounding.

NA = Data are not available.

JURISDICTION CODES:

G = General Jurisdiction L = Limited Jurisdiction

POINT OF FILING CODES:

M = Missing data

I = Data element is inapplicable

A = Filing of complaint

B = At initial hearing (intake)

C = Filing of petition

E = Issuance of warrant

F = At referral

G = Varies

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

The absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that data are complete.

- † Data for Oklahoma District Court are for 1997. Data for Pennsylvania Court of Common Pleas are preliminary 1999 data.
- * See the qualifying footnote for each court within the state. Each footnote has an effect on the state's total.
- A: The following courts' data are incomplete:
 - California—Superior Court—Total **juvenile** filed and disposed data do not include partial data from several courts.
 - Delaware—Family Court—Total **juvenile** filed and disposed data do not include **status offense** cases.
 - Florida—Circuit Court—Total **juvenile** filed and disposed data do not include partial data from one county. Disposed data also do not in-

clude reopened cases and are less than 75% complete.

Georgia—Juvenile Court—Total **juvenile** filed and disposed data do not include cases from 16 counties.

Texas—District Court—Total **juvenile** filed and disposed data do not include **child-victim petition** cases.

—County-level Court—Total **juvenile** filed and disposed data do not include **child-victim petition** cases and are less than 75% complete.

Washington—Superior Court—Total **juvenile** filed and disposed data do not include partial data from one court.

Wyoming—District Court—Total **juvenile** filed and disposed data do not include cases from one county that did not report.

- B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:
 - Colorado—District, Denver Juvenile and Denver Probate Court—Total juvenile disposed data include adoption, paternity, and some support/custody cases.

Indiana—Superior and Circuit Courts—Total **juvenile** filed and disposed data include some **support/custody** cases.

Kentucky—District Court—Total juvenile filed and disposed data include paternity cases.

Massachusetts—District Court—Total juvenile disposed data include all iuvenile traffic cases.

North Dakota—District Court—Total juvenile disposed data include juvenile traffic/other violation cases.

Tennessee—Juvenile Court—Total **juvenile** disposed data are somewhat inflated. Disposed data are counted by number of actions rather than number of referrals.

Virginia—District Court—Total **juvenile** filed and disposed data include some **domestic relations** cases.

- C: The following courts' data are incomplete and overinclusive:
 - South Carolina—Family Court—Total juvenile filed and disposed data include traffic/other violation cases, but do not include child-victim petition cases.

TABLE 13: Mandatory Caseload in State Appellate Courts, 1990-1999

Number of filings and qualifying footnotes 1997 1998 State/Court name: 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1999 States with one court of last resort and one intermediate appellate court ALASKA Supreme Court 347 356 315 365 469 333 286 297 285 553 371 371 Court of Appeals 429 454 383 411 384 327 336 301 **ARIZONA** 92 100 94 91 77 92 Supreme Court 83 126 161 73 3,722 3,298 3,553 Court of Appeals 4,491 4,746 4,603 3,340 3,610 3,607 3,710 **ARKANSAS** Supreme Court 482 C 534 C 512 C 514 C 567 C 548 C 548 C 562 C 413 C 370 C 1,091 1,077 1,021 Court of Appeals 1,096 1,200 1,129 1,141 1,121 1,485 1,300 **CALIFORNIA** 522 Supreme Court 31 36 38 27 30 30 38 33 45 13,012 Courts of Appeal 13,024 14,763 14,308 14,267 14,923 15,641 16,881 15,931 16,186 COLORADO Supreme Court 228 202 198 170 162 A 161 A 183 A 179 A 205 A 147 A Court of Appeals 2,269 2,147 2,201 2,209 2,287 2,179 2,289 2,245 2,410 2,647 CONNECTICUT 281 302 254 158 38 50 58 67 30 29 Supreme Court Appellate Court 1,107 1,091 1,127 1,164 NA 1,227 1,179 B 1,267 B 1,223 B 1,182 B **FLORIDA** 232 90 99 98 Supreme Court 210 215 261 102 100 117 District Cts. of Appeal 18,932 17,599 14,386 15,670 16,492 15,799 15,858 18,241 18,542 17,424 **GEORGIA** Supreme Court 690 696 706 708 655 675 757 681 586 613 Court of Appeals 2,384 2,265 2,455 2,601 3,300 3,213 2,967 3.034 2,910 2,916 **HAWAII** 605 721 715 695 713 730 Supreme Court 486 688 541 610 Intermediate Ct. of App. 123 257 295 220 132 148 229 138 311 163 **IDAHO** Supreme Court 349 В 398 B 400 B 398 B 438 C 432 C 508 C 559 C 500 C 424 C 215 338 Court of Appeals 224 308 239 222 371 353 300 345 **ILLINOIS** Supreme Court 199 182 860 881 1,226 1,224 1,311 1,297 1,258 1,026 Appellate Court 8,191 В 8,785 B 9,126 B 9,116 B 8,889 B 9,010 B 8,982 B 9,301 B 9,481 B 9,212 B **IOWA** Supreme Court 1,211 1,355 1,398 1,324 1,538 B 1,506 B 1,491 B 1,574 B 1,548 B 1,194 B Court of Appeals 743 654 684 673 616 742 809 797 753 873 KANSAS 201 334 283 271 230 198 Supreme Court 165 147 184 224 Court of Appeals 1,201 B 1,297 B 1,389 B 1,488 B 1,797 B 2,125 B 2,075 B 1,884 B 1,899 B 2,312 B KENTUCKY Supreme Court 281 398 357 316 289 416 526 436 444 434 Court of Appeals 2.569 2.882 3.040 2.924 2.977 3.305 3,388 3.242 3.080 3.064

1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
349	306	405	303	316	274	627	350	299	260
387	389	457	440	355	355	365	353	358	317
162	122	97	88	127	101	91	92	92	74
3,659	4,095	4,026	4,815	3,813	3,439	3,815	3,908	3,618	3,416
448 C	508 C	512 C	506 C	556 C	550 C	502 C	544 C	475 C	380 C
1,016	1,199	1,126	1,064	997	939	1,042	1,315	1,524	1,354
20 A	28	26	25	18	10	14	13	16	9
14,584	12,880	16,688	14,574	14,481	14,524	15,024	12,600	19,254	18,941
NA									
2,105	2,192	2,335	2,269	2,192	2,156	2,318	2,274	2,231	2,443
285	301	230	255	NA	NA	NA	NA	299	NA
1,107 B	1,067 B	1,017 B	1,034 B	1,033 B	1,191 B	1,153 B	1,275 B	1,189 B	1,091 B
207	216	234	255	134	81	94	135	87	94
14,503	15,994	15,766	15,766	16,465	17,663	18,674	19,021	18,078	18,227
502	649	776	679	851	775	852	402	808	631
1,535	1,886	2,498	2,695	3,363	3,379	3,161	3,028	3,425	2,906
571	614	519	318	610	722	644	822	856	763
120	126	171	132	295	158	187	411	315	200
369 B	397 B	399 B	416 B	438 C	456 C	487 C	598 C	481 C	417 C
204	260	277	268	222	265	370	337	336	276
185	137	879	839	1,226	1,227	1,275	1,230	1,160	1,255
7,951 B	8,387 B	8,481 B	8,746 B	8,889 B	9,790 B	9,413 B	9,578 B	9,162 B	9,113 B
947 B	1,110	1,145	1,207	1,240 B	1,273 B	1,312 B	1,073 B	NA	327 B
662	682	696	660	658	710	788	801	833	766
267	291	272	298	410 B	882 B	861 B	989 B	1,228 B	1,114 B
1,152 B	1,165 B	1,291 B	1,353 B	1,591 B	1,628 B	1,891 B	1,961 B	2,023 B	2,067 B
278	324	316	297	408	367	418	457	465	394
2,463	2,347	2,836	2,841	2,727	3,175	3,232	3,201	3,408	3,162

TABLE 13: Mandatory Caseload in State Appellate Courts, 1990-1999 (continued)

Number of filings and qualifying footnotes State/Court name: 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 LOUISIANA Supreme Court 82 106 157 175 143 128 153 185 195 146 3,835 Courts of Appeal 3,782 4,008 4,007 4,070 3,920 4,092 3,964 4,140 4,220 MARYLAND 259 222 280 Court of Appeals 261 253 243 223 246 254 255 2,031 1,974 Court of Spec. Appeals 2,006 2,035 1,956 2,121 2,042 1,913 1,951 1,962 **MASSACHUSETTS** Supreme Judicial Court 86 A 81 A 90 A 93 A 123 A 125 A 134 A 152 A 152 A 282 A Appeals Court 1,527 1,871 1,814 2.095 1,568 2.068 2.126 2.235 2.329 2.298 **MICHIGAN** 2 2 2 2 Supreme Court 5 6 1 3 10 4 10,159 B 8,054 B 7,591 B Court of Appeals 12,340 B 11,825 B 9,270 B 5,782 B 5,006 B 4,503 B 4,214 B **MINNESOTA** Supreme Court 282 269 229 222 208 178 205 171 106 120 Court of Appeals 2,157 1,828 2,314 2,337 2,380 2,497 2,353 2,177 2,174 1,895 **MISSISSIPPI** 961 912 1.025 1.159 B 1.210 B 1.071 B 1.065 B Supreme Court 1.113 1.013 1.063 Court of Appeals NC NC NC NC NC 535 643 719 719 719 **MISSOURI** 247 371 257 291 220 223 Supreme Court 264 272 228 273 Court of Appeals 3,826 4,405 3,565 3,706 4,032 4,473 4,539 4,168 3,842 3,678 **NEBRASKA** 69 B Supreme Court 1,207 B 834 B 40 B 32 B 54 60 44 52 52 Court of Appeals NC NC 2,041 B 1,103 B 1,184 B 1,349 B 1,279 B 1,322 B 1,335 B 1,414 B **NEWJERSEY** 387 501 407 522 Supreme Court 389 410 212 205 546 450 7,007 6,871 6,712 7,148 7,307 7,911 7,509 7,788 7,361 Appel. Div. of Superior 6,569 **NEWMEXICO** Supreme Court 297 310 232 236 234 198 78 102 64 59 Court of Appeals 797 768 756 750 819 941 965 966 906 778 **NORTH CAROLINA** Supreme Court 116 137 112 120 131 119 102 81 84 78 Court of Appeals 1,408 1,325 1,304 1,329 1,400 1,478 1,470 1,565 1,553 1,719 OHIO 685 592 581 705 812 818 943 891 880 Supreme Court 674 Court of Appeals 10,721 11,031 11,377 11,010 11,032 11,435 12,455 12,488 11,713 11,079 **OREGON** 194 197 230 201 310 329 326 271 248 Supreme Court 172 Court of Appeals 4,584 5,123 5,102 4,410 4,440 4,426 4,631 4,319 4,024 4,466 **PUERTORICO** NA NA NA NA 209 95 129 Supreme Court NΑ 363 54 Court of Appeals NC NC NC NC NC 1.425 1.454 1.739 1.553 1.410

Number of dispositions and qualifying footnotes

		- Trainboi ora	ispositions a	na quamymg	1001110103					_
1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	_
95 3,517	101 3,745	157 4,361	152 4,297	116 4,258	121 4,139	162 4,090	157 3,872	162 4,093	159 4,291	
3,317	5,745	4,301	4,277	4,230	4,137	4,070	5,072	4,073	7,271	
244 1,808	243 1,824	240 2,019	222 2,047	212 1,979	223 2,105	182 1,997	190 1,891	251 1,980	235 1,863	
NA	NA	NA	NA	104 A	131 A	105	127 A	122 A	144	Α
1,171	1,450	1,214	1,763	1,709	1,851	1,294	2,115	2,097	2,800	
NA 10,503 B	NA 10,237 B	NA 11,662 B	NA 13,037 B	NA 12,824 B	NA 12,596 B	NA 10,842 B	NA 10,233 B	5 8,682 B	3 4,239	В
260 2,042	219 1,818	238 2,252	231 2,409	174 2,373	187 2,441	181 2,391	163 2,211	115 1,991	113 1,649	
944	922	872	718	805	772	500	894	641	738	
NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	535	643	719	776	635	
267 3,568	376 3,440	258 3,641	283 3,786	259 4,302	226 4,285	236 4,349	255 4,515	216 4,281	215 3,927	
1,022 B	1,420 B	634 B	429 B	315 B	300 B	305 B	305 B	309 B	NA	
NC	NC	886 B	1,159 B	895 B	1,106 B	1,172 B	1,111 B	1,146 B	1,205	В
401 6,284	556 6,770	425 6,445	391 6,601	405 6,980	206 7,416	190 7,530	493 7,842	547 7,647	478 7,483	
0,201	0,770	0,110	0,001	0,700	7,110	7,000	7,012	7,017	7,100	
313 763 B	386 771 B	NA 751 B	196 838 B	194 936 B	257 827 B	68 894 B	66 925 B	53 925 B	49 939	В
102	119	128	89	110	134	134	129	98	91	
1,366	1,414	1,099	1,158	1,550	1,420	1,425	1,559	1,585	1,631	
531 10,928	648 11,569	627 11,944	594 11,325	819 11,565	701 11,551	915 12,509	827 12,440	1,045 12,239	722 11,509	
271 D	2E7 D	402 D	200 B	20/ D	202 D	202 D	2/2 D	270 D	200	D
271 B 3,725	257 B 4,558	403 B 5,060	290 B 5,625	296 B 4,592	282 B 4,430	282 B 4,321	263 B 4,474	278 B 4,790	290 4,107	R
NA	NA NG	NA NC	NA NC	NA NG	212	341	183	91	144	
NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	586	948	1,442	1,615	1,551	

TABLE 13: Mandatory Caseload in State Appellate Courts, 1990-1999 (continued)

					Numbe	r of filings an	d qualifying f	ootnotes			
State/Court name:	1990		<u>1991</u>	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
SOUTH CAROLINA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	602 370		339 425	587 383	417 585	443 461	301 680	275 756	355 907	2,033 * 965	258 925
UTAH Supreme Court Court of Appeals	566 629	B B	553 B 755 B	553 B 865 B	592 B 830 B	631 B 785 B	584 B 838 B	558 B 842 B	616 B 741 B	577 B 711 B	662 B 748 B
VIRGINIA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	13 464		20 490	63 678	82 600	71 663	59 772	88 839	58 712	127 640	150 695
WASHINGTON Supreme Court Court of Appeals	148 3,653	В	137 B 3,789	126 B 3,693	146 B 3,396	113 B 3,503	111 B 3,663	111 B 3,678	94 B 3,618	75 B 3,974	73 B 3,613
WISCONSIN Supreme Court Court of Appeals	NJ 2,853	В	NJ 2,970 B	NJ 3,187 B	NJ 3,290 B	NJ 3,345 B	NJ 3,532 B	NJ 3,628 B	NJ 3,763 B	NJ 3,577 B	NJ 3,279 B
	States	wit	h no interme	ediate appel	late court						
DELAWARE Supreme Court	483	В	473 B	530 B	542 B	488 B	530 B	532 B	551 B	554 B	558 B
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Court of Appeals	1,650		1,567	1,643	1,724	1,689	1,832	2,008	2,076	1,943	1,757
MAINE Supreme Judicial Court	622	С	646 C	569 C	654 C	1,038 B	988 B	841 B	724 B	778 B	752 B
MONTANA Supreme Court	633	Α	636 A	533 A	521 A	633 A	521 A	731 A	729 A	587 A	653
NEVADA Supreme Court	1,089		1,080	1,129	1,138	1,256	1,350	1,911	1,835	1,943	1,894
NEW HAMPSHIRE Supreme Court	NJ		NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
NORTH DAKOTA Supreme Court	429		456	377	403	360	403	367	387	360	370
RHODE ISLAND Supreme Court	465		445	413	449	463	477	406	476	411	383
SOUTH DAKOTA Supreme Court	403	В	366 B	354 B	386 B	351 B	358 B	412 B	367 B	403 B	436 B
VERMONT Supreme Court	590		542	610	622	634	640	633	558	557	555
WEST VIRGINIA Supreme Court of Appea	ls NJ		NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ

Number of dispositions and qualifying footnotes

		i varriber or ar	op 00:11:01:10 a.i.	a quamjing.					
1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
537 B 367	560 B 374	544 B 420	572 B 602	503 B 515	557 B 523	436 B 694	NA 886	2,159 * 895	2,159 1,062
556 B 691 B	560 B 725 B	675 B 799 B	718 B 847 B	478 B 887 B	584 B 848 B	604 B 748 B	632 B 805 B	561 B 805 B	622 E 711 E
13 NA	13 NA	58 NA	66 NA	77 635	61 725	73 876	70 886	87 616	113 656
139 B 3,086	159 B 2,991	136 B 3,493	131 B 3,350	143 B 3,530	102 B 3,545	109 B 3,725	100 B 4,364	107 B 3,687	76 E 4,079
NJ 2,612 B	NJ 2,955 B	NJ 2,942 B	NJ 3,226 B	NJ 3,262 B	NJ 3,465 B	NJ 3,638 B	NJ 3,679 B	NJ 3,777 B	NJ 3,409 E
553 B	439 B	549 B	552 B	482 B	495 B	535 B	537 B	582 B	527 E
1,798	1,727	1,474	1,655	1,566	1,482	1,783	2,129	1,901	1,793
618 C	590 C	571 C	544 C	818 B	732 B	800 B	769 B	833 B	719 E
624 A	578 A	437 A	441 A	540 A	543 A	493 A	673 A	505 A	564
1,057	1,035	987	943	1,131	1,078	1,370	1,471	2,299	2,073
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
439	408	414	382	383	371	384	389	356	380
476	472	421	400	427	410	403	488	448	369
434 B	428 B	341 B	425 B	406 B	461 B	461 B	504 B	397 B	482 E
685	656	612	673	610	632	671	619	563	612
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ

TABLE 13: Mandatory Caseload in State Appellate Courts, 1990-1999 (continued)

					Numbe	er of filings an	d qualifying t	ootnotes			
State/Court name:	1990		1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
WYOMING											
Supreme Court	314		301	302	306	335	345	357	380	381	355
States with multip	ole appell	ate	courts at an	ıy level							
ALABAMA											
Supreme Court	867		1,028	741	737	1,158	879	830	811	889	784
Court of Civil Appeals Court of Criminal Appea	651		770 1,953	738 2,027	830 2,094	906 2,260	1,167 2,490	1,530 2,364	1,447 2,472	1,437 2,573	1,437 2,513
Courtor Criminar Appea	15 2,042		1,905	2,027	2,094	2,200	2,490	2,304	2,412	2,373	2,010
INDIANA											
Supreme Court	199		210	154	231	224	231	284	287	279	314
Court of Appeals Tax Court	1,966 63		1,779 69	1,752 110	1,872 101	1,867 288	1,803 135	2,126 186	2,071 205	2,140 207	2,053 240
rax Court	03		07	110	101	200	133	100	203	207	240
NEWYORK											
Court of Appeals	302		289	280	NA	502	499	451	432	350	350
Appellate Division of Supreme Court	10,577	В	10.339 B	11.187 B	10.236 B	10.788 B	10.851 B	11.450 B	11.676 B	11.761 B	11.745 B
Appellate Terms of	10,577	_	10,337 D	11,107 D	10,230 B	10,700 B	10,031 B	11,400 B	11,070 D	11,701 D	11,745 B
Supreme Court	2,245	В	2,201 B	2,092 B	2,502 B	2,209 B	2,371 B	2,455 B	2,136 B	2,121 B	2,250 B
OKLAHOMA											
Supreme Court	1,033		732	1,509	1,458	1,442	1,417	1,411	1,514	1,339	1,339 *
Court of Civil Appeals	1,323		1,184	1,143	1,495	1,249	1,213	1,117	581	499	499 *
Court of Criminal	1.445	D	1.244 B	1 240	1 240	1 571	1.367	1 51/	1.742	1 501	1 01 *
Appeals	1,445	Б	1,244 B	1,268	1,268	1,571	1,307	1,514	1,742	1,581	1,581 *
PENNSYLVANIA											
Supreme Court	225		97	270	289	365	307	447	429	547	507
Commonwealth Court	3,491	Α	3,774 A	3,571 A	4,208 A	4,380 A	4,939 A	4,594 A	4,453 A	5,603 A	4,490
Superior Court	6,291		6,743	7,121	6,964	7,554	7,606	7,817	9,001	8,000 A	7,299
TENNESSEE											
Supreme Court	107		192	239	271	314 B	307 B	400 B	400 B	349 B	264
Court of Appeals	980		961	1,046	1,050	1,103 B	1,106 B	1,152 B	1,117 B	1,087 B	1,278
Court of Criminal Appeals	1.002		899	1.007	1,007	1.167 B	1.088 B	1.338 B	1.374 B	1,165 B	1,182 B
түрсагэ	1,002		077	1,007	1,007	1,107 D	1,000 D	1,000 D	1,574 D	1,105 B	1,102 D
TEXAS											
Supreme Court	3		2	7	2	13	0	9	5	14	4
Court of Criminal Appeals	2,281		2,189	2,751	2,870	3,590	4,232	4,963	6,287	7,910	8,769
Courts of Appeals	8,062		8,563	10,722	9,420	9,297	4,232 9,734	10,742	10,754	11,566	12,291
	-,002		-,-50	,	.,.20	- , , ,	.,	,	,	,	,- , .

Number of dispositions and qualifying footnotes

1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	-
287	300	331	306	282	387	318	344	359	372	
1,248 641 1,904	1,248 673 2,243	782 691 2,127	757 761 2,110	1,154 823 2,096	1,005 1,949 2,400	830 1,348 2,331	819 1,572 2,323	840 1,458 2,701	701 1,458 2,469	
259 1,657 85	245 2,162 43	160 1,744 76	228 1,592 77	220 1,864 123	226 1,838 252	266 1,934 121	289 1,763 152	273 2,246 155	295 2,216 134	
287	293	306	296	249	340	295	260	198	208	
12,540 B	12,885 B	11,854 B	12,475 B	13,508 B	18,831 B	19,200 B	18,874 B	19,227 B	19,074	В
2,179 B	2,235 B	2,157 B	1,998 B	2,091 B	2,356 B	2,401 B	2,367 B	2,064 B	2,050	В
NA 1,038	NA 1,123	1,841 1,399	1,700 1,260	1,739 1,360	1,483 1,267	1,672 1,143	1,494 679	1,625 737	1,625 737	
774	814	1,320	1,388	1,625	1,808	1,806	1,670	1,674	1,674	
NA 3,519 B 6,079	NA 3,551 B 6,514	441 3,558 B 6,428	304 3,837 B 7,417	348 4,267 B 6,791	446 4,681 B 7,558	683 4,043 B 7,693	676 4,996 B 7,825	802 5,491 B 8,168	1,016 5,964 8,597	В
NA 924	NA 932	NA 954	NA 1,069	391 B 1,021 B	418 B 1,201 B	499 B 1,047 B	397 B 1,108 B	392 B 1,102 B	NA 1,144	В
843 B	923 B	1,101	863	937 B	1,099 B	1,015 B	1,164 B	1,542 B	1,372	В
3	2	6	3	13	0	8	5	10	4	
2,487 8,134	2,273 8,091	2,482 9,281	2,723 9,654	3,628 9,543	4,782 9,649	4,555 10,164	6,156 11,249	6,488 11,736	7,914 13,150	

COURT TYPE:

COLR = Court of last resort

AC = Intermediate appellate court

NOTE:

NA = Indicates that the data are unavailable.

NC = Indicates that the court did not exist during that year.

NJ = Indicates that the court does not have iurisdiction.

- * Alaska—Court of Appeals—Data problem in 1995. The 1994 numbers are repeated again in 1995.
- * Connecticut—Supreme Court—**Mandatory** filings were counted differently starting in 1994.
- *Oklahoma—All Courts—1999 data not available. The 1998 numbers are repeated in 1999.
- * South Carolina—Supreme Court—**Mandatory** filings were counted differently in

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

An absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that the data are complete.

- A: The following courts' data are incomplete:
 - California—Supreme Court—Disposed data for 1990 do not include **judge disciplinary** cases.
 - Colorado—Supreme Court—Filed data for 1994-1999 do not include some mandatory disciplinary cases and some mandatory interlocutory decisions.
 - Massachusetts— Supreme Judicial Court—Data for 1990-1999 do not include **attorney disciplinary** and other cases filed in the "Single Justice" side of the court.
 - Montana—Supreme Court— Data for 1990-1998 do not include administrative agency, advisory opinions, and original proceedings disposed
 - Pennsylvania—Commonwealth Court— Filed data for 1990-1998 do not include some **original proceedings** and some **administrative agency appeals**.
- B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:
 - Connecticut—Appellate Court—Filings for 1996-1999 include discretionary jurisdiction. Disposed data for 1990-1999 include discretionary dispositions.
 - Delaware—Supreme Court—Data for 1990-1999 include some discretionary petitions and filed data for 1990-1999 include discretionary petitions that were granted.
 - Idaho—Supreme Court—Data for 1990-1993 include discretionary petitions that were granted.
 - Illinois—Appellate Court—Data for 1990-1999 include all **discretionary petitions**.
 - lowa—Supreme Court— Disposed data for 1990 include some discretionary petitions that were dismissed by the court. Data for 1994-1999 include discretionary original proceedings and discretionary administrative agency cases granted review and disposed.
 - Kansas—Supreme Court—Disposed data for 1994-1999 include all discretionary petitions.

- —Court of Appeals—Filed data for 1990-1999 include a few **discretionary petitions** that were **granted**. Disposed data for 1990-1999 include all **discretionary petitions**.
- Maine—Supreme Judicial Court—Data for 1994-1999 include discretionary petitions.
- Michigan—Court of Appeals—Data for 1990-1999 include **discretionary petitions**.
- Mississippi—Supreme Court—Filed data for 1996-1999 include all discretionary petitions.
- Nebraska—Supreme Court—Filed data for 1990-1994 include discretionary petitions. Disposed data for 1990-1999 include discretionary petitions.
 - —Court of Appeals—Data for 1992-1999 include **discretionary petitions**
- New Mexico—Court of Appeals—Disposed data for 1990-1999 include interlocutory decisions.
- New York—Appellate Divisions and Terms of Supreme Court—Data for 1990-1999 include all **discretionary petitions**.
- Oklahoma—Court of Criminal Appeals—Data for 1990-1991 include all discretionary petitions.
- Oregon—Supreme Court—Disposed data for 1990-1999 include all discretionary petitions that were granted.
- Pennsylvania—Commonwealth Court—Disposed data for 1990-1999 include some discretionary petitions.
- South Carolina—Supreme Court—Disposed data for 1990-1999 include discretionary petitions.
- South Dakota—Supreme Court—Data for 1990-1999 include discretionary advisory opinions.
- Tennessee—Supreme Court—Data for 1994-1998 include **discretionary petitions** that were **granted**.
 - —Court of Appeals— Data for 1994-1998 include discretionary petitions that were granted.
 - —Court of Criminal Appeals—Disposed data for 1990-1991 include all discretionary petitions. Data for 1994-1999 include discretionary petitions that were granted.
- Utah—Supreme Court—Data for 1990-1999 include all discretionary petitions.
 - —Court of Appeals—Data for 1990-1999 include all discretionary petitions.
- Washington—Supreme Court—Data for 1990-1999 include some **discretionary petitions**.
- Wisconsin—Court of Appeals—Data for 1990-1999 include discretionary interlocutory decisions.
- C: The following courts' data are both incomplete and overinclusive:
 - Arkansas—Supreme Court—Data for 1990-1999 include some discretionary petitions, but do not include mandatory attorney disciplinary cases and mandatory advisory opinions.
 - Idaho—Supreme Court—Data for 1994-1999 include discretionary petitions that were granted, but do not include interlocutory decisions or advisory opinions.
 - Maine—Supreme Judicial Court Sitting as Law Court—1990-1993 data include discretionary petitions, but do not include mandatory disciplinary and advisory opinion cases.

TABLE 14: Discretionary Petitions in State Appellate Courts, 1990-1999

				Num	ber of filings a	and qualifying	g footnotes			
State/Court name:	1990	<u>1991</u>	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
	States	with one cou	ırt of last reso	ort and one ir	ntermediate a	appellate cou	urt			
ALASKA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	231 61	256 60	253 63	226 50	199 51	200 51	185 48	200 59	238 43	187 45
ARIZONA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	1,044 83	B 1,082 113	1,123 185	1,309 205	1,221 198	1,304 201	1,594 188	1,820 218	1,366 151	1,209 157
ARKANSAS Supreme Court Court of Appeals	NA NJ	AN LN	NA NJ	NA LU	AN LN	NA LV	NA NJ	877 NJ	877 NJ	478 136
CALIFORNIA Supreme Court Courts of Appeal	4,622 7,236	4,992 7,025	5,367 6,865	5,810 7,163	6,758 7,119	6,299 7,403	6,808 8,069	7,563 8,879	8,627 9,116	8,265 8,915
COLORADO Supreme Court Appellate Court	1,072 NJ	1,063 NJ	1,115 NJ	1,081 NJ	1,115 NJ	1,197 NJ	1,218 NJ	1,332 NJ	1,317 NJ	1,378 NJ
CONNECTICUT Supreme Court Appellate Court	196 109	207 95	218 80	NA NA	120 <i>*</i> 59	274 NA	363 NA	453 NA	472 NA	365 NA
FLORIDA Supreme Court District Courts of Appeal	1,710 2,457	1,754 2,591	1,629 2,644	1,681 2,883	1,868 3,123	2,085 3,455	2,428 3,580	2,394 3,579	2,404 4,057	2,629 3,788
GEORGIA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	1,079 794	1,085 450	1,078 957	1,179 925	1,246 611	1,399 419	1,257 483	1,362 479	1,226 455	1,148 434
HAWAII Supreme Court Intermediate Ct. of Ap.	43 NJ	32 NJ	55 NJ	48 NJ	38 NJ	23 NJ	32 NJ	86 NJ	92 NJ	78 NJ
IDAHO Supreme Court Court of Appeals	77 NJ	93 NJ	92 NJ	101 NJ	127 NJ	96 NJ	127 NJ	107 NJ	90 NJ	82 NJ
ILLINOIS Supreme Court Appellate Court	1,582 NA	1,673 NA	1,887 NA	1,572 NA	1,895 NA	2,121 NA	2,374 NA	2,308 NA	2,309 NA	2,200 NA
IOWA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	NA NJ	AN UN	AN LN	AN LN	AN LN	AN LN	NA NJ	NA NJ	NA NJ	NA NJ
KANSAS Supreme Court Court of Appeals	461 NA	500 NA	495 NA	508 NA	525 NA	566 NA	604 NA	786 NA	1,019 NA	981 NA
KENTUCKY Supreme Court Court of Appeals	753 59	A 788 A	A 664 81	771 114	724 108	806 105	707 102	751 105	779 106	803 84

Number of dispositions and	qualify	vina footnotes

1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1990	1997	1990	1999
235	241	271	241	212	199	176	206	215	199
64	66	60	52	56	56	51	66	48	38
1,006 B	1,061	1,074	1,237	1,220	1,354	1,555	1,500	1,175	1,287
56	99	156	177	180	260	193	205	172	163
NA	AA	AA	AN	AN	AN	NA	799	424	487
NJ	LA	LA	LN	LN	LN	NJ	NJ	NJ	140
4,442	4,907	5,440	5,775	6,783	6,554	6,524	7,406	8,219	8,599
7,438	7,266	5,727	7,216	7,290	7,531	8,146	NA	9,496	9,422
1,261 B	1,326 B	1,286 B	1,261 B	1,290 B	1,316 B	1,369	1,432	1,561	1,615
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NA	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
155	NA	NA	NA	255	238	238	NA	260	216
46	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,639	1,800	1,656	1,676	1,931	2,017	2,448	2,238	2,365	2,422
2,297	2,421	2,404	2,703	2,745	3,326	3,352	3,221	3,475	4,402
,559 B	986 B	854	983	992	1,398	1,257	1,330	1,545	1,066
794	386	957	919	559	595	502	481	455	438
43	32	50	49	42	22	32	86	88	82
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
86	79	107	94	112	114	125	105	82	86
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
1,498	1,551	1,808	1,499	1,793	2,193	2,118	2,247	2,200	2,208
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
311 A	501 A	184 A	159 A	186 A	183 A	171	NA	NA	1,694
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	LN	NJ
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
718 A	702 A	731	725	735	678	700	720	749	746
76	315	62	118	103	109	116	101	106	93

TABLE 14: Discretionary Petitions in State Appellate Courts, 1990-1999 (continued)

Number of filings and qualifying footnotes State/Court name: 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 **LOUISIANA** 2.298 3.181 3.021 3.000 2.955 3.068 3.038 3,457 Supreme Court 2.684 3.028 Courts of Appeal 3,980 4,844 4,926 4,773 5,084 5,373 5,426 6,134 6,375 6,901 MARYLAND Court of Appeals 626 658 765 688 772 745 683 707 702 646 Court of Spec. Appeals 204 254 193 332 350 509 378 436 428 392 **MASSACHUSETTS** Supreme Judicial Court 501 A 563 A 670 A 684 A 753 A 728 A 768 A 980 A 781 A 444 Α Appeals Court 916 950 969 996 988 945 NA 944 NA 1,016 **MICHIGAN** Supreme Court 2,507 2,233 2,422 2.747 3,182 3.172 2,768 2.844 2,426 2.242 2,801 2,845 2,768 3,325 3,407 3,469 3,517 Court of Appeals NA NΑ 2,668 **MINNESOTA** 785 Supreme Court 662 703 767 733 774 743 741 680 656 51 Court of Appeals 312 482 68 66 76 65 51 65 35 **MISSISSIPPI** Supreme Court 64 80 65 69 60 84 NA NA NA NA Court of Appeals NC NC NC NC NC NJ NA NA NA NA **MISSOURI** Supreme Court 809 710 771 734 781 791 690 645 586 577 Court of Appeals NJ NEBRASKA NA NA NA NA 192 347 240 282 374 306 Supreme Court Court of Appeals NC NC NA NA NJ NJ NJ NA NJ NJ **NEWJERSEY** Supreme Court 1,217 Α 2,907 2,881 2,770 2,953 3,038 3,060 3,340 3,248 2,969 Appellate Div. of Super. NA NA NA NA 0 0 0 0 0 0 **NEWMEXICO** Supreme Court 504 453 629 649 650 736 513 414 364 613 Court of Appeals 53 33 56 51 55 48 60 46 49 44 **NORTH CAROLINA** 388 609 626 492 489 471 502 544 547 Supreme Court 341 390 Court of Appeals 451 415 356 361 428 523 582 633 462 OHIO Supreme Court 1,872 1,984 2,065 1,932 1,957 1,861 1,945 1,839 1,848 1,653 Court of Appeals NJ **OREGON** Supreme Court 791 845 882 873 801 768 736 918 962 1,037 Court of Appeals NJ **PUERTORICO** NA NA NA NA NA 1,038 393 627 1,047 1,002 Supreme Court Circuit Court of Appeals NC NC NC NC NC 1,076 1,200 2,042 2,276 2,121

Number of dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Number of dis	positions and	qualifying	1 footnotes
---	---------------	---------------	------------	-------------

1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
2,870	3,084	3,003	2,832	2,747	2,758	3,401	3,400	3,230	3,131
3,945	4,440	4,842	4,659	4,991	5,325	5,502	6,351	6,610	6,984
608	659	640	767	676	708	769	784	707	702
204	254	193	332	254	509	378	436	446	392
NA	NA	NA	NA	689	734	728	768	794	781
916	950	969	996	1,016	988	945	NA	944	NA
2,755	2,444	2,665	2,516	2,733 B	2,799 B	2,898	2,736	2,987	2,568
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3,476
679	627	773	628	768	747	770	721	NA	573
306	395	67	53	75	54	65	51	54	33
59	76	69	38	60	73	297	NA	NA	NA
NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NJ	NA	NA	NA	NA
823	703	773	712	769	776	668	522	581	603
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
NA	NA	NA	AN	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	327
NC	NC	NJ	LN	LN	NJ	NJ	NJ	UJ	NJ
1,200 A	2,941	2,982	2,806	2,858	2,958	3,070	3,311	3,343	2,808
NA	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0	0	0	0
402	334	NA	436	616	632	641	650	692	513
NA	9	5	0	0	NA	NA	NA	NJ	NJ
601	498	396	317	464	470	443	556	500	616
431	415	356	307	379	376	401	459	523	563
1,413	1,956	1,859	1,700	1,861	1,698	1,831	1,759	1,663	1,565
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
707	773	726	797	736	732	732	684	929	1,013
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,220	487	631	879	1,085
NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	670	1,041	1,594	2,524	2,278

TABLE 14: Discretionary Petitions in State Appellate Courts, 1990-1999 (continued)

				Numbe	r of filings and	lings and qualifying footnotes					
State/Court name:	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	
SOUTH CAROLINA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	61 NJ	95 NJ	62 NJ	74 NJ	50 NJ	61 NJ	197 NJ	646 * NJ	977 NJ	1,109 NJ	
UTAH Supreme Court Court of Appeals	48 NA	33 NA	60 NA	45 NA	136 NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	
VIRGINIA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	1,775 1,570	1,936 1,853	1,908 1,933	1,854 1,990	2,169 1,989	2,285 2,259	1,546 2,379	2,671 2,337	2,576 2,371	2,881 2,415	
WASHINGTON Supreme Court Court of Appeals	891 <i>A</i> 351	A 881 A 355	1,020 A 400	1,054 A 358	1,142 A 399	1,073 A 455	1,135 A 504	1,268 A 430	1,146 A 442	1,355 350	
WISCONSIN Supreme Court Court of Appeals	842 NA	992 NA	972 NA	1,156 NA	1,158 NA	1,123 NA	1,217 NA	1,124 NA	1,189 NA	1,101 NA	
	St	ates with no in	itermediate a	ppellate cou	rt						
DELAWARE Supreme Court	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Court of Appeals	45	36	44	21	18	16	28	23	25	26	
MAINE Supreme Judicial Court	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
MONTANA Supreme Court	NA	NA	94	138	111	67	101	NA	144	53	
NEVADA Supreme Court	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	
NEW HAMPSHIRE Supreme Court	627	597	774	864	880	892	850	915	839	826	
NORTH DAKOTA Supreme Court	NA	NA	NA	NA	25	26	28	15	20	12	
RHODE ISLAND Supreme Court	177	201	268	288	297	285	268	210	212	191	
SOUTH DAKOTA Supreme Court	49 /	A 31 A	28 A	40 A	57 A	67 A	53 A	56 A	54 A	62 A	
VERMONT Supreme Court	32	36	26	27	23	35	20	24	25	29	
WEST VIRGINIA Supreme Court of Appeals	1,623	3,180	2,357	2,113	2,442	2,691	3,099	3,114	3,415	3,539	

Number of dispositions and	qualifying footnotes
----------------------------	----------------------

1990	<u>1991</u>	<u>1992</u>	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
NA NJ	1,239 NJ	732 NJ	732 NJ						
NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	106 NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
1,610 2,140	1,295 2,308	1,530 2,380	1,446 2,491	1,763 2,184	2,260 2,505	2,382 2,460	2,619 2,306	2,769 2,303	2,810 2,458
883 A 354	862 A 270	943 A 361	1,058 A 374	1,145 A 368	1,044 A 385	1,076 A 460	1,180 A 499	1,236 464	1,259 386
728 NA	905 NA	720 NA	888 NA	991 NA	1,008 NA	1,181 NA	1,142 NA	1,177 NA	1,128 NA
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
45	36	44	46	21	13	22	26	19	37
NA									
NA	NA	84	117	79	81	186	NA	128	106
NJ									
567	543	515	662	793	875	857	907	767	826
NA	NA	NA	NA	25	26	31	17	17	12
197	188	255	292	260	304	302	219	234	208
NA									
36	33	27	26	24	33	23	23	24	29
1,586	2,675	2,598	2,100	2,312	2,098	2,583	3,085	3,488	3,089

TABLE 14: Discretionary Petitions in State Appellate Courts, 1990-1999 (continued)

State/Court name:	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	
WYOMING											
Supreme Court	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	
	Sta	tes with mul	tiple appella	te courts at a	ny level						
ALABAMA											
Supreme Court	867	1,028	741	737	708	797	915	956	967	1,107	
Court of Civil Appeals	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	
Court of Criminal Appeals	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	
INDIANA											
Supreme Court	690	822	731	604	672	818	817	711	733	815	
Court of Appeals	112	93	124	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Tax Court	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	
NEWYORK											
Court of Appeals	4,499	4,420	4,260	4,489	4,588	4,861	4,582	4,647	4,466	4,320	
Appellate Div.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Appellate Terms	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
OKLAHOMA											
Supreme Court	446	388	570	507	512	578	507	436	NA	NA	
Court of Appeals	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	
Court of Criminal Appeals	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
PENNSYLVANIA											
Supreme Court	3,645	3,456	3,412	2,734	2,695	3,009	2,870	2,890	3,113	3,496	
Commonwealth Court	36	128	31	29	151	172	110	997	NA	NA	
Superior Court	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	
TENNESSEE											
Supreme Court	731	775	834	782	828	903	859	954	1,134	1,001	
Court of Appeals	109	131	149	259	264	242	273	233	288	260	
Court of Criminal Appeals	55	71	90	165	174	166	175	136	NA	107	
TEXAS											
Supreme Court	1,206	1,283	1,462	1,441	1,394	1,407	1,340	1,373	1,829	1,818	
Court of Criminal Appeals		1,340	1,691	1,610	1,477	1,439	1,847	1,677	1,983	2,060	
Courts of Appeal	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	

COURT TYPE:

COLR = Court of last resort

IAC = Intermediate appellate court

NOTE:

NA = Indicates that the data are unavailable.

NC = Indicates that the court did not exist during that year.

NJ = Indicates that the court does not have jurisdiction.

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

An absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that the data are complete.

A: The following courts' data are incomplete:

Iowa—Supreme Court—Disposed data for 1990-1995 do not include some discretionary original proceedings.

Kentucky—Supreme Court—Data for 1990-1991 do not include some unclassified discretionary petitions.

Massachusetts—Supreme Judicial Court—Filed data for 1990-1999 do not include certain cases filed in the "Single Justice" side of the court, in which a single justice was asked to allow a certain type of **interlocutory appeal** to proceed (which, if allowed, could be sent to either appellate court) or to allow an appeal from the denial of a motion for new trial in certain capital cases.

New Jersey—Supreme Courr—Data for 1990 do not include discretionary interlocutory decisions.

^{*} Connecticut—Supreme Court—Discretionary petitions were counted differently starting in 1994.

^{*}lowa—Supreme Court—Discretionary petitions were counted differently starting in 1999.

^{*}South Carolina—Supreme Court—Discretionary petitions disposed were counted differently in 1997.

Number of dispositions and qualifying footnotes

1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
1,248	1,248	782	757	659	807	882	915	918	901
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
629	770	898	592	641	723	813	752	742	805
116	106	104	74	87	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NA	NA
145	115	115	165	113	165	115	145	101	TW.
3,808	3,907	4,176	4,792	4,303	4,872	4,796	4,572	4,532	4,321
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	442	652	545	592	384	431	502	502
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
412	412	NA							
NA	NA	2,683	2,459	3,340	2,850	2,724	2,943	2,798	3,709
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,065 A	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NJ						
770	700	OOE	720	740	705	070	420	001	1 020
772 74	708 115	885 130	739 103	760 194	785 182	870 196	639 424	921 250	1,028 131
36	37	55	103	128	118	115	104	NA	101
30	37	55	107	120	110	113	104	11/7	101
1,166	1,301	1,472	1,574	1,394	1,376	1,362	1,308	1,466	1,454
1,352	1,387	1,526	1,666	1,671	1,452	2,002	1,644	1,866	2,319
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ

Michigan—Supreme Court—Disposed data for 1994-1995 include all mandatory jurisdiction cases.

South Dakota—Supreme Court—Filed data for 1990-1999 do not include advisory opinions.

Washington—Supreme Court—Data for 1990-1998 do not include some discretionary cases.

West Virginia—Supreme Court of Appeals—Disposition data for 1999 are not complete.

B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:

Arizona—Supreme Court—Data for 1990 include mandatory judge disciplinary cases.

Colorado—Supreme Court—Disposed data for 1990-1998 include mandatory jurisdiction cases.

Georgia—Supreme Court—Disposed data for 1990-1991 represent some double counting because they include all **mandatory appeals** and **discretionary appeals that were granted** and refiled as appeals.

TABLE 15: Felony Caseload in State Trial Courts of General Jurisdiction, 1990-1999

Number of filings and qualifying footnotes 1990 1991 1992 1993 1997 1998 1999 State/Court name: 1994 1995 1996 ALABAMA Circuit 31,807 35,066 39,814 38,773 37,695 40,219 42,551 43,596 47,869 43,340 **ALASKA** 2,718 2,442 2,763 2,696 2,778 2,951 3,040 3,262 3,112 Superior 2,660 **ARIZONA** 30,299 B Superior 26,057 B 26,140 B 27,677 B 26,471 B 28,522 B 30,817 B 34,649 B 39,513 B 38,262 B **ARKANSAS** 25,755 B 27,742 B 31,776 B 33,192 B 35,432 B 39,273 B 38,866 B 39,350 B 45,925 B 44,717 B Circuit **CALIFORNIA** 239,628 C 229,677 C 243,093 C 244,137 C 247,589 C 256,959 C 245,587 C 251,575 C 260,311 C 246,306 C Superior **COLORADO** 29,994 District 20,212 20,655 22,565 22,068 23,478 26,852 32,457 38,419 37,144 CONNECTICUT 4,102 3,848 Superior 5,268 4,684 3,610 3,829 3,614 3,377 3,074 3,279 **DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA** 21,774 17,521 17,940 17,203 15,439 12,594 11,874 20,138 15,240 13,378 Superior **FLORIDA** Circuit 192,976 B 186,732 B 177,186 B 168,066 B 177,457 B 187,207 B 197,230 B 199,658 191,067 A 196,986 A **GEORGIA** 66,275 70,339 68,761 B 63,696 B 64,206 66,648 66,375 73,011 74,872 73,476 Superior **HAWAII** 3,025 C 3,174 C 4,675 B 4,049 B 4,085 B 4,449 B 4,257 B 4,705 B 5,029 B 4,360 B Circuit **IDAHO** District 5,725 6,535 7,107 7,324 8,297 9,765 9,143 9,600 10,482 10,034 **ILLINOIS** 74,541 C 77,849 B 78,778 B 80,554 B 81,647 88,772 90,902 97,764 101,399 91,103 Circuit **INDIANA** Superior and Circuit 27,681 B 29,098 B 28,958 B 32,166 B 33,268 B 36,397 B 47,451 B 43,397 B 51,056 B 54,548 B **IOWA** District 10,884 B 12,867 B 14,004 B 13,451 13,599 15,487 17,398 17,850 18,818 18,855 **KANSAS** 19.007 District 12.197 11,436 13,412 13.229 14.423 15,267 17.150 17.831 17.653 **KENTUCKY** 15,078 B 17,032 B 20,752 B 21,770 B Circuit 14,881 B 19,478 B 17,844 B 18,739 B 19,128 B 20,102 B **LOUISIANA** District 23,621 29,138 27,251 31,694 31,907 30,006 48,507 46,051 54,726 48,172 MAINE Superior 4,745 4,571 4,342 3,842 3,629 3,619 3,473 3.549 3,522 3,517

TABLE 15: Felony Caseload in State Trial Courts of General Jurisdiction, 1990-1999 (continued)

	Number of filings and qualifying footnotes									
State/Court name:	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
MARYLAND Circuit	55,755 C	62,935 C	67,828 C	63,824 C	62,822 C	62,382 C	63,229 C	62,198 C	65,305 C	65,769 C
MASSACHUSETTS Superior Court	6,271	5,796	5,782	7,546	8,089	7,999	8,101	8,064	8,334	8,840
MINNESOTA District	14,747	16,277	16,273	17,385	18,183	18,456	18,927	20,272	21,555	21,420
MISSOURI Circuit	40,968 B	44,208 B	47,431 B	44,727 B	48,525 B	54,358 B	58,352 B	59,513 B	61,666 B	57,043 B
MONTANA District	2,966 C	3,140 C	NA							
NEBRASKA District	5,105 B	5,348 B	5,738 B	5,139 B	5,376 B	5,833 B	6,238 B	6,733 B	7,276 B	7,103 B
NEW HAMPSHIRE Superior	6,678	7,345	7,604	7,442	6,114	6,036	6,302	6,406	6,031	6,701
NEWJERSEY Superior	57,223	54,703	51,054	47,958	47,228	46,652	46,437	48,208	49,807	49,075
NEWMEXICO District	NA	NA	NA	9,017	9,971	11,165	12,900	12,855	13,617	14,628
NEW YORK Supremeand County	79,322 B	78,354 B	76,814 B	71,824 B	71,419 B	68,326 B	68,067 B	63,339 B	63,329 B	55,425 B
NORTH CAROLINA Superior	69,810	73,908	85,748	83,939	83,823	83,417	83,212	88,349	92,672	94,517
NORTH DAKOTA District	1,637 B	1,837 B	1,951	2,155	1,840	2,428	3,614	3,223	3,979	4,139
OHIO Court of Common Pleas	55,949	61,836	65,361	63,744	64,766	67,266	66,850	62,530	64,219	66,689
OKLAHOMA District†	27,541 B	28,325 B	29,868 B	30,676 B	32,866 B	37,127 B	34,722 B	42,755 B	42,755 B	42,755 B
OREGON Circuit	28,523	26,050	27,159	27,333	30,725	33,457	30,797	33,719	39,587 B	37,459 B
PENNSYLVANIA Court of Common Pleas†		137,046 B	140,416 B	139,672 B	139,985 B	143,588 B	144,251 B	149,123 B	155,460 B	155,089 B
PUERTO RICO Court of First Instance	23,328	28,340	28,591	33,002	37,779	35,719 B	35,473 B	33,073 B	37,870 B	37,183 B
RHODE ISLAND Superior	6,011	5,665	5,764	5,772	5,682	6,045	6,149	5,698	5,703	4,945

TABLE 15: Felony Caseload in State Trial Courts of General Jurisdiction, 1990-1999 (continued)

		Number of filings and qualifying footnotes									
State/Court name:	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	
SOUTH DAKOTA Circuit	4,072	3,675	4,441	4,435	4,573	5,124	5,087	5,440	5,079	4,662	
TENNESSEE Circuit, Criminal, and Chancery	55,622 B	55,587 B	58,771 B	57,778 B	61,147 B	54,974 B	80,059 B	59,385	62,515	61,871	
TEXAS District	147,230	144,408	153,853	148,960	144,092	130,966	130,703	137,138	140,375	135,764	
UTAH District*	4,608 C	13,216 B	14,541 B	17,671 B	11,450 B	15,510 B	20,842 B	18,238 B	21,213 B	21,704 B	
VERMONT District Superior	2,202 53	2,319 6	2,810 6	2,716 0	2,842 1	3,018 1	3,010 1	3,435 0	3,368 2	3,311 1	
VIRGINIA Circuit	64,053	70,145	73,889	75,867	77,104	81,328	81,819	88,269	95,806	96,584	
WASHINGTON Superior	26,914	27,503	28,529	28,032	28,728	32,296	31,035	34,103	37,592	37,995	
WEST VIRGINIA Circuit	4,071 B	4,217 B	4,446 B	4,308 B	4,604 B	4,167 B	4,424 B	4,819 B	4,744 B	4,751 B	
WISCONSIN Circuit	18,738	19,523	20,399 A	18,613 A	18,777 A	24,246	28,388	29,117	28,236	26,440	
WYOMING District	1,503	1,365	1,282 A	1,638 A	1,733 A	1,789 A	1,835 A	1,983 A	1,993 A	1,449 A	

NA = Data were unavailable or not comparable.

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

The absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that data are complete.

- † 1997 data for Oklahoma are repeated for 1998 and 1999 since data were not available. 1999 data for Pennsylvania are preliminary.
- A: The following courts' data are incomplete:
 - Florida—Circuit Court—Felony data for 1998 and 1999 are slightly incomplete due to technical difficulties experienced by smaller counties.
 - Wisconsin—Circuit Court—Felony data for 1992-1994 do not include some cases reported with unclassified criminal.
 - Wyoming—District Court—**Felony** data for 1992 and 1996 do not include cases from two counties. For 1993-1995 and 1997-1999, one county did not report.
- B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:
 - Arizona—Superior Court—**Felony** data for 1990-1999 include **DWI/DUI**

- $\label{lem:continuity} \textbf{Arkansas--Circuit Court--Felony data include some $\textbf{DWI/DUI}$ cases.}$
- Florida—Circuit Court—Felony data for 1990-1996 include misdemeanor, DWI/DUI, and miscellaneous criminal cases.
- Georgia—Superior Court—**Felony** data for 1992-1993 include **criminal appeals**.
- Hawaii—Circuit Court—**Felony** data for 1992-1999 include **misdemeanor** cases.
- Illinois—Circuit Court—Felony data for 1991-1993 include preliminary hearings for courts "downstate."
- Indiana—Superior and Circuit Courts—Felony data include DWI/DUI cases
- lowa—District Court—Felony data for 1990-1992 include third-offense DWI/DUI cases.
- Kentucky—Circuit Court—All felony data include misdemeanor cases. 1990 data also include sentence review only and postconviction remedy proceedings. 1993-1999 data also include DWI/DUI cases.
- Missouri—Circuit Court—Felony data include some DWI/DUI cases.
- Nebraska—District Court—Felony data include misdemeanor, DWI/DUI, and miscellaneous criminal cases.

- New York—Supreme and County Courts—Felony data include DWI/DUI
- North Dakota—District Court—Felony data for 1990-1991 include sentence review only and postconviction remedy proceedings.
- Oklahoma—District Court—Felony data include some miscellaneous criminal cases.
- Oregon—Circuit Court—Felony data for 1998 and 1999 include some DWI/DUI cases.
- Pennsylvania—Court of Common Pleas—Felony data include misdemeanor, DWI/DUI, and some criminal appeals cases.
- Puerto Rico—Court of First Instance—Felony data for 1995-1999 include domestic violence cases.
- Tennessee—Circuit, Criminal, and Chancery Court—Felony data for 1990-1996 include misdemeanor and some criminal appeals cases
- Utah—District Court—Felony data for 1991-1993 include some misdemeanor, some DWI/DUI and criminal appeals cases, and some postconviction remedy and sentence review only proceedings. 1994 and 1995 data include **criminal appeals** and some postconviction remedy and sentence review only proceedings. 1996 and 1997 data include some postconviction remedy and sentence review only proceedings. 1998 and 1999 data include sentence review only proceedings.
- West Virginia—Circuit Court—Felony data include DWI/DUI cases.
- C: The following courts' data are incomplete and overinclusive:
 - California—Superior Court—Felony data for 1990 and 1992 include DWI/ **DUI** cases, but do not include partial year data from one court. Data for 1991 include DWI/DUI cases, but do not include data from one court. Data for 1993 include DWI/DUI cases, but do not include partial data from 14 courts. Data for 1994 and 1996 include DWI/DUI cases, but do not include partial data from three courts. Data for 1995 include DWI/DUI cases, but do not include data from two

- courts. Data for 1997 include DWI/DUI cases, but do not include partial data from five courts. Data for 1998 include DWI/DUI cases, but do not include partial data from six courts. Data for 1999 include DWI/DUI cases, but do not include partial year data from several
- Hawaii—Circuit Court—Felony data for 1990-1991 include misdemeanor cases, but do not include reopened prior cases.
- Illinois—Circuit Court—Felony data for 1990 include preliminary hearings for courts downstate, but do not include some reinstated and transferred cases.
- Maryland—Circuit Court—Felony data include some misdemeanor cases, but do not include some cases.
- Montana—District Court—Felony data for 1990-1991 include some trial court civil appeals, but do not include some cases reported with unclassified criminal data.
- Utah—District Court—Felony data for 1990 include misdemeanor and criminal appeals cases, and some postconviction remedy and sentence review only proceedings, but do not include cases from the former Circuit Courts and are less than 75% complete.
- * Additional court information:
 - Utah—District Court—The Circuit Courts in Utah were abolished as of July 1, 1996 and their caseload absorbed into the District Court. Data for prior years were merged for comparability.

TABLE 16: Tort Caseload in State Trial Courts of General Jurisdiction, 1990-1999

Number of filings and qualifying footnotes

	Number of himigs and qualifying rootifotes									
State/Court name:	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
ALABAMA Circuit	NA	NA	11,498 B	11,512 B	10,893 B	12,254 B	16,658 B	13,202 B	13,112 B	12,124
ALASKA Superior	826	838	815	935	875	1,024	1,005	1,048	1,026	986
ARIZONA Superior*	15,418	15,442	13,842	12,940	22,815	13,776	15,116	14,934	15,006	13,480
ARKANSAS Circuit	5,045	5,099	5,098	5,228	5,298	5,254	5,180	4,586	4,331	4,252
CALIFORNIA Superior	121,960 A	114,298 A	109,219 A	88,346 A	83,721 A	79,490 A	77,402 A	70,039 A	68,297 A	69,666 A
COLORADO District	5,886	6,295	6,151	5,001	4,977	4,731	4,763	4,994	4,984	4,882
CONNECTICUT Superior	16,477	16,266	16,250	15,947	15,642	17,932	19,211	19,903	20,036	18,887
DISTRICT OF COLUM Superior	BIA NA	3,605	5,424	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
FLORIDA Circuit*	40,748	44,257	43,458	43,536	43,045	46,025	46,239	47,996	45,886	47,045 A
HAWAII Circuit	2,065 A	2,365 A	2,689 A	2,941 A	2,517 A	2,934 A	2,468 A	2,205 A	2,105 A	1,824
IDAHO District	1,127 A	1,044 A	1,136 A	1,115	1,221	1,176	1,423	1,479	1,391	1,600
INDIANA Superior and Circuit	6,719	7,910	8,043	9,452	12,066	13,366	13,032	13,033	12,412	12,665
KANSAS District	4,010	4,076	4,338	4,395	4,282	5,082	5,641	6,194	6,358	5,762
MAINE Superior	1,878	1,686	1,643	1,615	1,740	1,819	1,657	1,572	1,386	1,271
MARYLAND Circuit	14,908 A	16,270 A	15,612 A	14,989 A	14,485 A	15,427 A	15,540 A	15,517 A	14,769 A	13,458 A
MASSACHUSETTS Superior Court	13,437	13,721	13,957	NA	13,774	13,854	12,982	12,299	11,602	11,127
MICHIGAN Circuit	38,784	31,869	34,497	35,450	39,538	30,372	52,270	24,891	23,800	22,509
MINNESOTA District	7,135	7,252	7,460	6,861	6,751	6,919	6,887	7,312	6,748	6,088
MISSISSIPPI Circuit Chancery	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	6,045 383	6,054 452	5,488 215

TABLE 16: Tort Caseload in State Trial Courts of General Jurisdiction, 1990-1999 (continued)

	Number of filings and qualifying footnotes									
State/Court name:	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
MISSOURI Circuit	21,680	21,245	19,999	17,883	16,960	17,506	19,495	19,344	20,757	18,953
MONTANA District	1,651	1,518	NA	NA						
NEVADA District	5,295	5,871	6,185	6,788	7,486	7,873	8,906	9,177	8,590	7,532
NEW HAMPSHIRE Superior	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2,063 A	1,969 A
NEWJERSEY Superior	72,463 A	73,614 A	67,380 A	63,776 A	63,538 A	60,234 A	57,627 A	57,955 A	82,817	79,142
NEW MEXICO District	NA	NA	4,578	5,759	4,842	5,159	5,437	5,364	4,940	5,247
NEW YORK Supreme and County	65,026	65,767	72,189	71,113	75,298	81,265	84,126	82,514	81,794	80,863
NORTH CAROLINA Superior	8,175	8,656	9,361	9,754	9,739	10,256	10,536	10,588	10,683	10,098
NORTH DAKOTA District	744	531	411	525	535	685	531	563	717	638
OHIO Court of Common Pleas	34,488	34,422	33,196	31,229	31,181	33,371	36,896	50,472	31,298	31,873
OREGON Circuit*	NA	8,100	7,551	7,473	8,184	8,639	8,713	8,305	7,558	7,313
PUERTO RICO Court of First Instance*	8,027	8,520	8,552	8,948	9,803	10,236 A	10,024 A	10,311 A	10,788 A	9,834 A
RHODE ISLAND Superior	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3,923	3,537	3,495	3,496
FENNESSEE Circuit, Criminal, a Chancery	nd 13,453	13,223	13,100	12,106	12,221	13,726	14,054	14,481	13,873	12,186
ΓΕΧΑS District	39,648	44,088	46,762	47,586	48,631	51,544	46,493	42,954	40,385	35,668
JTAH District	1,631 B	1,729 B	1,979 B	1,804 B	1,928 B	2,058 B	1,686	1,827	1,849	2,386
WASHINGTON Superior	10,147	11,375	11,142	11,856	11,950	12,850	12,776	12,552	12,290	11,674
VISCONSIN Circuit	9,669	8,865	8,835	9,043	9,583	10,559	6,285	8,495	8,725	8,283
WYOMING District	NA	NA	504 A	553 A	530 A	505 A	611 A	605 A	536 A (continue	420 A d on next pa

NA = Data were unavailable or not comparable.

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

The absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that data are complete.

- A: The following courts' data are incomplete:
 - California—Superior Court—**Tort** data do not include **medical malpractice** and **product liability** cases. **Tort** data for 1990 and 1992 also do not include partial data from one court. Data for 1991 also do not include data from one court. Data for 1993 also do not include partial data from fourteen courts. Data for 1994 and 1996 also do not include partial data from three courts. Data for 1995 also do not include partial data from two courts. Data for 1997 also do not include partial data for five courts. Data for 1998 also do not include partial data for six courts. Data for 1999 also do not include partial data from several courts.
 - Florida—Circuit Court—**Tort** data for 1999 do not include partial data from one county.
 - Hawaii—Circuit Court—**Tort** data for 1990-1998 do not include a small number of District Court transfers reported with other civil cases.
 - Idaho—District Court—**Tort** data for 1990 through 1992 do not include some cases reported with unclassified civil cases.
 - Maryland—Circuit Court—**Tort** data do not include some cases reported with unclassified civil cases.
 - New Hampshire—Superior Court—**Tort** data do not include some cases reported with unclassified civil cases.
 - New Jersey—Superior Court—Tort data for 1990-1997 do not include

- some cases reported with unclassified civil cases.
- Puerto Rico—Court of First Instance—Tort data for 1995-1999 do not include cases from the Municipal Division.
- Wyoming—District Court—Tort data for 1992 and 1996 do not include cases from two counties. For 1993-1995 and 1997-1999, one county did not report tort data.
- B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:
 - Alabama—Circuit Court— Tort data for 1992-1998 include some postconviction remedy proceedings.
 - Utah—District Court—**Tort** data for 1990-1995 include de novo **appeals** from the Justice Court.
- * Additional court information:
 - Arizona—Superior Court—Tort reform legislation caused the tort caseload to increase dramatically in 1994.
 - Florida—Circuit Court—The large increase in tort filings for 1991 is due in part to the filing of 1,113 asbestos cases in Miami in July of 1991.
 - Oregon—Circuit Court—The District Courts in Oregon were abolished as of January 15, 1998 and their caseload absorbed into the Circuit Court. Data for prior years were merged for comparability.
 - Puerto Rico—Court of First Instance—The Judicial Reform Act of 1994 consolidated the Superior, District, and Municipal Courts into one Court of First Instance effective 1995. Tort data for 1990-1994 were combined for all three courts to ensure comparability across the tenyear trend.

Appendix 1: Methodology

Court Statistics Project: Goals and Organization

The Court Statistics Project of the National Center for State Courts compiles and reports comparable court caseload data from the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Project publications and technical assistance encourage greater uniformity in how individual state courts and state court administrative offices collect and publish caseload information. Progress toward these goals should result in more meaningful and useful caseload information for judges, court managers, and court administrators.

The State Court Caseload Statistics: Annual Report series is a cooperative effort of the Conference of State Court Administrators (COSCA) and the National Center for State Courts (NCSC). Responsibility for project management and staffing is assumed by the NCSC's Court Statistics Project. COSCA, through its Court Statistics Committee, provides policy guidance and review. The Court Statistics Committee includes members of COSCA and representatives of state court administrative office senior staff, the National Conference of Appellate Court Clerks, the National Association for Court Management, and the academic community. Preparation of the 1999 caseload report was funded by an ongoing grant from the State Justice Institute (SJI-91-N-007-O00-1) to the NCSC.

In addition to preparing publications, the Court Statistics Project responds to thousands of requests for information and assistance each year. These requests come from a variety of sources, including state court administrative offices, local courts, individual judges, federal and state agencies, legislators, the media, academic researchers, students, and NCSC staff.

Evolution of the Court Statistics Project

During the Court Statistics Project's original data compilation efforts, the *State of the Art* and *State Court Caseload Statistics: 1975 Annual Report*, classification problems arose from the multitude of categories and terms used by the states to report their caseloads. This suggested the need for a model annual report and a statistical dictionary of terms for court usage.

The State Court Model Statistical Dictionary provides common terminology, definitions, and usage for reporting appellate and trial court caseloads. Terms for reporting data on case disposition methods are provided in the Dictionary and in other project publications. The classification scheme and associated definitions serve as a model framework for developing comparable and useful data. A new edition of the State Court Model Statistical Dictionary was published in 1989, consolidating and revising the original 1980 version and the 1984 Supplement.

Once a set of recommended terms was adopted, the project's focus shifted to assessing the comparability of caseload data reported by the courts to those terms. It became particularly important to detail the subject matter jurisdiction and methods of counting cases in each state court. Problems related to categorizing and counting cases in the trial and appellate courts were resolved through the development of the 1984 State Trial Court Jurisdiction Guide for Statistical Reporting and the 1984 State Appellate Court Jurisdiction Guide for Statistical Reporting. Key information from both guides is updated annually as part of the preparation for a new caseload report. The introduction to the 1981 report details the impact of the Trial Court Jurisdiction Guide on the Court Statistics Project data collection and the introduction to the 1984 report describes the effect of the Appellate Court Jurisdiction Guide.

The *State Court Organization* series, updated for 1998, serves as a valuable complement to the *Report* series. *State Court Organization 1998* is a reference book that describes in great depth the structure, organization, and management of the state trial and appellate courts.

Sources of Data

Information for the national caseload databases comes from published and unpublished sources supplied by state court administrators and appellate court clerks. Published data typically come from official state court annual reports, which vary widely in form and detail. Although constituting the most reliable and valid data available at the state level, they arrive from statistical data filed monthly, quarterly, or annually by numerous local jurisdictions and, in most states, several trial and appellate court systems. Moreover, these caseload statistics are primarily collected to assist states in managing their own systems and are not prepared specifically for inclusion in the COSCA/NCSC caseload statistics report series.

Some states either do not publish an annual report or publish only limited caseload statistics for either trial or appellate courts. The Court Statistics Project receives unpublished data from those states in a wide range of forms, including internal management memos, computer-generated output, and the project's statistical and jurisdictional profiles, which are updated by state court administrative office staff.

Extensive telephone contact and follow-up correspondence are used to collect missing data, confirm the accuracy of available data, and determine the legal jurisdiction of each court. Information is also collected concerning the number of judges per court or court system (from annual reports, offices of state court administrators, and appellate court clerks); the state

population (based on Bureau of the Census revised estimates); and special characteristics regarding subject matter jurisdiction and court structure. Appendix 2 lists the source of each state's 1999 caseload statistics.

Data Collection Procedures

The following outline summarizes the major tasks involved in compiling the 1999 caseload data reported in this volume:

- A. The 1999 state reports were evaluated to note changes in the categories and terminology used for data reporting, changes in the range of available data, and changes in the state's court organization or jurisdiction. This entailed a direct comparison of the 1999 material with the contents of individual states' 1998 annual reports. Project staff used a copy of each state's 1998 trial and appellate court statistical spreadsheets, trial and appellate court jurisdiction guides, and the state court structure chart as worksheets for gathering the 1999 data. Use of the previous year's spreadsheets provides the data collector with a reference point to identify and replicate the logic used in the data collection and ensures consistency over time in the report series. The caseload data were entered onto the 1999 spreadsheets. Caseload terminology is defined by the *State Court Model Statistical Dictionary*, 1989. Prototypes of appellate and trial court statistical spreadsheets can be found in Appendix 3.
- **B.** Caseload numbers were screened for significant changes from the previous year. A record that documents and, where possible, explains such changes is maintained. This process serves as another reliability check by identifying statutory, organizational, or procedural changes that potentially had an effect on the size of the reported court caseload.
- C. The data were then transferred from the handwritten copy to computer databases that are created as Excel spreadsheets. Mathematical formulas are embedded in each spreadsheet to compute the caseload totals. Linked spreadsheets contain the information on the number of judges, court jurisdiction, and state population needed to generate caseload tables for the 1999 report.
- **D.** After the data were entered and checked for entry errors and internal consistency, individual spreadsheets were generated for the appellate and trial courts using Excel software. The spreadsheet relates the total for each model reporting category to the category or categories the state used to report its caseload numbers.
- **E.** Trial and appellate court spreadsheets for all 50 states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico are sent directly to the states' administrative offices of the courts and/or the appellate court clerks' offices for

verification. This step in the data collection process (which began with the 1989 report) provides further assurance of data accuracy and often yields the bonus of additional caseload data or improved information on the content and accuracy of the data.

F. The final databases are stored in SPSS and Excel at the NCSC. The annual CSP databases are also archived with the Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR) at the University of Michigan.

Ongoing Data Collection

Four basic types of data elements are collected by the Court Statistics Project: (1) trial court caseload statistics, (2) trial court jurisdictional/organizational information, (3) appellate court caseload, and (4) appellate court jurisdictional/organizational information.

For trial courts, emphasis is placed on reporting the total number of civil, criminal, juvenile, and traffic/other violation cases according to the model reporting format. Each of these major case types can be reduced to more specific caseload categories. For example, civil cases consist of tort, contract, real property rights, small claims, mental health, estate, and domestic relations cases, as well as trial court civil appeals and appeals of administrative agency cases. In some instances, these case types can be further refined; for example, domestic relations cases can be divided into marriage dissolution, support/custody, interstate support, adoption, paternity, and domestic violence cases.

Currently, only filing and disposition numbers are entered into the database for each case type. Data on pending cases were routinely collected by the project staff until serious comparability problems were identified when compiling the 1984 report. Some courts provide data that include active cases only; others include active and inactive cases. The COSCA Court Statistics Committee recommended that the collection of pending caseload be deferred until a study determines whether and how data can be made comparable across states.

The trial court jurisdictional profile collects an assortment of information relevant to the organization and jurisdiction of each trial court system. Before the use of Excel spreadsheets for reporting statistical data, the main purpose of the profile was to translate the terminology used by the states when reporting statistical information into generic terms recommended by the *State Court Model Statistical Dictionary*. Each court's spreadsheet captures the state's terminology, and the jurisdiction guide format has been streamlined. The jurisdictional profile currently collects information on number of courts, number of judges, methods of counting cases,

availability of jury trials, dollar amount jurisdiction of the court, and time standards for case processing.

There are also statistical spreadsheets and jurisdiction guides for each state appellate court. Two major case types are used on the statistical spreadsheet: mandatory cases that the court must hear on the merits as appeals of right and discretionary petition cases that the court decides whether to accept and then reach a decision on the merits. The statistical spreadsheet also contains the number of petitions granted if it can be determined. Mandatory and discretionary petitions are further differentiated by whether the case is a review of a final trial court judgment or some other matter, such as a request for interlocutory or postconviction relief. When possible, the statistics are classified according to subject matter, chiefly civil, criminal, juvenile, disciplinary, or administrative agency.

The appellate court jurisdiction guide contains information about each court, including number of court locations, number of justices/judges, number of legal support personnel, point at which appeals are counted as cases, procedures used to review discretionary petitions, and use of panels.

Supplementary Data Collection

The Court Statistics Project supplements its ongoing, general data collection efforts by collecting manner of disposition data from the states' general jurisdiction courts. All of the states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico were contacted and asked to supply manner of disposition data to the project. Twenty-eight states provided comprehensive criminal disposition data, and this year civil disposition data were taken from the Civil Trial Court Network Project. Disposition statistics from these courts present a picture of the way cases are disposed in state trial courts nationally. They are useful in comparing court backlogs, case management systems, and the impact of specialized programs such as arbitration and mediation.

Several obstacles hinder the achievement of comprehensive national statistics on manner of disposition for court cases. First, some states do not collect any disposition data. There were 14 such states in 1999. Second, other states define disposition categories differently, so information may not be comparable. For example, many states have a different definition of what a bench trial is and what is considered a hearing before a judge. States with a very high bench trial rate are using a more liberal definition of what constitutes a bench trial. Third, the mix of cases included in disposition totals may vary. For example, some states report contested and uncontested divorce cases together, while others do not. Also, differences in subject matter jurisdiction, court structure, and units for counting cases will affect the use of manner of disposition statistics.

Completeness

States vary in their ability to report comprehensive and complete manner of disposition data. For criminal cases, Maryland reported only trial dispositions; Massachusetts and Rhode Island reported total criminal trials, but did not distinguish between jury and bench trials. Louisiana provided the number of criminal cases disposed by jury trials only.

Comparability

Comparability is possible when states count trials similarly, use similar methods for counting cases, and report information for a similar range of case types. The point at which a state counts a jury trial varies widely. The table below shows the relative use of alternative trial definitions.

The definitional differences for trials explain some of the variation in trial rates. Generally, most states providing data define a trial in a way that inflates the number of cases disposed at trial.

Definitions	Number of states which use definition for criminal	Number of states which us definition for civil		
A) A jury trial is counted when a jury is selected, empaneled, or sworn. A nonjury trial is counted when evidence is first introduced or first witness is sworn.	34	32		
B) A jury trial is counted at introduction or swearing of first witness. A nonjury trial is counted when evidence is first introduced or swearing of first witness.	2	3		
C) A jury trial is counted at verdict or decision.	16	17		

On the criminal side, courts also vary in the point at which they count a case as initially filed. Most states count a criminal case as filed at the information or indictment, although some use the arraignment. Since a number of cases will drop out of the system between these two points (usually by a plea or a dismissal), those courts that use an early count will have a higher rate of nontrial dispositions. Courts also differ in case unit of count. As shown on the opposite page, states differ on whether they count charges, defendants, or indictments.

Definitions for unit of count—Criminal	Number of states
Single Defendant/Single Charge	5
Single Defendant/Single Incident	20
Single Defendant/Single Incident (maximum number of charges)	0
Single Defendant/One or More Incidents	10
Single Defendant/Varies with Prosecutor	6
One or More Defendants/Single Incident	4
One or More Defendants/One or More Incidents	4
One or More Defendants/Varies with Prosecutor	1
Varies with Prosecutor/Varies with Prosecutor	2

Definition of point of count—Criminal	Number of states
At the filing of the Information or Indictment	38
At the filing of the Information or Complaint	5
At the filing of Complaint (Warrant/Accusation)	4
At the Arraignment (First Appearance)	5

Footnotes

Footnotes indicate the degree to which a court's statistics conform to the Court Statistics Project's reporting categories defined in the *State Court Model Statistical Dictionary*. Footnoted caseload statistics are either overinclusive in that they contain case types other than those defined for the term in the *Dictionary* or underinclusive in that some case types defined for the term in the *Dictionary* are not included. It is possible for a caseload statistic to contain inapplicable case types while also omitting those which are applicable, making the total or subtotal simultaneously overinclusive and underinclusive.

The 1999 report uses a simplified system of footnotes. An "A" footnote indicates that the caseload statistic for a statewide court system does not include some of the recommended case types; a "B" footnote indicates that the statistic includes some extraneous case types; a "C" footnote indicates that the data are both incomplete and overinclusive. The text of the footnote explains for each court system how the caseload data differ from the reporting category recommended in the *State Court Model Statistical Dictionary*. Caseload statistics that are not qualified by a footnote conform to the *Dictionary*'s definition.

Case filings and dispositions are also affected by the unit and method of count used by the states, differing subject matter and dollar amount jurisdiction, and different court system structures. Most of these differences are



described in the figures found in this volume and are summarized in the court structure chart for each state. The most important differences are reported in summary form in the main caseload tables.

Variations in Reporting Periods

As indicated in Figure A, most states report data by calendar year, others by fiscal year, and a few appellate courts by court term. Therefore, the 12-month period covered in this report is not the same for all courts.

This report reflects court organization and jurisdiction in 1999. Since 1975, new courts have been created at both the appellate and trial level, additional courts report data to the Court Statistics Project, and courts may have merged and/or changed counting or reporting methods. The dollar amount limits of civil jurisdiction in many trial courts also vary. Care is therefore required when comparing 1999 data to previous years. The trend analysis used in this report offers a model for undertaking such comparisons.

Final Note

Comments, corrections, and suggestions are encouraged and can be sent to:

Director, Court Statistics Project National Center for State Courts 300 Newport Avenue (Zip 23185) P.O. Box 8798 Williamsburg, VA 23187-8798

Phone: (757) 253-2000 Fax: (757) 564-2056

Internet: mcantrell@ncsc.dni.us

Appendix 2: Sources of 1999
State Court Caseload Statistics

Sources of 1999 State Court Caseload Statistics

State	Courts of Last Resort	Intermediate Appellate	General Jurisdiction	Limited Jurisdiction	
Alabama	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the clerks of these courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Director, Administrative Office of the Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Director, Administrative Office of the Courts.	
Alaska	Alaska Court System 1999 Annual Report.	Alaska Court System 1999 Annual Report.	Alaska Court System 1999 Annual Report.	Alaska Court System 1999 Annual Report.	
Arizona	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts.	The Arizona Courts Data Report, 1999.	The Arizona Courts Data Report 1999.	
Arkansas	Statistical Supplement to the 1998-1999 Annual Report of the Arkansas Judiciary.	Statistical Supplement to the 1998-1999 Annual Report of the Arkansas Judiciary.	Statistical Supplement to the 1998-1999 Annual Report of the Arkansas Judiciary.	Statistical Supplement to the 1998-1999 Annual Report of the Arkansas Judiciary.	
California	Data were provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts.	Data were provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts.	Judicial Council of California www.courtinfo.ca.gov	Judicial Council of California www.courtinfo.ca.gov	
Colorado	Colorado Judicial Branch Annual Report FY 1999 Statistical Supplement.	Colorado Judicial Branch Annual Report FY 1999 Statistical Supplement.	Colorado Judicial Branch FY 1999 Annual Report Statistical Supplement www.courts.state.co.us	Colorado Judicial Branch FY 1999 Annual Report Statistical Supplement www.courts.state.co.us	
Connecticut	Unpublished data were provided by the Appellate Court Clerk.	Unpublished data were provided by the Appellate Court Clerk.	Unpublished data were provided by the Office of the Chief Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the Office of the Chief Court Administrator.	
Delaware	1999 Annual Report of the Delaware Judiciary.		1999 Annual Report of the Delaware Judiciary & 1999 Statistical Report.	1999 Annual Report of the Delaware Judiciary & 1999 Statistical Report.	
District of Columbia	District of Columbia Courts Annual Report, 1999. Additional unpubished data were provided by the Office of the Clerk.		District of Columbia Courts Annual Report, 1999. Unpublished data were provided by the Executive Officer.		
Florida	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator and the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator and the Department of Highway Safety, and Motor Vehicles.	
Georgia	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Court of Appeals.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrato	
Hawaii	The Judiciary State of Hawaii: Annual Report July 1, 1998 to June 30, 1999.	The Judiciary State of Hawaii: Annual Report July 1, 1998 to June 30, 1999.	The Judiciary State of Hawaii: Annual Report July 1, 1998 to June 30, 1999 & Statistical Supplement.	The Judiciary State of Hawaii: Annual Report July 1, 1998 to June 30, 1999 & Statistical Supplement.	
Idaho	Unpublished data were provided by the Office of the Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the Office of the Court Administrator.	The Idaho Courts Annual Report Appendix, 1999.	The Idaho Courts Annual Repor Appendix, 1999.	
Illinois	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Director of the Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Director of the Courts.		
Indiana	Unpublished data were provided by the Executive Director, Supreme Court of Indiana.	Unpublished data were provided by the Executive Director, Supreme Court of Indiana and the Tax Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the Executive Director, Supreme Court of Indiana.	Unpublished data were provided by the Executive Director, Supreme Court of Indiana.	

State	Courts of Last Resort	Intermediate Appellate	General Jurisdiction	Limited Jurisdiction
lowa	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerkof the Appellate Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerkof the Appellate Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	
Kansas	Annual Report of the Courts of Kansas: FY 1999.	Annual Report of the Courts of Kansas: FY 1999.	Annual Report of the Courts of Kansas: FY 1999.	Annual Report of the Kansas Municipal Courts: FY 1999.
Kentucky	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Court of Appeals.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Director of Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Director of Courts.
Louisiana	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the Judicial Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the Judicial Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the Judicial Administrator.
Maine	Maine Judicial Branch Data, FY 1999.		Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts.
Maryland	Unpublished data were provided by Office of the Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by Office of the Court Administrator.	Annual Report of the Maryland Judiciary 1998-1999. Unpub- lished data were provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts.	Annual Report of the Maryland Judiciary 1998-1999.
Massachusetts	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Appeals Court.	FY 1999 Annual Report on the State of the Massachusetts Court System.	FY 1999 Annual Report on the State of the Massachusetts Court System.
Michigan	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Court of Appeals.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.
Minnesota	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	
Mississippi	Unpublished data were provided by the Appellate Court Clerk.	Unpublished data were provided by the Appellate Court Clerk.	Unpublished data were provided by the Director, Administrative Office of the Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Director, Administrative Office of the Courts.
Missouri	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Missouri Judicial Report Supplement, FY 1999.	Data were not available.
Montana	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.		1999 Annual Report of the Montana Judiciary.	1999 Annual Report of the Montana Judiciary.
Nebraska	The Courts of Nebraska 1999 Annual Caseload Report. Additional unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	The Courts of Nebraska 1999 Annual Caseload Report.	The Courts of Nebraska 1999 Annual Caseload Report. Additional unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts.	The Courts of Nebraska 1999 Annual Caseload Report. Additional unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts.
Nevada	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.		Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Director of Courts.	Data were not available.
New Hampshire	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.		Unpublished data were provided by the Director, Administrative Office of the Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Director, Admininistrative Office of the Courts.

State	Courts of Last Resort	Intermediate Appellate	General Jurisdiction	Limited Jurisdiction
New Jersey	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Appellate Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the AdministrativeOffice of the Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts.
New Mexico	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Court of Appeals.	New Mexico State Courts, 1999 Annual Report & Statistical Addendum. Unpublished data were provided by the Administra- tive Office of the Courts.	New Mexico State Courts, 1999 Annual Report & Statistical Addendum. Unpublished data were provided by the Administra tive Office of the Courts.
New York	1999 Annual Report of the Clerk of Court, Court of Appeals of the State of New York. Additional unpublished data were provided by the Clerk.	Unpublished data were provided by the clerks of these courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Chief Administrator of Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Chief Administrator of Courts.
North Carolina	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts.
North Dakota	North Dakota Courts Annual Report, 1999. Additional unpublished data were provided by the Clerk.		North Dakota Courts Annual Report, 1999. Unpublished data were provided by the Administra- tive Office of the Courts.	North Dakota Courts Annual Report, 1999. Unpublished data were provided by the Administra- tive Office of the Courts.
Ohio	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Director.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Director.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Director.
Oklahoma	Data were not available.	Data were not available.	Data were not available.	Data were not available.
Oregon	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of Court of Appeals.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator
Pennsylvania	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	Superior Court of Pennsylvania Annual Report, 1999. Additional unpublished data were provided by the clerks of these courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator
Puerto Rico	Unpublished data were provided by the Office of Courts Administration.	Unpublished data were provided by the Office of Courts Administration.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Director of Courts.	
Rhode Island	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.		Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts.
South Carolina	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Court of Appeals.	Unpublished data were provided by the Director, SC Court Administration.	Unpublished data were provided by the Director, SC Court Administration.
South Dakota	SD Courts, The State of the Judiciary, 1999. Additional unpublished data were provided by the Clerk.		SD Courts, The State of the Judiciary and FY 1999 Annual Report of SD Unified Judicial System.	

State	Courts of Last Resort	Intermediate Appellate	General Jurisdiction	Limited Jurisdiction
Tennessee	Annual Report and Statistical Supplement, 1998-1999. Annual Report and Statistical Supplement, 1998-1999. Judiciary, FY 19 Supplement, 1998-1999. Unpublished dat		Annual Report of the Tennessee Judiciary, FY 1998-1999. Unpublished data were provided by the Clerks of Probate Court.	State of Tennessee Council of Juvenile and Family Court Judges 1999 Annual Statistical Report.
Texas	Texas Judicial System Annual Report, FY 1999.	Texas Judicial System Annual Report, FY 1999.	Texas Judicial System Annual Report, FY 1999.	Texas Judicial System Annual Report, FY 1999.
Utah	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Court of Appeals.	Internet: www.courtlink.utcourts.gov	Internet: www.courtlink.utcourts.gov
Vermont	Judicial Statistics, State of Vermont for Year Ending June 30, 1999. Additional unpublished data were provided by the Office of the Court Administrator.		Judicial Statistics, State of Vermont for Year Ending June 30, 1999.	Judicial Statistics, State of Vermont for Year Ending June 30, 1999.
Virginia	Unpublished data were provided by the Office of Court Administration.	Unpublished data were provided by the Office of Court Administration.	Virginia State of the Judiciary Report, 1999.	Virginia State of the Judiciary Report, 1999.
Washington	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the Office of the Administrator for the Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Office of the Administrator for the Courts.
West Virginia	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.		Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts.
Wisconsin	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the Director of State Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Director of State Courts.
Wyoming	Unpublished data were provided by the state Court Coordinator.		Unpublished data were provided by the Court Coordinator.	Unpublished data were provided by the Court Coordinator.

Appendix 3: Prototypes of State Appellate Court and Trial Court Statistical Spreadsheets

Prototype of State Appellate Court Statistical Spreadsheet

State Name, Court Name Court of last resort or intermediate appellate court Number of divisions/departments, number of authorized justices/judges Total population

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
MANDATORY JURISDICTION: Appeals of final judgments: Civil Criminal: Capital criminal Other criminal Total criminal Juvenile Administrative agency Unclassified Total final judgments				
Other mandatory cases: Disciplinary matters Original proceedings Interlocutory decisions Advisory opinions Total other mandatory				
Total mandatory cases				
	Filed	Filed Petitions Granted	Disposed	Filed Petitions Granted Disposed
DISCRETIONARY JURISDICTION: Petitions of final judgment: Civil Criminal Juvenile Administrative agency Unclassified Total final judgments Other discretionary petitions: Disciplinary matters Original proceedings Interlocutory decisions Advisory opinions Total other discretionary				
Total discretionary cases				
GRANDTOTAL				
OTHER PROCEEDINGS: Rehearing/reconsideration requests Motions Other matters				
Number of supplemental judges/justices Number of independent appellate courts at this level				

MANNER OF DISPOSITION

	Opinions					
	Predecision disposition (dismissed/ withdrawn/settled)	Signed opinion	Per curiam opinion	Decision without opinion (memo/order)	_Transferred_	Other
MANDATORY JURISDICTION: Appeals of final judgment Civil Criminal Juvenile Administrative agency Unclassified Other mandatory cases: Disciplinary matters Original proceedings Interlocutory decisions Total mandatory jurisdiction cases						
DISCRETIONARY JURISDICTION: Petitions of final judgments: Civil Criminal Juvenile Administrative agency Unclassified Other discretionary petitions Disciplinary matters Original proceedings Total discretionary cases						
GRANDTOTAL						
	TYPE OF DE	CISION IN MAI	NDATORY CASES	/GRANTED PETITION	S OF FINAL JUDGMEI	NT
	Civil	Criminal	Juvenile	Administrative agency	Other mandatory cases	Total
Opinions: Affirmed Modified Reversed Remanded Mixed Dismissed Other					·	
Total decisions: Affirmed Modified Reversed Remanded Mixed Dismissed Other						
		TYPEOFDE	ECISION IN OTHER	RDISCRETIONARYPE	TITIONS	
Other discretionary petitions: Disciplinary matters Original proceedings Total discretionary jurisdiction cases	<u>Pe</u>	tition granted	Pe	ition denied_	Other	

TIME INTERVAL DATA (MONTH/DAYS)

	Notice of appeal or ready for hearing		orun (sub	Ready for hearing or under advisement (submitted or oral argument completed)			Under advisement (submitted or oral argument completed) to decision			Notice of appeal to decision		
Numbe of cases		Median	Number of cases	Mean	Median	Number of cases	Mean	Median	Number of cases	Mean	Median	

MANDATORY JURISDICTION:

Appeals of final judgment

Civil

Criminal

Juvenile

Administrative agency

Unclassified

Other mandatory cases

Disciplinary matters

Original proceedings

Interlocutory decisions

Total mandatory jurisdiction cases

DISCRETIONARY JURISDICTION:

Petitions of final judgments

Civil

Criminal

Juvenile

Administrative agency

Unclassified

Other discretionary petitions

Disciplinary matters

Original proceedings

Interlocutory decisions

Advisory opinions

Total discretionary jurisdiction cases

GRANDTOTAL

AGE OF PENDING CASELOAD (DAYS)

Not ready for hearing

	Awaiting court reporter's transcript			9			Awaiting respondent's brief			Ready for hearing	Submitted or oral argument completed	
0-60 days	61-120 days	over 120 days	0-60 days	61-120 days	over 120 days	0-60 davs	61-120 days	over 120 days	0-60 davs	61-120 davs	over 120 days	Average age of pending caseload

MANDATORY JURISDICTION:

Appeals of final judgment

. Civil

Criminal

Juvenile

Administrative agency

Unclassified

Other mandatory cases

Disciplinary matters

Original proceedings

Interlocutory decisions

Total mandatory jurisdiction cases

DISCRETIONARY JURISDICTION:

Petitions of final judgments

Civil

Criminal

Juvenile

Administrative agency

Unclassified

Other discretionary petitions

Disciplinary matters

Original proceedings

Interlocutory decisions

Advisory opinions

Total discretionary jurisdiction cases

GRAND TOTAL

Prototype of State Trial Court Statistical Spreadsheet

State Name, Court Name Court of general jurisdiction or court of limited jurisdiction Number of circuits or districts, number of judges Total population

BeginningEndPendingFiledDisposedPending

CIVIL:

Tort:

Auto tort

Product liability

Medical malpractice

Unclassified tort

Miscellaneous tort

Total Tort

Contract

Real property rights

Small claims

Domestic relations:

Marriage dissolution

Support/custody

Interstate support

Adoption

Paternity

Domestic violence

Miscellaneous

Unclassified

Total domestic relations

Estate:

Probate/wills/intestate

Guardianship/conservatorship/trusteeship

Miscellaneous estate

Unclassified estate

Total estate

Mental health

Appeal:

Appeal of administrative agency case

Appeal of trial court case

Total civil appeals

Miscellaneouscivil

Unclassified civil

Total civil

CRIMINAL:

Felony

Misdemeanor

DWI/DUI

Appeal

Miscellaneous criminal

Unclassified criminal

Total Criminal

TRAFFIC/OTHER VIOLATION:

Moving traffic violation

Ordinance violation

Parking violation

Miscellaneoustraffic

Unclassified traffic

Total traffic/other violation

Beginning End Pending Filed Disposed Pending JUVENILE: Criminal-type petition Status offense Child-victim petition Miscellaneous juvenile **Unclassified juvenile** Totaljuvenile GRANDTOTAL Drugcases OTHER PROCEEDINGS: Postconviction remedy **Preliminary hearings** Sentence review only Extraordinary writs Total other proceedings MANNER OF CIVIL DISPOSITIONS Uncontested/ Default Dismissed Withdrawn Settled Transferred Arbitration Total CIVIL: Tort: Auto tort Product liability Medical malpractice Unclassified tort Miscellaneoustort Total Tort Contract Real property rights Small claims Domestic relations: Marriage dissolution Support/custody Interstate support Adoption Paternity Domestic violence Miscellaneous Unclassified Total domestic relations Estate: Probate/wills/intestate Guardianship/conservatorship /trusteeship Miscellaneous estate Unclassified estate **Total estate** Mental health Appeal: $Appeal\,of\,administrative\,agency\,case$ Appeal of trial court case Total civil appeals Miscellaneous civil Unclassified civil Total civil

Appendices • 219

MANNER OF CRIMINAL DISPOSITIONS AND TYPE OF DECISION

	Felony	Misdemeanor	DWI/DUI_	Appeal	Miscellaneous criminal	Total
Jury trial:						
Conviction						
Guilty plea						
Acquittal						
Dismissed						
Nonjury trial:						
Conviction						
Guilty plea						
Acquittal						
Dismissed						
Guilty Plea						
Dismissed/nolle prosequi						
Bailforfeiture						
Bound over						
Transferred						
Other						
Total dispositions						

MANNER OF TRAFFIC/OTHER VIOLATION DISPOSITIONS AND TYPE OF DECISION

	Moving traffic violation	Ordinance violation	Parking violation	Miscellaneous traffic violation	Total
Jury trial:					
Conviction					
Guiltyplea					
Acquittal					
Dismissed					
Nonjury trial:					
Conviction					
Guilty plea					
Acquittal					
Dismissed					

Dismissed/nolle prosequi Bail forfeiture

Parkingfines

Guilty Plea

Transferred

Other

Total dispositions

MANNER OF DISPOSITION: TRIALS

		Trial				Trial	
Ju	ury	Nonjury	Total		Jury	Nonjury	Total
CIVIL:				CRIMINAL:			
Tort:				Felony			
Auto tort				Misdemeanor			
Product liability				DWI/DUI			
Medical malpractice				Appeal			
Unclassified tort				Miscellaneous criminal			
Miscellaneoustort				Unclassified criminal			
Total Tort				Total criminal			
Contract							
Real property rights				TRAFFIC/OTHER VIOLATION:			
Smallclaims				Moving traffic violation			
Domestic relations:				Ordinance violation			
Marriage dissolution				Parkingviolation			
Support/custody				Miscellaneous traffic			
Interstate support				Unclassified traffic			
Adoption				Total traffic/other violation			
Paternity							
Domestic violence				JUVENILE:			
Miscellaneous				Criminal-type petition			
Unclassified				Status offense			
Total domestic relations				Child-victim petition			
Estate:				Miscellaneous juvenile			
Probate/wills/intestate				Unclassifiedjuvenile			
Guardianship/conservatorship				Totaljuvenile			
/trusteeship							
Miscellaneous estate				GRANDTOTAL			
Unclassified estate							
Totalestate							
Mental health							
Appeal:							
Appeal of administrative agency ca:	se						
Appeal of trial court case							
Total civil appeals							
Miscellaneous civil							
Unclassified civil							

Unclassified civil

Total civil

AGE OF PENDING CASELOAD (DAYS)

0-30	31-60	61-90	91-180	181-360	361-720	over 720	Average age
days	days	days	days	days	days	days	of pending cases

CIVIL:

Tort:

Auto tort

Product liability

 $Medical\, mal practice$

Unclassified tort

Miscellaneous tort

Total Tort

Contract

Real property rights

Small claims

Domestic relations:

Marriage dissolution

Support/custody

Interstate support

Adoption

Paternity

Domestic violence

Miscellaneous

Unclassified

Total domestic relations

Estate:

Probate/wills/intestate

Guardianship/conservatorship/trusteeship

Miscellaneous estate

Unclassified estate

Total estate

Mental health

Appeal:

Appeal of administrative agency case

Appeal of trial court case

Total civil appeals

Miscellaneous civil

Unclassified civil

Total civil

AGE OF PENDING CASELOAD (DAYS)

0-30	31-60	61-90	91-180	181-360	361-720	over 720	Average age
days	days	days	days	days	days	days	of pending cases

CRIMINAL:

Felony

Misdemeanor

DWI/DUI

Appeal

Miscellaneous criminal

Unclassified criminal

Total criminal

TRAFFIC/OTHER VIOLATION:

Moving traffic violation

Ordinance violation

Parking violation

Miscellaneous traffic

Unclassified traffic

Total traffic/other violation

JUVENILE:

Criminal-type petition

Statusoffense

Child-victim petition

Miscellaneous juvenile

Unclassified juvenile

Totaljuvenile

GRANDTOTAL

Drugcases

OTHER PROCEEDINGS:

Postconviction remedy

Preliminary hearings

Sentence review only

Extraordinary writs

Total other proceedings

Appendix 4: State Populations

State Populations

Resident Population, 1999

		Population (in thousands)		
	1999	1999	1999	
State or territory	Juvenile	Adult	Total	
Alabama	1,066	3,304	4,370	
Alaska	197	423	620	
Arizona	1,335	3,444	4,778	
Arkansas	660	1,891	2,551	
California	8,923	24,222	33,145	
Colorado	1,065	2,991	4,056	
Connecticut	828	2,454	3,282	
	182	571	753	
Delaware	95	424	733 519	
District of Columbia Florida	3,570	11,541	15,111	
Coordia	2,057	5,731	7,788	
Georgia	289	896	1,185	
Hawaii	351	901	1,165	
ldaho				
Illinois	3,181	8,947	12,128	
Indiana	1,529	4,414	5,943	
lowa	720	2,150	2,870	
Kansas	699	1,955	2,654	
Kentucky	966	2,995	3,961	
Louisiana	1,190	3,182	4,372	
Maine	290	963	1,253	
Maryland	1,309	3,862	5,171	
Massachusetts	1,468	4,707	6,175	
Michigan	2,561	7,303	9,864	
Minnesota	1,272	3,504	4,776	
Mississippi	753	2,016	2,769	
Missouri	1,399	4,069	5,468	
Montana	224	659	883	
Nebraska	444	1,222	1,666	
Nevada	491	1,318	1,809	
New Hampshire	304	897	1,201	
New Jersey	2,003	6,140	8,143	
New Mexico	496	1,244	1,740	
New York	4,441	13,756	18,197	
	1,941	5,710	7,651	
North Carolina North Dakota	160	474	634	
Ohio	2,844	8,413	11.257	
Ohio	882	2,476	3,358	
Oklahoma	827	2,470	3,316	
Oregon				
Pennsylvania	2,853	9,141	11,994	
Puerto Rico	1,132	2,758	3,890	

Resident Population, 1999 (continued)

	Population (in thousands)				
	1999	1999	1999		
State or territory	Juvenile	Adult	Total		
Rhode Island	241	750	991		
South Carolina	956	2,930	3,886		
South Dakota	198	535	733		
Tennessee	1,341	4,143	5,484		
Texas	5,719	14,325	20,044		
Jtah	707	1,423	2,130		
Vermont	139	454	593		
Virginia	1,665	5,208	6,873		
Washington	1,486	4,270	5,756		
West Virginia	404	1,403	1,807		
Wisconsin	1,348	3,902	5,250		
Wyoming	127	353	480		

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2000.

•		TICHA TAK	les, 1990-1	777						
					Population (in	,				
State or territory	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
Alabama	4,041	4,089	4,136	4,187	4,219	4,253	4,273	4,319	4,352	4,370
Alaska	550	570	587	599	606	603	607	609	614	620
Arizona	3,665	3,750	3,832	3,936	4,075	4,218	4,428	4,555	4,668	4,778
Arkansas	2,351	2,372	2,399	2,424	2,453	2,484	2,510	2,523	2,539	2,551
California	29,760	30,380	30,867	31,211	31,431	31,590	31,878	32,268	32,666	33,145
Colorado	3,294	3,377	3,470	3,566	3,656	3,746	3,823	3,893	3,971	4,056
Connecticut	3,287	3,291	3,281	3,277	3,275	3,275	3,274	3,270	3,274	3,282
Delaware	666	680	689	700	707	717	725	732	744	753
District of Columbia	607	598	589	578	570	555	543	529	523	519
Florida	12,938	13,277	13,488	13,679	13,953	14,165	14,400	14,654	14,916	15,111
Georgia	6,478	6,623	6,751	6,917	7,055	7,201	7,353	7,486	7,642	7,788
Hawaii	1,108	1,135	1,160	1,172	1,178	1,187	1,184	1,187	1,193	1,185
ldaho	1,007	1,039	1,067	1,099	1,133	1,163	1,189	1,210	1,229	1,252
Illinois	11,431	11,543	11,631	11,697	11,751	11,830	11,847	11,896	12,045	12,128
ndiana	5,544	5,610	5,622	5,713	5,752	5,803	5,841	5,864	5,899	5,943
lowa	2,777	2,795	2,812	2,814	2,829	2,842	2,852	2,852	2,862	2,870
Kansas	2,478	2,495	2,523	2,531	2,554	2,566	2,572	2,595	2,629	2,654
Kentucky	3,685	3,713	3,755	3,789	3,827	3,861	3,884	3,908	3,936	3,961
_ouisiana	4,220	4,252	4,287	4,295	4,315	4,342	4,351	4,352	4,369	4,372
Maine	1,228	1,235	1,235	1,239	1,241	1,241	1,243	1,242	1,245	1,253
Maryland	4,781	4,860	4,908	4,965	5,006	5,042	5,072	5,094	5,135	5,171
Massachusetts	6,016	5,996	5,988	6,012	6,041	6,074	6,092	6,118	6,147	6,175
Michigan	9,295	9,368	9,437	9,478	9,496	9,549	9,594	9,774	9,818	9,864
/linnesota	4,375	4,432	4,480	4,517	4,567	4,609	4,658	4,686	4,725	4,776
Vississippi	2,573	2,592	2,614	2,643	2,669	2,697	2,716	2,731	2,752	2,769
Missouri	5,117	5,158	5,193	5,234	5,278	5,324	5,359	5,402	5,439	5,468
Montana	799	808	824	839	856	870	879	879	880	883
Vebraska	1,578	1,593	1,606	1,607	1,623	1,637	1,652	1,657	1,663	1,666
Vevada	1,202	1,284	1,327	1,389	1,457	1,531	1,603	1,677	1,747	1,809
New Hampshire	1,109	1,105	1,111	1,125	1,137	1,148	1,162	1,173	1,185	1,201
New Jersey	7,730	7,760	7,789	7,879	7,903	7,946	7,988	8,053	8,115	8,143
New Mexico	1,515	1,548	1,581	1,616	1,653	1,685	1,713	1,730	1,737	1,740
New York	17,990	18,058	18,119	18,197	18,169	18,136	18,185	18,137	18,176	18,197
North Carolina	6,629	6,737	6,843	6,945	7,070	7,195	7,323	7,425	7,547	7,651
North Dakota	639	635	636	635	638	641	645	641	639	634
Ohio	10,847	10,939	11,016	11,091	11,102	11,151	11,173	11,186	11,209	11,257
Oklahoma	3,146	3,175	3,212	3,231	3,258	3,278	3,301	3,317	3,347	3,358
Oregon	2,842	2,922	2,977	3,032	3,086	3,141	3,204	3,243	3,282	3,316
Pennsylvania	11,882	11,961	12,009	12,048	12,053	12,072	12,056	12,020	12,002	11,994
Puerto Rico	3,521	3,522	3,522	3,622	3,686	3,719	3,733	3,806	3,857	3,890
Rhode Island	1,003	1,004	1,005	1,000	997	990	990	987	989	991
South Carolina	3,487	3,560	3,603	3,643	3,664	3,673	3,699	3,760	3,836	3,886
South Dakota	696	703	711	715	721	729	732	738	738	733
Tennessee	4,877	4,953	5,024	5,099	5,175	5,256	5,320	5,368	5,430	5,484
Гехаs	16,987	17,349	17,656	18,031	18,378	18,724	19,128	19,439	19,759	20,044
Jtah	1,723	1,770	1,813	1,860	1,908	1,952	2,000	2,059	2,099	2,130
/ermont	563	567	570	576	581	585	589	589	591	593
/irginia	6,187	6,286	6,377	6,491	6,552	6,619	6,675	6,734	6,792	6,873
Washington	4,867	5,018	5,136	5,255	5,343	5,431	5,533	5,610	5,689	5,756
West Virginia	1,793	1,801	1,812	1,820	1,822	1,828	1,826	1,816	1,811	1,807
Wisconsin	4,892	4,955	5,007	5,038	5,081	5,123	5,160	5,170	5,223	5,250
Nyoming	454	460	466	470	476	480	481	480	481	480
-										

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2000.

State Court Organization 1998

The Bureau of Justice Statistics and the National Center for State Courts announce *State Court Organization, 1998.* Copies are available from the National Criminal Justice Reference Service and also on the Internet at http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/sco98.htm. The newest edition covers most of the topics included in the 1993 edition and several new topics as well. Notable additions are tables on court automation, specialized courts, the administrative authority of presiding trial court judges, and the processing of domestic violence cases. A table of contents appears below:

1. Courts and Judges

- 1 Appellate Courts in the United States
- 2 Number of Appellate Court Justices
- 3 Trial Courts and Trial Court Judges of the United States

2. Judicial Selection and Service

- 4 Selection of Appellate Court Judges
- 5 Terms of Appellate Court Judges
- 6 Qualifications to Serve as an Appellate Court Judge
- 7 Selection and Terms of Trial Court Judges
- 8 Qualifications to Serve as a Trial Court Judge
- 9 Judicial Nominating Commissions
- 10 Provisions for Mandatory Judicial Education
- 11 Judicial Performance Evaluation
- 12 Judicial Discipline: Investigating and Adjudicating Bodies

3. The Judicial Branch: Governance, Funding, and Administration

- 13 Governance of the Judicial Branch
- 14 The Rule Making Authority of Courts of Last Resort by Specific Areas
- 15 Judicial Councils and Conferences: Composition and Function
- 16 Judicial Compensation Commissions
- 17 Preparation and Submission of the Judicial Branch Budget
- 18 Sources of Trial Court Funding and Staffing by Selected Expenditure Items
- 19 Appellate Court Responsibilities and Staffing by Function
- 20 Administrative Office of the Courts: Trial Court Responsibilities and Staffing by Function
- 21 Court Automation

4. Appellate Courts: Jurisdiction, Staffing, and Procedures

- 22 Mandatory and Discretionary Jurisdiction of Appellate Courts
- 23 Structure of Panels Reviewing Discretionary Petitions
- 24 Clerks of Appellate Courts: Numbers and Method of Selection
- 25 Provisions of Law Clerks to Appellate Court Judges
- 26 Expediting Procedures in Appellate Courts

- 27 Special Calendars in Appellate Courts
- 28 Limitations on Oral Argument in Appellate Courts
- 29 Type of Court Hearing Administrative Agency Appeals

5. Trial Courts: Administration, Procedures, Specialized Jurisdiction

- 30 Authority of Administrative Judges
- 31 Trial Court Clerks
- 32 Trial Court Administrators
- 33 Specialized Court Jurisdiction: Drug Courts
- 34 Specialized Court Jurisdiction: Family Courts
- 35 Provisions for Processing Domestic Violence Cases
- 36 Tribal Courts
- 37 Media Coverage of Trial and Appellate Courts
- 38 The Defense of Insanity: Standards and Procedures

6. The Jury

- 39 Trial Juries: Qualifications and Source Lists for Juror Service
- 40 Trial Juries: Exemptions, Excusals, and Fees
- 41 Trial Juries: Who Conducts Voir Dire and the Allocation of Peremptory Challenges
- 42 Trial Juries: Size and Verdict Rules
- 43 Grand Juries: Composition and Functions

7. The Sentencing Context

- 44 Sentencing Statutes: Key Definitions and Provisions for Sentence Enhancement
- 45 Jurisdiction for Adjudication and Sentencing of Felony Cases
- 46 Sentencing Procedures in Capital and Non-Capital Felony Cases
- 47 The Availability of Intermediate Sanctions
- 48 Active Sentencing Commissions/Sentencing Guideline Systems
- 49 Collateral Consequences of a Felony Conviction
- 50 Good Time Accumulation and Parole

8. Court Structure Charts

THE NATIONAL CENTER FOR STATE COURTS



MAIN OFFICE 300 Newport Avenue (23185) P.O. Box 8798 Williamsburg, VA 23187-8798

Phone: 757-253-2000 Fax: 757-220-0449 TTY: 757-259-1846

DENVER OFFICE 1331 Seventeenth Street, Suite 402 Denver, CO 80202-1554

Phone: 303-293-3063 Fax: 303-296-9007

WASHINGTON AREA OFFICE 2425 Wilson Boulevard, Suite 350 Arlington, VA 22201

Phone: 703-841-0200 Fax: 703-841-0206

The National Center for State Courts is an independent, nonprofit, tax-exempt organization in accordance with Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue code. To find out about supporting the work and mission of The National Center, contact The National Center's Development Office at 1-800-616-6110, or development@ncsc.dni.us.